

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.3264, 43.9280, 67.7387)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.3264, 43.9280, 67.7387)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(50.3087, 44.0193,  
67.4730)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CEA3D3
RGB	206, 163, 211
RGB Percent	81%, 64%, 83%
CMY	0.1921, 0.3608, 0.1725
CMYK	0.02, 0.23, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	294°, 35%, 73%
HSV	294°, 23%, 83%
XYZ	50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730
YIQ	181.3290, 10.2200, 24.0440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

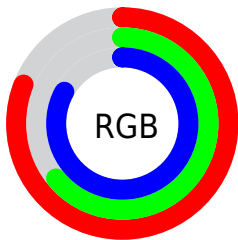
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	206, 163, 211
Decimal	13542355
CIE Lab	72.24, 24.11, -18.37
CIE LCh	72, 30.308, 322.689
Yxy	44.0193, 0.3109, 0.2721
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291732435 (0xFFCEA3D3)
YUV	181.3290, 14.6278, 21.6365
Hunter-Lab	66.3470, 19.2431, -13.8533

# Details

The XYZ color **50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **46.0549, 57.5587, 43.3350**, and the grayscale version is **44.0195, 46.3120, 50.4337**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.3614, 78.6228, 105.3371**, and **24.4477, 20.3485, 34.0916** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.2649, 36.8304, 66.2992**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.9887, 52.4664, 68.8574**.

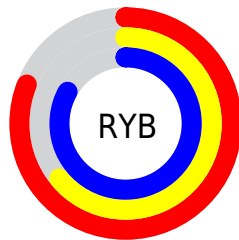
# Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (64%)

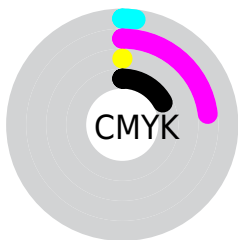
Blue (83%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (83%)

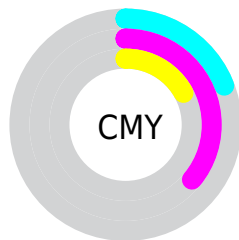


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (36%)


Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 50.3087, 44.0193,  
67.4730


 50.3087, 44.0193,  
67.4730


378.3040,  
362.7870, 470.1738

 35.8775, 30.6857,  
49.0051

 89.8212, 81.2468,  
117.2450

 24.5093, 20.3596,  
34.2579


 115.6332,  
105.9094, 149.3862

 15.8386, 12.6567,  
22.8128


145.9696,  
135.1172, 186.9222

 9.5002, 7.1926,  
14.2514

181.1957,  
169.2546, 230.2716

 5.1285, 3.5828,  
8.1550

221.6768,  
208.7058, 279.8529

 2.3584, 1.4431,  
4.1051

267.7783,

 0.8243, 0.2481,

253.8554, 336.0847

1.6832

319.8656,  
305.0876, 399.3855

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3492

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.3087, 44.0193,  
67.4730

■ 50.3087, 44.0193,  
67.4730

■ 46.2649, 36.8304,  
66.2992

■ 54.9887, 52.4664,  
68.8574

■ 42.8223, 30.8321,  
65.3228

■ 60.3299, 62.2238,  
70.4593

■ 39.9486, 25.9590,  
64.5337

■ 66.3605, 73.3474,  
72.2885

■ 37.6067, 22.1370,  
63.9194

■ 73.1061, 85.8883,  
74.3536

35.7553, 19.2834,  
63.4662

76.1304, 90.9734,  
75.1758

34.3465, 17.3028,  
63.1581

76.7880, 91.3124,  
75.2065

33.3230, 16.0804,  
62.9761

77.4544, 91.6560,  
75.2377

32.7502, 15.5251,  
62.8991

78.1295, 92.0040,  
75.2693

78.8134, 92.3566,  
75.3013

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.8167, 44.0193, 79.5118



50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730



52.5641, 44.0193, 51.6681

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730



43.1248, 44.0193, 24.7624



33.2731, 44.0193, 59.8489

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730



46.0549, 57.5587, 43.3350

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.6821, 44.0193, 44.3758



50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730



38.0985, 44.0193, 26.0617

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730



48.1991, 44.0193, 28.5664



34.3777, 44.0193, 32.5791



36.0646, 44.0193, 74.5120



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730



52.3746, 44.0193, 41.9091



34.3777, 44.0193, 32.5791



32.8205, 44.0193, 54.5006

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.3101, 44.0212, 67.4740



88.9369, 88.7844, 107.0574



40.9775, 40.7190, 67.3284



18.9286, 18.8069, 22.8824



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.3101, 44.0212, 67.4740



74.2913, 62.3262, 102.7223



49.5435, 43.8775, 56.0777



12.1844, 11.9439, 14.9069



19.8158, 9.3957, 37.9616



1.1437, 0.5438, 2.1242



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.0304, 42.8722, 42.8439



68.4920, 60.3057, 58.6704



46.7816, 57.7288, 52.6103



11.8581, 11.8280, 12.5284



16.3178, 8.3999, 1.3136



0.9298, 0.4766, 0.1650



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

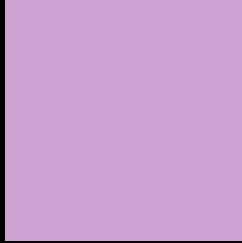
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

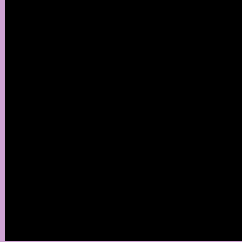
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.3087, 44.0193,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730

### Protanopia

44.3800, 44.4335, 73.9476

### Deuteranopia

45.0426, 44.0743, 66.4548



## Tritanopia

46.7002, 43.8980, 49.7279

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730

## Protanomaly

46.1434, 43.9593, 71.6986

## Deuteranomaly

46.8071, 43.8479, 66.9693

## Tritanomaly

47.7792, 43.7747, 55.8003

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730

## Achromatopsia

43.9204, 46.2077, 50.3202

## Achromatomaly

45.8857, 45.0250, 56.1414

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 163, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 163, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 163, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 163, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 163, 211) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 163, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 163, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 163, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 163, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 163,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.3087, 44.0193, 67.4730 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 163, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
163, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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