

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.3496, 65.9084, 82.8924)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.3496, 65.9084, 82.8924)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(50.3419, 65.9446,  
82.7483)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | 7DE5E3                       |
| RGB         | 125, 229, 227                |
| RGB Percent | 49%, 90%, 89%                |
| CMY         | 0.5098, 0.1019, 0.1098       |
| CMYK        | 0.45, 0.00, 0.01, 0.10       |
| HSL         | 179°, 67%, 69%               |
| HSV         | 179°, 45%, 90%               |
| XYZ         | 50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483    |
| YIQ         | 197.6760, -61.3420, -22.6700 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

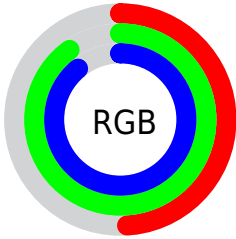
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 125, 178, 229                  |
| Decimal                             | 8250851                        |
| CIELab                              | 84.97, -30.66, -8.43           |
| CIELCh                              | 85, 31.800, 195.374            |
| Yxy                                 | 65.9446, 0.2529,<br>0.3313     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4286440931<br>(0xFF7DE5E3)     |
| YUV                                 | 197.6760, 14.4567,<br>-63.7369 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 81.2063, -31.4542,<br>-3.5715  |

# Details

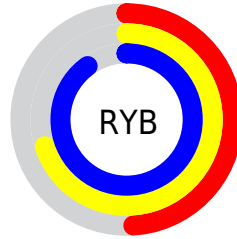
The XYZ color **50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **43.4798, 32.8596, 24.1320**, and the grayscale version is **53.4233, 56.2055, 61.2078**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.3384, 88.8073, 107.8839**, and **24.5043, 33.9557, 44.2923** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.3162, 64.3934, 82.2909**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.1423, 67.8983, 83.2457**.

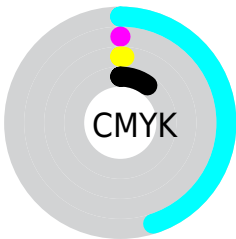
# Distribution



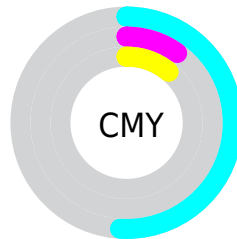
- Red (49%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



50.3419, 65.9446,  
82.7483

50.3419, 65.9446,  
82.7483

378.4314,  
446.1787, 524.0963

35.9040, 48.2274,  
61.4431

89.8700, 113.4068,  
139.0690

24.5299, 34.0070,  
44.1500

115.6910,  
143.9207, 174.9215

15.8540, 22.8990,  
30.4504

146.0371,  
179.4688, 216.4603

9.5111, 14.5189,  
19.9258

181.2737,  
220.4358, 264.1038

5.1358, 8.4825,  
12.1575

221.7660,  
267.2058, 318.2707

2.3627, 4.4052,  
6.7272

267.8795,

0.8265, 1.9027,

320.1634, 379.3793

3.2163

319.9795,  
379.6929, 447.8484

0.0000, 0.5500,  
1.2061

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

50.3419, 65.9446,  
82.7483

50.3419, 65.9446,  
82.7483

47.3162, 64.3934,  
82.2909

54.1423, 67.8983,  
83.2457

45.0057, 63.2093,  
81.8663


58.7600, 70.2718,  
83.7807


43.3517, 62.3636,  
81.4732

64.2418, 73.0906,  
84.3570


42.2836, 61.8200,  
81.1084

70.6288, 76.3762,  
84.9764


 41.7148, 61.5337,  
80.7678

 77.9599, 80.1484,  
85.6408

 41.5557, 61.4548,  
80.6166

 83.4937, 82.9940,  
86.2220

 83.5556, 83.0188,  
86.5479

 83.6176, 83.0436,  
86.8746

 83.6798, 83.0685,  
87.2021

# Harmonies

## Analogous

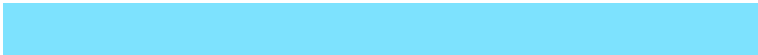
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.3018, 65.9446, 62.3179



50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483



53.5136, 65.9446, 103.6065

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483



72.9743, 65.9446, 103.1429



66.2121, 65.9446, 40.0616

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483



43.4798, 32.8596, 24.1320

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.8339, 65.9446, 47.2804



50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483



76.9348, 65.9446, 82.2036

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483



66.3921, 65.9446, 116.8187



76.8816, 65.9446, 61.8671



59.1058, 65.9446, 40.1518

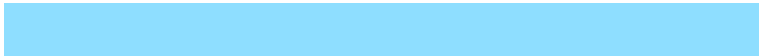


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483



57.1258, 65.9446, 113.8416



76.8816, 65.9446, 61.8671



68.5796, 65.9446, 41.6433

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.3439, 65.9472, 82.7498



83.0033, 93.8025, 107.7596



40.6955, 62.1473, 29.2544



17.4134, 19.8961, 23.0295



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.3439, 65.9472, 82.7498



60.7626, 82.3731, 105.0828



39.0180, 42.8507, 80.3460



14.7949, 16.3314, 18.4504



23.7642, 35.1378, 46.1199



1.7599, 2.5981, 3.4284



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.4798, 32.8596, 24.1320



51.0235, 35.4075, 21.8988



51.0632, 48.2332, 26.0223



14.3882, 14.3725, 14.9787



18.4939, 9.5318, 0.9638



1.3706, 0.7060, 0.0922



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

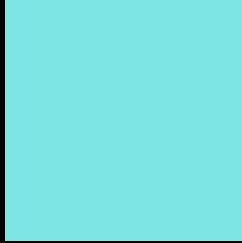
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.3419, 65.9446,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483

### Protanopia

62.8818, 65.1972, 74.2358

### Deuteranopia

66.5210, 65.0184, 85.3877



## Tritanopia

52.8837, 65.7311, 96.2863

# Trichromacy



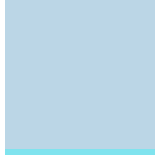
## Original Color

50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483



## Protanomaly

56.7872, 64.6168, 77.1894



## Deuteranomaly

58.8230, 64.3711, 84.1875



## Tritanomaly

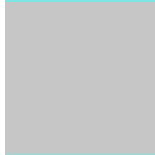
51.8038, 65.7004, 90.8400

# Monochromacy



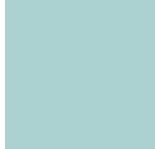
## Original Color

50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483



## Achromatopsia

53.6758, 56.4712, 61.4971



## Achromatomaly

51.1037, 58.8623, 68.9897

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 229, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 229, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 229, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 229, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 229, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 229, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 229, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 229, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 229, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 229,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.3419, 65.9446, 82.7483 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 229, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
229, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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