

Converting Colors

XYZ(50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(50.3604, 51.2847,
69.5320)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBBCD4
RGB	187, 188, 212
RGB Percent	73%, 74%, 83%
CMY	0.2667, 0.2627, 0.1686
CMYK	0.12, 0.11, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	238°, 23%, 78%
HSV	238°, 12%, 83%
XYZ	50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320
YIQ	190.4370, -8.3000, 7.2520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

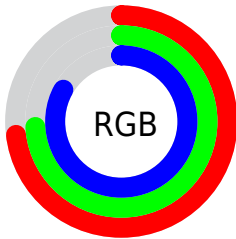
Format	Color
RYB	187, 188, 212
Decimal	12303572
CIELab	76.85, 4.37, -12.14
CIELCh	77, 12.904, 289.815
Yxy	51.2847, 0.2942, 0.2996
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290493652 (0xFFBBBCD4)
YUV	190.4370, 10.6306, -3.0142
Hunter-Lab	71.6133, 0.2026, -7.4375

Details

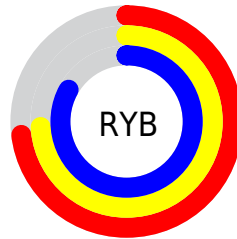
The XYZ color **50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **59.4155, 64.1731, 56.2699**, and the grayscale version is **49.1408, 51.6999, 56.3012**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.3628, 90.9761, 107.5634**, and **24.5813, 24.8306, 35.3955** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.5071, 40.7169, 67.9596**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.5954, 63.4775, 71.3468**.

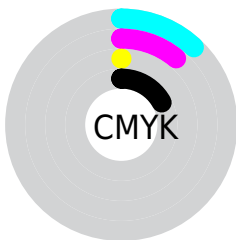
Distribution



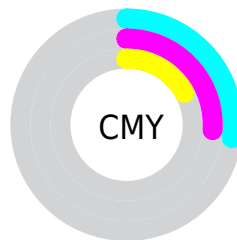
- Red (73%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.3604, 51.2847,
69.5320

■ 50.3604, 51.2847,
69.5320

378.5024,
391.6689, 477.6497

■ 35.9188, 36.4352,
50.6706

■ 89.8973, 92.0755,
120.2160

■ 24.5413, 24.7705,
35.5717

115.7233,
118.7856, 152.8756

■ 15.8626, 15.9062,
23.8165

146.0748,
150.2180, 190.9719

■ 9.5172, 9.4578,
14.9866

181.3171,
186.7571, 234.9231

■ 5.1398, 5.0410,
8.6635

221.8157,
228.7874, 285.1480

■ 2.3651, 2.2713,
4.4285

267.9359,

■ 0.8277, 0.7585,

276.6932, 342.0651

1.8633

320.0430,
330.8589, 406.0928

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.4692

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 50.3604, 51.2847,
69.5320

■ 50.3604, 51.2847,
69.5320

■ 41.5071, 40.7169,
67.9596

■ 60.5954, 63.4775,
71.3468

■ 33.9719, 31.6993,
66.6162

■ 72.2630, 77.3529,
73.4101

■ 27.6932, 24.1611,
65.4921

■ 85.4168, 92.9740,
75.7320

■ 22.6027, 18.0231,
64.5757

■ 88.8838, 97.5335,
76.4293

■ 18.6254, 13.1992,
63.8542

■ 15.6779, 9.5932,
63.3135

■ 13.6652, 7.0965,
62.9377

■ 12.4742, 5.5804,
62.7078

■ 11.9761, 4.9381,
62.6101

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.9156, 51.2847, 70.2133



50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320



52.4361, 51.2847, 65.0146

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320



51.8507, 51.2847, 46.1464



44.2496, 51.2847, 53.4864

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320



59.4155, 64.1731, 56.2699

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.2305, 51.2847, 47.5724



50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320



49.5831, 51.2847, 43.5762

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320



53.3163, 51.2847, 51.3868



47.1637, 51.2847, 44.0754



44.4419, 51.2847, 60.5439

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320



53.3053, 51.2847, 60.6305



47.1637, 51.2847, 44.0754



44.4517, 51.2847, 51.3093

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.3619, 51.2868, 69.5331



88.3521, 92.0279, 107.7142



55.7645, 62.3433, 70.5590



18.6499, 19.3868, 23.0090



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.3619, 51.2868, 69.5331



73.1394, 73.8979, 105.0166



53.0096, 52.3350, 69.5959



11.7821, 12.0877, 15.6497



7.4108, 3.0833, 38.6577



0.4614, 0.2147, 2.3364

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.0000, 53.1697, 54.9961



79.6652, 77.2859, 78.9381



56.5343, 63.0586, 56.2066



12.4432, 12.4288, 13.0083



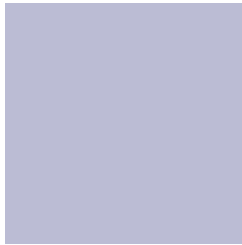
16.7995, 8.6561, 0.9821



1.0205, 0.5250, 0.0975

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

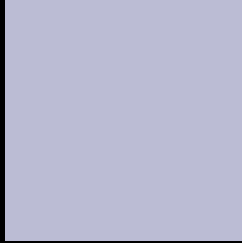
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

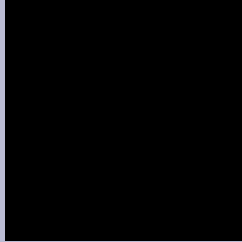
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.3604, 51.2847,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320

Protanopia

50.1166, 51.1590, 69.5206

Deuteranopia

52.3852, 51.3723, 70.1056



Tritanopia

49.3464, 51.1939, 64.4073

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320

Protanomaly

50.1166, 51.1590, 69.5206

Deuteranomaly

51.5615, 51.2594, 70.1273

Tritanomaly

49.7098, 51.3393, 66.3210

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320

Achromatopsia

48.9429, 51.4918, 56.0745

Achromatomaly

49.3769, 51.2912, 60.7238

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 188, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 188, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 188, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 188, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 188, 212) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 188, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 188, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 188, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 188, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 188,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.3604, 51.2847, 69.5320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 188, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
188, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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