

Converting Colors

XYZ(50.4127, 44.6902,
100.5768)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768)
contains.

XYZ(50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(50.4127, 44.6902,
100.5768)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2A8FF
RGB	178, 168, 255
RGB Percent	70%, 66%, 100%
CMY	0.3019, 0.3412, 0.0000
CMYK	0.30, 0.34, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	247°, 100%, 83%
HSV	247°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768
YIQ	180.9080, -21.9670, 29.1770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

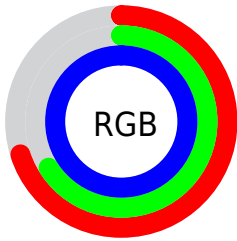
Format	Color
RYB	178, 168, 255
Decimal	11708671
CIELab	72.69, 22.46, -41.87
CIELCh	73, 47.514, 298.212
Yxy	44.6902, 0.2576, 0.2284
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289898751 (0xFFB2A8FF)
YUV	180.9080, 36.5274, -2.5503
Hunter-Lab	66.8507, 17.6196, -42.4062

Details

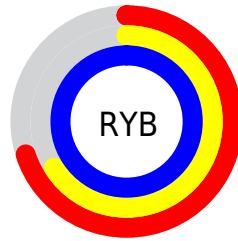
The XYZ color **50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **80.4843, 93.7597, 50.9029**, and the grayscale version is **43.6900, 45.9652, 50.0562**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.6986, 77.6575, 105.4493**, and **24.6068, 20.7790, 56.1399** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.3992, 33.7278, 98.9359**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.2040, 57.9411, 102.5657**.

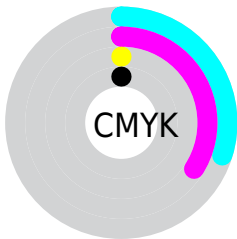
Distribution



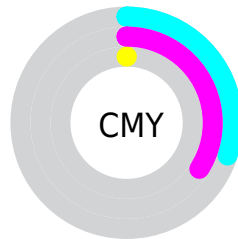
- Red (70%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.4127, 44.6902,
100.5768

■ 50.4127, 44.6902,
100.5768

378.7030,
365.5174, 583.3028

■ 35.9606, 31.2135,
76.1628

■ 89.9742, 82.2553,
164.0084

■ 24.5737, 20.7615,
56.0585

■ 115.8143,
107.1125, 203.8630

■ 15.8868, 12.9498,
39.8455

146.1811,
136.5320, 249.7016

■ 9.5344, 7.3940,
27.1053

181.4400,
170.8982, 301.9427

■ 5.1512, 3.7097,
17.4192

221.9562,
210.5954, 361.0049

■ 2.3719, 1.5125,
10.3687

268.0953,

■ 0.8311, 0.2975,

256.0081, 427.3066

5.5353

320.2224,
307.5206, 501.2664

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.5005

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8404

■ 50.4127, 44.6902,
100.5768

■ 50.4127, 44.6902,
100.5768

■ 41.3992, 33.7278,
98.9359

■ 61.2040, 57.9411,
102.5657

■ 34.0634, 24.9190,
97.6222

■ 73.8573, 73.5951,
104.9203

■ 28.3017, 18.1226,
96.6141

■ 88.4567, 91.7651,
107.6580

■ 23.9972, 13.1783,
95.8866

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 21.0164, 9.9010,
95.4111

■ 19.2000, 8.0665,
95.1528

■ 18.5656, 7.4858,
95.0741

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.9843, 44.6902, 109.5382



50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768



57.4121, 44.6902, 76.6803

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768



51.3785, 44.6902, 19.3904



28.5310, 44.6902, 47.2581

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768



80.4843, 93.7597, 50.9029

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.3860, 44.6902, 28.4626



50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768



42.9729, 44.6902, 15.9448

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768



58.0184, 44.6902, 30.2122



35.4206, 44.6902, 18.6339



29.9924, 44.6902, 73.4077

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768



59.9444, 44.6902, 58.5279



35.4206, 44.6902, 18.6339



28.7820, 44.6902, 39.9688

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.4141, 44.6919, 100.5770



79.6267, 80.7638, 105.9999



67.2463, 81.6396, 106.8215



16.6138, 16.7525, 22.6079



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.4141, 44.6919, 100.5770



44.0238, 36.9071, 99.4112



61.6294, 50.4736, 101.1019



17.1969, 17.4777, 22.7171



9.7620, 3.9430, 49.6811



1.0100, 0.4146, 4.8401

Inverse Universe

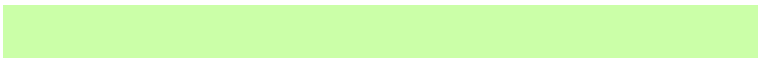
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.7247, 55.8590, 93.3877



68.3933, 49.6866, 90.7656



67.4029, 87.0160, 50.2907



18.6974, 18.2623, 22.2898



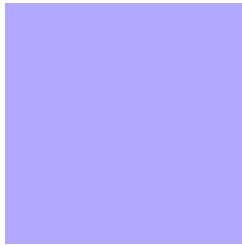
28.7352, 13.9834, 38.8518



2.8223, 1.3713, 3.9117

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

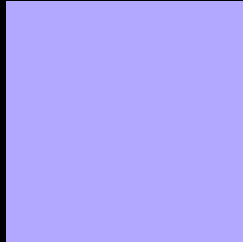
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.4127, 44.6902,

100.5768.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768

Protanopia

46.7122, 45.0430, 100.8399

Deuteranopia

45.8326, 44.6265, 99.1267



Tritanopia

41.7847, 44.6445, 57.4539

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768

Protanomaly

47.8939, 44.7885, 100.7285

Deuteranomaly

47.3302, 44.5165, 99.8639

Tritanomaly

44.4976, 44.5546, 71.2204

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768

Achromatopsia

43.9204, 46.2077, 50.3202

Achromatomaly

45.7329, 45.3080, 66.0095

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 168, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 168, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 168, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 168, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 168, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 168, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 168, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 168, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 168, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 168,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.4127, 44.6902, 100.5768 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 168, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
168, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor