

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.5551, 51.2742, 59.7354)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.5551, 51.2742, 59.7354)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(50.4991, 51.2619,  
59.4575)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C4BBC4
RGB	196, 187, 196
RGB Percent	77%, 73%, 77%
CMY	0.2314, 0.2666, 0.2314
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	300°, 7%, 75%
HSV	300°, 5%, 77%
XYZ	50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575
YIQ	190.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

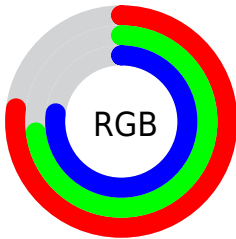
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	196, 187, 196
Decimal	12893124
CIE Lab	76.84, 4.80, -3.41
CIE LCh	77, 5.891, 324.649
Yxy	51.2619, 0.3132, 0.3180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291083204 (0xFFC4BBC4)
YUV	190.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332
Hunter-Lab	71.5974, 0.6042, 0.8813

# Details

The XYZ color **50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **49.2050, 53.6340, 54.7754**, and the grayscale version is **49.3430, 51.9127, 56.5329**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.2882, 92.0757, 105.9422**, and **24.5629, 24.7540, 29.0746** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.6222, 43.5074, 58.1656**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.9465, 60.1559, 60.9408**.

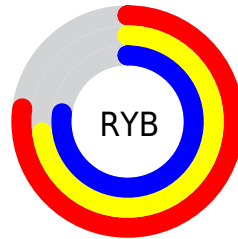
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (73%)

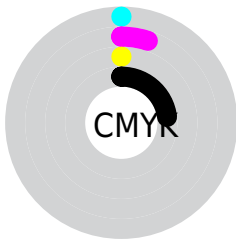
Blue (77%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (77%)

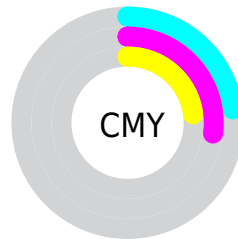


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 50.4991, 51.2619,  
59.4575

■ 50.4991, 51.2619,  
59.4575

379.0343,  
391.5805, 440.3442

■ 36.0295, 36.4171,  
42.5591

■ 90.1013, 92.0418,  
105.5780

■ 24.6272, 24.7565,  
29.2105

115.9647,  
118.7456, 135.6371

■ 15.9268, 15.8957,  
18.9932

146.3568,  
150.1713, 170.9202

■ 9.5629, 9.4504,  
11.4886

181.6428,  
186.7032, 211.8458

■ 5.1701, 5.0361,  
6.2782

222.1883,  
228.7256, 258.8324

■ 2.3832, 2.2685,  
2.9434

268.3584,

■ 0.8367, 0.7569,

276.6231, 312.2987

1.0658

320.5187,  
330.7799, 372.6631

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.4991, 51.2619,  
59.4575

■ 50.4991, 51.2619,  
59.4575

■ 46.6222, 43.5074,  
58.1656

■ 54.9465, 60.1559,  
60.9408

■ 43.2884, 36.8399,  
57.0540

■ 59.9815, 70.2258,  
62.6194

■ 40.4750, 31.2131,  
56.1160

■ 65.6259, 81.5146,  
64.5012

■ 38.1556, 26.5744,  
55.3426

■ 68.4895, 87.2416,  
65.4559

■ 36.3017, 22.8668,  
54.7244

■ 68.4895, 87.2416,  
65.4562

34.8820, 20.0275,  
54.2509

68.4896, 87.2417,  
65.4565

33.8611, 17.9858,  
53.9104

68.4897, 87.2417,  
65.4568

33.1983, 16.6602,  
53.6892

68.4897, 87.2417,  
65.4570

32.8440, 15.9517,  
53.5708

68.4898, 87.2417,  
65.4573

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.6258, 51.2619, 61.6059



50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575



50.8969, 51.2619, 56.3922

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575



48.9238, 51.2619, 49.9019



46.7932, 51.2619, 58.4253

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575



49.2050, 53.6340, 54.7754

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.6117, 51.2619, 55.2428



50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575



47.8310, 51.2619, 50.3997

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575



49.9785, 51.2619, 50.9385



46.9888, 51.2619, 52.3253



47.4885, 51.2619, 60.9942



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575



50.8345, 51.2619, 54.2715



46.9888, 51.2619, 52.3253



46.6706, 51.2619, 57.3885

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5006, 51.2641, 59.4586



94.2419, 98.3838, 108.6306



48.2299, 50.0935, 59.3525



20.1802, 21.0752, 23.2543



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5006, 51.2641, 59.4586



90.3618, 90.6237, 107.3370



49.9961, 51.0623, 56.8019



10.7382, 10.7292, 12.7898



21.0294, 10.1015, 34.3963



0.9086, 0.4365, 1.4862



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.5006, 51.2641, 59.4586



90.3618, 90.6237, 107.3370



49.6943, 53.8297, 57.3519



10.7382, 10.7292, 12.7898



21.0294, 10.1015, 34.3963

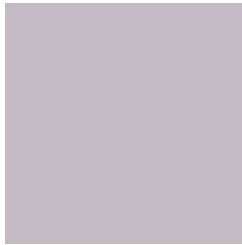


0.9086, 0.4365, 1.4862



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

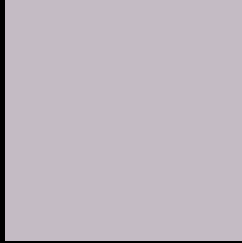
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

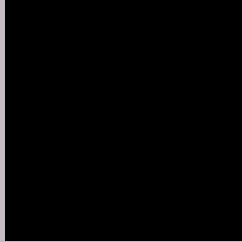
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.4991, 51.2619,

59.4575.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575

### Protanopia

49.7615, 51.5028, 60.1416

### Deuteranopia

52.3954, 51.2913, 59.9620



## Tritanopia

51.1275, 51.2052, 62.4472

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575

## Protanomaly

50.0536, 51.3351, 60.0939

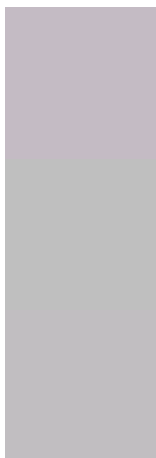
## Deuteranomaly

51.7841, 51.2857, 59.9931

## Tritanomaly

50.8937, 51.1116, 61.2160

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575

## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

## Achromatomaly

50.0314, 52.0146, 57.8550

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(196, 187, 196) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 187, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 187, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 187, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

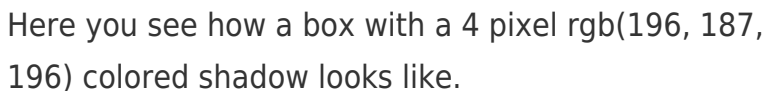
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 187, 196) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 187, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 187, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 187, 196); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 187, 196); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 187, 196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.4991, 51.2619, 59.4575 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 187, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
187, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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