

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.6264, 39.7867, 5.8187)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.6264, 39.7867, 5.8187)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(50.6273, 39.7871,  
5.8219)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8B17
RGB	255, 139, 23
RGB Percent	100%, 55%, 9%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4549, 0.9098
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.91, 0.00
HSL	30°, 100%, 55%
HSV	30°, 91%, 100%
XYZ	50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219
YIQ	160.4600, 106.3720, -11.4840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

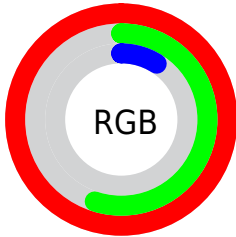
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 255, 23
Decimal	16747287
CIE Lab	69.32, 37.56, 71.75
CIE LCh	69, 80.989, 62.370
Yxy	39.7871, 0.5261, 0.4134
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294937367 (0xFFFF8B17)
YUV	160.4600, -67.7678, 82.9116
Hunter-Lab	63.0770, 32.8841, 38.6815

# Details

The XYZ color **50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9933**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **27.6355, 25.8665, 98.1433**, and the grayscale version is **33.8967, 35.6620, 38.8359**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.1320, 60.4837, 16.7873**, and **24.8941, 17.8928, 2.1416** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.8946, 36.5695, 4.4816**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.9726, 43.8552, 8.5242**.

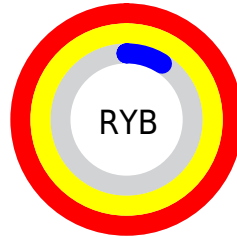
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (55%)

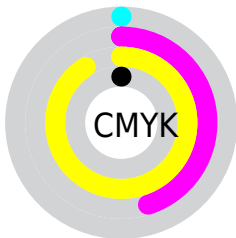
Blue (9%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (9%)

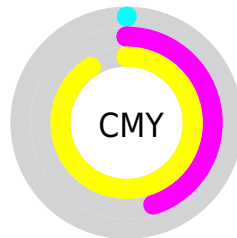


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)


Yellow (91%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 50.6273, 39.7871,  
5.8219


 50.6273, 39.7871,  
5.8219


379.5256,  
345.2254, 166.7215

 36.1319, 27.3726,  
2.6701


 90.2899, 74.8392,  
18.0313


 24.7067, 17.8532,  
0.9283


 116.1878, 98.2456,  
27.9260

 15.9862, 10.8447,  
0.0000

 146.6173,  
126.0847, 40.9054

 9.6052, 5.9625,  
0.0000

 181.9437,  
158.7410, 57.3880

 5.1982, 2.8223,  
0.0000

 222.5324,  
196.5988, 77.7923

 2.4000, 1.0397,  
0.0000

 268.7487,

 0.8451, 0.0000,

240.0426, 102.5370

0.0000

320.9580,  
289.4566, 132.0406

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.6273, 39.7871,  
5.8219

■ 50.6273, 39.7871,  
5.8219

■ 48.8946, 36.5695,  
4.4816

■ 52.9726, 43.8552,  
8.5242

■ 55.8422, 48.4869,  
12.8952

■ 59.2888, 53.7159,  
19.1748

■ 63.3563, 59.5699,  
27.5627

■ 68.0835, 66.0742,  
38.2331

73.5057, 73.2526,  
51.3419

79.6550, 81.1270,  
67.0311

86.5616, 89.7184,  
85.4317

94.2537, 99.0465,  
106.6657

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.0875, 39.7871, 15.1952



50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219



36.7928, 39.7871, 3.9450

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219



17.9431, 39.7871, 46.3476



52.8319, 39.7871, 136.2174

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219



27.6355, 25.8665, 98.1433

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.8589, 39.7871, 161.3549



50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219



20.3958, 39.7871, 94.0317

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219



19.7190, 39.7871, 17.8888



27.3725, 39.7871, 142.6662



64.5517, 39.7871, 85.7005



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219



29.0825, 39.7871, 5.1236



27.3725, 39.7871, 142.6662



48.1444, 39.7871, 148.8988

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.6282, 39.7892, 5.8226



75.8637, 76.3012, 57.2672



46.2066, 23.7370, 26.5734



15.8033, 15.7702, 11.1637



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.6282, 39.7892, 5.8226



48.8949, 36.5698, 4.4816



77.1542, 92.8412, 14.6646



18.7598, 19.4878, 18.9171



25.6979, 19.4071, 2.3915



2.6113, 2.1080, 0.2693



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.6355, 25.8665, 98.1433



25.7033, 22.5267, 97.6011



18.7099, 8.0152, 95.1680



17.7534, 18.8784, 22.9581



13.5798, 12.0693, 51.0484



1.4314, 1.3935, 5.0068



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.6273, 39.7871,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219

### Protanopia

36.1213, 39.9301, 7.1700

### Deuteranopia

40.7692, 39.9368, 5.5598



## Tritanopia

54.2990, 39.6856, 29.9975

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219

## Protanomaly

40.3515, 39.1811, 6.5984

## Deuteranomaly

44.0682, 39.6230, 5.5551

## Tritanomaly

52.1086, 39.4698, 16.4273

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219

## Achromatopsia

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

## Achromatomaly

36.5484, 35.1844, 19.6168

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 139, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 139, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 139, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 139, 23) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 139, 23) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 139, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 139, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 139, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 139, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 139,  
23) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.6273, 39.7871, 5.8219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 139, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
139, 23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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