

Converting Colors

XYZ(50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(50.6852, 59.8338,
65.3776)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9D4CB
RGB	169, 212, 203
RGB Percent	66%, 83%, 80%
CMY	0.3372, 0.1686, 0.2039
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.04, 0.17
HSL	167°, 33%, 75%
HSV	167°, 20%, 83%
XYZ	50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776
YIQ	198.1170, -22.7390, -11.9150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

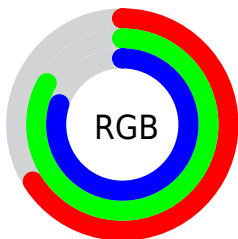
Format	Color
RYB	169, 193, 212
Decimal	11130059
CIELab	81.75, -15.86, -0.20
CIELCh	82, 15.865, 180.712
Yxy	59.8338, 0.2882, 0.3402
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289320139 (0xFFA9D4CB)
YUV	198.1170, 2.4073, -25.5356
Hunter-Lab	77.3523, -18.4042, 4.0351

Details

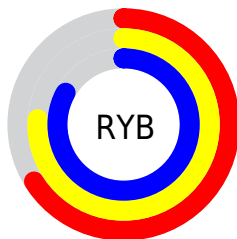
The XYZ color **50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **49.3774, 45.5890, 48.3192**, and the grayscale version is **53.7448, 56.5437, 61.5760**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.8613, 94.7476, 108.4232**, and **24.6842, 29.9969, 32.9227** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.9796, 57.4698, 62.4366**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.1468, 62.5890, 68.4355**.

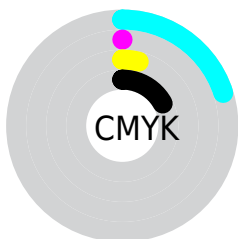
Distribution



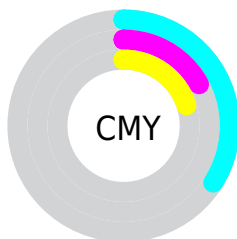
- Red (66%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (17%)





- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50.6852, 59.8338,
65.3776


 50.6852, 59.8338,
65.3776


379.7473,
423.9849, 462.4910


 36.1782, 43.2847,
47.3140


 90.3750, 104.5885,
114.2110


 24.7426, 30.1085,
32.9279


 116.2886,
133.5629, 145.8180

 16.0131, 19.9210,
21.8005


 146.7349,
167.4479, 182.7765

 9.6243, 12.3376,
13.5135

 182.0795,
206.6278, 225.5050

 5.2109, 6.9741,
7.6482

 222.6877,
251.4871, 274.4222

 2.4076, 3.4459,
3.7862

268.9248,

 0.8489, 1.3687,

302.4101, 329.9466

1.5088

321.1563,
359.7812, 392.4967

■ 0.0000, 0.1935,
0.2245

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 50.6852, 59.8338,
65.3776

■ 50.6852, 59.8338,
65.3776

■ 45.9796, 57.4698,
62.4366

■ 56.1468, 62.5890,
68.4355

■ 41.9893, 55.4713,
59.6063

■ 62.3925, 65.7450,
71.6086

■ 38.6775, 53.8207,
56.8855

■ 69.4552, 69.3204,
74.9003

■ 36.0018, 52.4965,
54.2715

■ 77.3645, 73.3304,
78.3125

■ 33.9154, 51.4743,
51.7615

■ 78.4016, 73.7960,
81.4847

■ 32.3645, 50.7265,
49.3523

■ 79.0159, 74.0417,
84.7194

■ 31.2853, 50.2202,
47.0402

■ 79.6460, 74.2937,
88.0376

■ 30.5771, 49.9021,
44.8808

■ 80.2921, 74.5522,
91.4399

■ 80.9543, 74.8170,
94.9270

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.4491, 59.8338, 56.5561



50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776



51.5238, 59.8338, 75.0045

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776



60.2148, 59.8338, 82.2821



60.0713, 59.8338, 50.3834

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776



49.3774, 45.5890, 48.3192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.5743, 59.8338, 56.1967



50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776



62.6594, 59.8338, 74.5706

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776



56.9501, 59.8338, 85.3324



63.5390, 59.8338, 64.9206



56.7905, 59.8338, 48.4288

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776



52.8984, 59.8338, 80.4517



63.5390, 59.8338, 64.9206



61.0361, 59.8338, 51.9210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.6869, 59.8363, 65.3789



89.1319, 97.0082, 105.9534



49.1397, 59.4566, 46.4235



18.9458, 20.6970, 22.6106



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



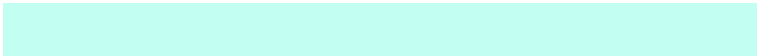
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.6869, 59.8363, 65.3789



74.0120, 89.3850, 97.5042



48.8596, 54.4144, 70.2181



12.6756, 14.0613, 15.3723



18.9135, 30.8207, 27.9039



1.1694, 1.8704, 1.8336

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.3774, 45.5890, 48.3192



71.7025, 64.2407, 67.4041



50.8760, 49.9859, 44.5040



12.5286, 12.4629, 13.4577



17.0768, 8.7671, 2.4428



1.0607, 0.5411, 0.3091

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

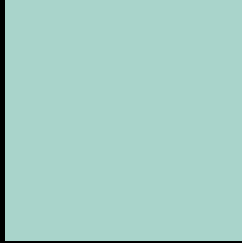
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

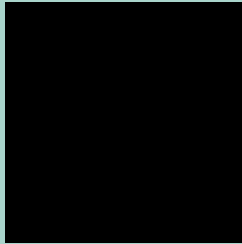
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

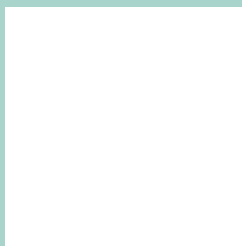
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.6852, 59.8338,

65.3776.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776

Protanopia

56.9307, 59.5377, 61.3147

Deuteranopia

60.6993, 59.3082, 66.6410



Tritanopia

53.6247, 59.9214, 79.9738

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776

Protanomaly

54.3724, 59.6036, 62.6717

Deuteranomaly

56.4971, 59.2054, 66.2077

Tritanomaly

52.5842, 59.8736, 74.4309

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776

Achromatopsia

53.6758, 56.4712, 61.4971

Achromatomaly

52.2748, 57.4468, 62.9767

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 212, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 212, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 212, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 212, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 212, 203) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 212, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 212, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 212, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 212, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 212,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.6852, 59.8338, 65.3776 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 212, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
212, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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