

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.6975, 84.6587, 34.0358)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.6975, 84.6587, 34.0358)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(46.7265, 76.7234,  
32.7684)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73FF80
RGB	115, 255, 128
RGB Percent	45%, 100%, 50%
CMY	0.5490, 0.0000, 0.4980
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 0.50, 0.00
HSL	126°, 100%, 73%
HSV	126°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684
YIQ	198.6620, -42.6730, -69.1770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

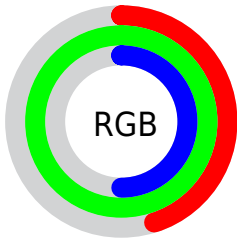
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">115, 243, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7602048</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">90.19, -63.11, 49.07</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">90, 79.943, 142.138</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">76.7234, 0.2991, 0.4911</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285792128 (0xFF73FF80)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">198.6620, -34.8364, -73.3716</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">87.5919, -58.0638, 39.1338</a>

# Details

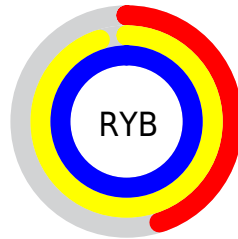
The XYZ color **46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **63.3974, 39.9323, 88.3686**, and the grayscale version is **54.3041, 57.1322, 62.2169**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.2117, 84.1690, 57.7671**, and **22.2750, 40.9760, 13.3918** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.4713, 74.6860, 25.5074**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.2567, 79.3778, 41.9029**.

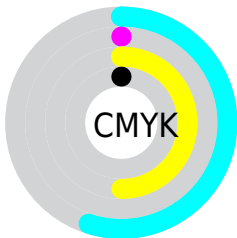
# Distribution



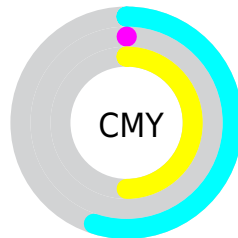
- Red (45%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.7265, 76.7234,  
32.7684


 46.7265, 76.7234,  
32.7684


364.3889,  
483.8204, 329.2048


 33.0265, 57.0259,  
21.6794


 84.5265, 128.7490,  
65.1256

 22.3061, 41.0260,  
13.4255


 109.3572,  
161.8458, 87.2309

 14.1999, 28.3394,  
7.5880


 138.6288,  
200.1779, 113.8454

 8.3424, 18.5817,  
3.7485

172.7068,  
244.1295, 145.3877

 4.3685, 11.3684,  
1.4884

211.9564,  
294.0853, 182.2762

 1.9126, 6.3152,  
0.2093

256.7431,

 0.5842, 3.0377,

350.4294, 224.9295

0.0000

307.4322,  
413.5463, 273.7662

0.0000, 1.1514,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0215,  
0.0000

46.7265, 76.7234,  
32.7684

46.7265, 76.7234,  
32.7684

42.4713, 74.6860,  
25.5074

52.2567, 79.3778,  
41.9029

39.3875, 73.2153,  
19.9869


59.1521, 82.6935,  
53.0247


37.3572, 72.2534,  
16.0620

67.4958, 86.7109,  
66.2424

36.2365, 71.7298,  
13.5629

77.3641, 91.4673,  
81.6562

 35.9216, 71.5846,  
12.7709

 88.8279, 96.9971,  
99.3594

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.4518, 76.7234, 17.6473



46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684



41.2450, 76.7234, 69.4473

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684



67.8209, 76.7234, 245.5774



114.3485, 76.7234, 48.7157

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684



63.3974, 39.9323, 88.3686

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



117.6978, 76.7234, 99.4180



46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684



88.2900, 76.7234, 231.4149

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684



51.8967, 76.7234, 203.1300



107.4386, 76.7234, 170.3045



98.9773, 76.7234, 23.5065



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684



41.5845, 76.7234, 108.7245



107.4386, 76.7234, 170.3045



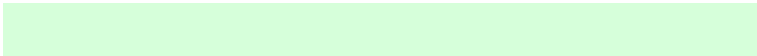
117.0179, 76.7234, 62.5778

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.7268, 76.7235, 32.7696



76.2035, 90.9077, 79.8529



75.9319, 91.8719, 29.9509



15.8561, 19.2388, 16.3843



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.7268, 76.7235, 32.7696



42.0773, 74.4977, 24.8184



52.8703, 79.1809, 65.1204



17.8401, 20.1956, 19.4608



18.7926, 37.4136, 6.7932



1.8518, 3.6516, 0.7773



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.3974, 39.9323, 88.3686



60.2585, 34.2817, 85.3885



54.9460, 36.5517, 43.8639



18.7156, 18.2696, 22.3856



29.1389, 14.1448, 40.9773

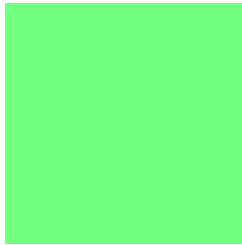


2.8575, 1.3854, 4.0970



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

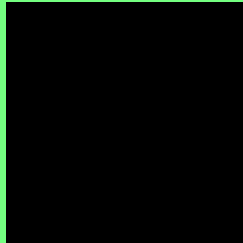
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684.



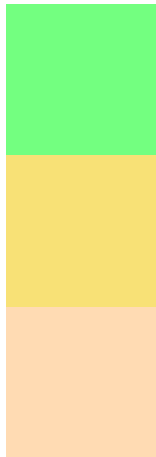
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.7265, 76.7234,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684

### Protanopia

68.9066, 75.1149, 28.0064

### Deuteranopia

74.7082, 75.1777, 53.2210



## Tritanopia

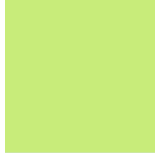
63.3225, 75.9461, 105.9294

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684



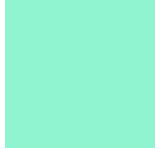
## Protanomaly

57.3277, 73.6754, 29.6116



## Deuteranomaly

60.1036, 73.0887, 44.1974



## Tritanomaly

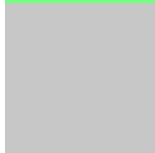
55.3609, 75.2341, 71.9254

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684



## Achromatopsia

54.2854, 57.1125, 62.1955



## Achromatomaly

49.0228, 62.0050, 48.9196

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 255, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 255, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 255, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 255, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 255, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 255, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 255, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 255, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 255, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 255,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.7265, 76.7234, 32.7684 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 255, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
255, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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