

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.7117, 32.6509, 28.3709)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.7117, 32.6509, 28.3709)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(50.7250, 32.6562,  
28.4407)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF668C
RGB	255, 102, 140
RGB Percent	100%, 40%, 55%
CMY	0.0000, 0.6000, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.45, 0.00
HSL	345°, 100%, 70%
HSV	345°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407
YIQ	152.0790, 78.9900, 44.2540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

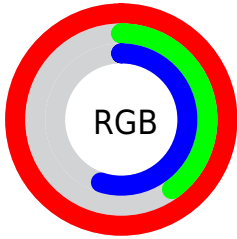
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 102, 140
Decimal	16737932
CIE Lab	63.88, 61.25, 9.88
CIE LCh	64, 62.043, 9.163
Yxy	32.6562, 0.4536, 0.2920
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294928012 (0xFFFF668C)
YUV	152.0790, -5.9549, 90.2617
Hunter-Lab	57.1456, 58.4398, 10.4940

# Details

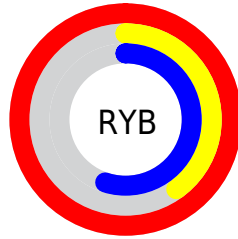
The XYZ color **50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **53.7659, 79.3553, 78.1346**, and the grayscale version is **29.8815, 31.4376, 34.2356**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.2638, 49.9065, 56.7506**, and **24.6657, 13.7316, 11.0233** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.3005, 27.8757, 20.9230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.1678, 39.0796, 37.5130**.

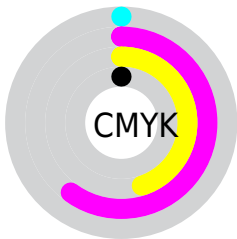
# Distribution



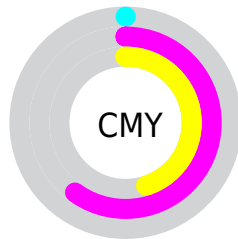
- Red (100%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 50.7250, 32.6562,  
28.4407

 50.7250, 32.6562,  
28.4407


379.8997,  
314.0977, 308.5447


 36.2100, 21.8632,  
18.4162


 90.4336, 63.8384,  
58.2188


 24.7672, 13.7564,  
11.0767


 116.3578, 84.9964,  
78.8095

 16.0315, 7.9514,  
6.0036


 146.8158,  
110.3782, 103.7594

 9.6375, 4.0639,  
2.7785

 182.1729,  
140.3681, 133.4869

 5.2197, 1.7094,  
0.9827

222.7945,  
175.3507, 168.4107

 2.4128, 0.4297,  
0.0000

269.0459,

 0.8515, 0.0000,

215.7102, 208.9492

0.0000

321.2925,  
261.8311, 255.5210

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.7250, 32.6562,  
28.4407

■ 50.7250, 32.6562,  
28.4407

■ 47.3005, 27.8757,  
20.9230

■ 55.1678, 39.0796,  
37.5130

■ 44.8058, 24.5811,  
14.8666

■ 60.7023, 47.2733,  
48.2219

■ 43.1405, 22.5940,  
10.1696

■ 67.3977, 57.3580,  
60.6454

■ 42.1465, 21.6227,  
6.7034

■ 75.3166, 69.4426,  
74.8559

■ 42.1462, 21.6225,  
6.7023

■ 84.5172, 83.6274,  
90.9215

95.0499, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.5093, 32.6562, 55.5355



50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407



45.9505, 32.6562, 13.0247

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407



21.6025, 32.6562, 9.7972



25.4447, 32.6562, 102.0293

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407



53.7659, 79.3553, 78.1346

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.7621, 32.6562, 75.3564



50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407



17.8499, 32.6562, 21.0566

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407



28.4428, 32.6562, 6.0874



17.2460, 32.6562, 43.7713



33.7881, 32.6562, 107.2233



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407



40.4584, 32.6562, 8.1986



17.2460, 32.6562, 43.7713



23.2079, 32.6562, 94.8340

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.7259, 32.6580, 28.4413



77.0494, 72.1038, 77.9131



51.3439, 31.4383, 97.9696



15.9548, 14.6090, 15.7281



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.7259, 32.6580, 28.4413



46.7292, 27.1017, 19.5956



53.0543, 41.0507, 17.7001



18.1944, 18.0611, 19.6406



22.0719, 11.3180, 3.7630



2.1904, 1.1185, 0.5841



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.7259, 32.6580, 28.4413



46.7292, 27.1017, 19.5956



48.2795, 59.5433, 103.5560



18.1944, 18.0611, 19.6406



22.0719, 11.3180, 3.7630



2.1904, 1.1185, 0.5841



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

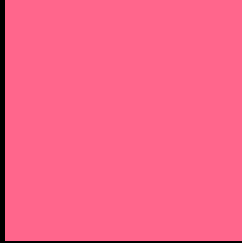
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.7250, 32.6562,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407

### Protanopia

32.0435, 32.8458, 42.1871

### Deuteranopia

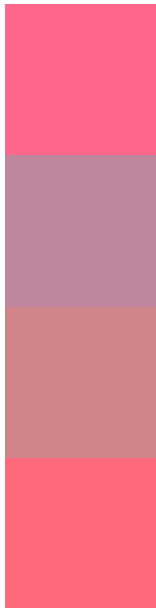
33.3412, 32.6533, 26.7358



## Tritanopia

48.8030, 32.6129, 19.6423

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407

## Protanomaly

36.3214, 30.8729, 36.3925

## Deuteranomaly

38.1488, 31.4019, 27.3431

## Tritanomaly

49.4998, 32.6040, 22.4232

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407

## Achromatopsia

29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1934

## Achromatomaly

34.8567, 30.0071, 31.9718

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 102, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 102, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 102, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 102, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 102, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 102, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 102, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 102, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 102, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 102,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.7250, 32.6562, 28.4407 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 102, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
102, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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