

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.7472, 50.8685, 61.6799)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.7472, 50.8685, 61.6799)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(50.7492, 51.0237,  
61.8174)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4BAC8
RGB	196, 186, 200
RGB Percent	77%, 73%, 78%
CMY	0.2314, 0.2706, 0.2157
CMYK	0.02, 0.07, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	283°, 11%, 76%
HSV	283°, 7%, 78%
XYZ	50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174
YIQ	190.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

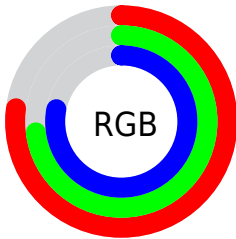
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	196, 186, 200
Decimal	12892872
CIE Lab	76.69, 6.09, -5.79
CIE LCh	77, 8.406, 316.453
Yxy	51.0237, 0.3102, 0.3119
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291082952 (0xFFC4BAC8)
YUV	190.5860, 4.6411, 4.7481
Hunter-Lab	71.4309, 1.8141, -1.3089

# Details

The XYZ color **50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **50.7543, 55.8022, 54.5528**, and the grayscale version is **49.2563, 51.8215, 56.4336**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.3101, 91.6069, 107.5298**, and **24.7312, 24.6012, 30.6392** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.3692, 42.4283, 60.4426**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.7785, 60.8322, 63.3936**.

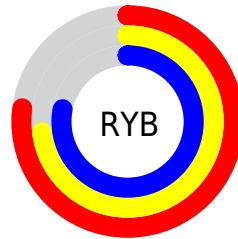
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (73%)

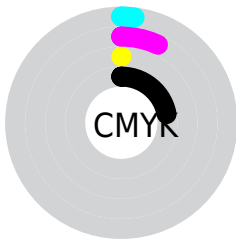
Blue (78%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (78%)

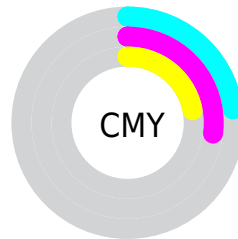


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 50.7492, 51.0237,  
61.8174

■ 50.7492, 51.0237,  
61.8174

379.9923,  
390.6559, 449.2540

■ 36.2293, 36.2275,  
44.4503

■ 90.4691, 91.6898,  
109.0306

■ 24.7823, 24.6099,  
30.6849

116.3999,  
118.3285, 139.7138

■ 16.0428, 15.7867,  
20.1026

146.8649,  
149.6834, 175.6729

■ 9.6455, 9.3733,  
12.2848

182.2296,  
186.1390, 217.3262

■ 5.2250, 4.9855,  
6.8131

222.8594,  
228.0796, 265.0925

■ 2.4160, 2.2387,  
3.2688

269.1195,

■ 0.8531, 0.7410,

275.8897, 319.3902

1.2335

321.3754,  
329.9537, 380.6378

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0063

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.7492, 51.0237,  
61.8174

■ 50.7492, 51.0237,  
61.8174

■ 45.3692, 42.4283,  
60.4426

■ 56.7785, 60.8322,  
63.3936

■ 40.6092, 34.9903,  
59.2578

■ 63.4762, 71.8933,  
65.1756

■ 36.4438, 28.6594,  
58.2554

■ 70.8662, 84.2530,  
67.1718

■ 32.8445, 23.3793,  
57.4259

■ 75.3577, 90.7290,  
68.1851

■ 29.7797, 19.0882,  
56.7592

■ 77.1056, 91.6301,  
68.2669

■ 27.2152, 15.7180,  
56.2439

■ 78.9130, 92.5619,  
68.3514

■ 25.1117, 13.1917,  
55.8671

■ 80.7807, 93.5247,  
68.4389

■ 23.4239, 11.4196,  
55.6140

■ 82.7090, 94.5188,  
68.5291

■ 22.0908, 10.2806,  
55.4644

■ 84.6987, 95.5445,  
68.6222

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.3687, 51.0237, 64.3951



50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174



51.5337, 51.0237, 57.6350

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174



49.2171, 51.0237, 47.4618



45.6196, 51.0237, 58.0763

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174



50.7543, 55.8022, 54.5528

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.5811, 51.0237, 53.5278



50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174



47.6347, 51.0237, 47.5655

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174



50.6361, 51.0237, 49.4411



46.3115, 51.0237, 49.7326



46.4180, 51.0237, 62.1556



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174



51.6022, 51.0237, 54.5766



46.3115, 51.0237, 49.7326



45.5180, 51.0237, 56.5473

# Sweetspot

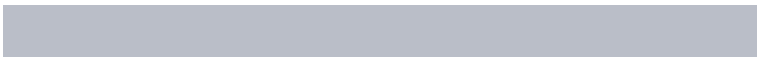
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.7507, 51.0259, 61.8185



92.9104, 96.5137, 108.3398



49.1339, 51.5250, 62.0001



19.9091, 20.6944, 23.1951



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.7507, 51.0259, 61.8185



86.7716, 86.5789, 106.7458



51.4808, 51.4398, 60.1603



10.7764, 10.6585, 13.4068



13.9063, 6.4032, 35.2474



0.7272, 0.3386, 1.6722



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.6744, 51.1172, 55.9135



86.6260, 86.7647, 94.9547



50.0694, 55.4144, 56.0897



10.7564, 10.6860, 11.7006



15.6510, 8.0100, 3.3723



0.7730, 0.3920, 0.3279



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

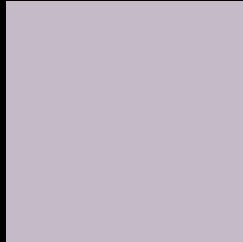
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

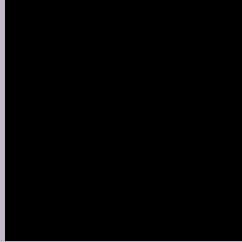
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174.



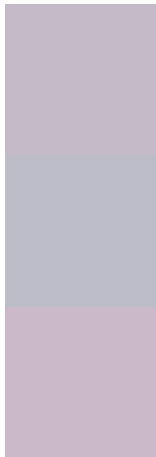
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.7492, 51.0237,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174

### Protanopia

49.5121, 51.0023, 62.4932

### Deuteranopia

52.1944, 51.1476, 61.7651



## Tritanopia

50.8665, 51.0706, 62.4350

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174

## Protanomaly

50.0512, 50.9642, 62.4574

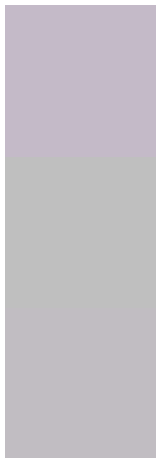
## Deuteranomaly

51.5937, 51.1474, 61.7967

## Tritanomaly

50.8665, 51.0706, 62.4350

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174

## Achromatopsia

49.5206, 52.0996, 56.7364

## Achromatomaly

49.9275, 51.6277, 58.3726

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 186, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 186, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 186, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 186, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 186, 200) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 186, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 186, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 186, 200); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 186, 200); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 186, 200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.7492, 51.0237, 61.8174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 186, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
186, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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