

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.8407, 77.8197, 79.2528)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.8407, 77.8197, 79.2528)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(50.8609, 77.8278,  
79.3594)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	43FFDB
RGB	67, 255, 219
RGB Percent	26%, 100%, 86%
CMY	0.7372, 0.0000, 0.1412
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.14, 0.00
HSL	169°, 100%, 63%
HSV	169°, 74%, 100%
XYZ	50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594
YIQ	194.6840, -100.4920, -51.0520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

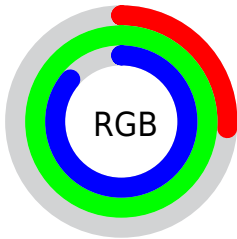
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">67, 171, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4456411</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">90.70, -53.99, 3.98</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">91, 54.135, 175.784</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">77.8278, 0.2445, 0.3741</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282646491 (0xFF43FFDB)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">194.6840, 11.9878, -111.9789</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.2201, -51.4758, 8.4190</a>

# Details

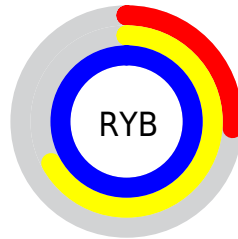
The XYZ color **50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **45.6962, 26.2548, 15.4930**, and the grayscale version is **51.6587, 54.3490, 59.1860**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.7945, 84.4027, 107.4841**, and **26.6671, 42.6128, 41.9416** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.8477, 76.8631, 75.9595**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.6636, 79.1972, 82.8974**.

# Distribution



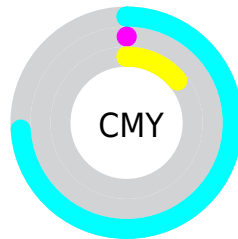
- Red (26%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 50.8609, 77.8278,  
79.3594


 50.8609, 77.8278,  
79.3594


380.4197,  
487.5818, 512.4211


 36.3185, 57.9325,  
58.6683


 90.6333, 130.3073,  
134.2680


 24.8515, 41.7544,  
41.9279


 116.5941,  
163.6604, 169.3225

 16.0946, 28.9090,  
28.7197


 147.0917,  
202.2682, 210.0019

 9.6824, 19.0120,  
18.6251

 182.4915,  
246.5151, 256.7247

 5.2495, 11.6790,  
11.2257

223.1588,  
296.7855, 309.9095

 2.4307, 6.5255,  
6.1027

269.4591,

 0.8604, 3.1672,

353.4639, 369.9748

2.8379

321.7576,  
416.9345, 437.3391

■ 0.0000, 1.2196,  
1.0125

■ 0.0000, 0.0776,  
0.0000

■ 50.8609, 77.8278,  
79.3594

■ 50.8609, 77.8278,  
79.3594

■ 48.8477, 76.8631,  
75.9595

■ 53.6636, 79.1972,  
82.8974


■ 47.5117, 76.2454,  
72.6876


■ 57.3429, 81.0164,  
86.5743

■ 46.9213, 75.9845,  
70.6946


■ 61.9772, 83.3256,  
90.3960

■ 67.6353, 86.1605,  
94.3665

 74.3797, 89.5531,  
98.4896

 82.2677, 93.5330,  
102.7686

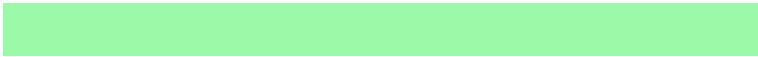
 91.3527, 98.1276,  
107.2068

 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.4071, 77.8278, 49.2517



50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594



52.8573, 77.8278, 121.6241

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594



85.9267, 77.8278, 171.5272



89.6550, 77.8278, 36.7121

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594



45.6962, 26.2548, 15.4930

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.0745, 77.8278, 56.1885



50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594



97.7437, 77.8278, 134.1522

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594



72.0691, 77.8278, 183.3840



103.2010, 77.8278, 90.3611



75.9101, 77.8278, 29.8876



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594



57.2113, 77.8278, 150.4606



103.2010, 77.8278, 90.3611



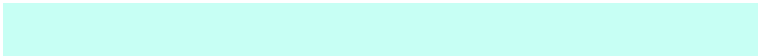
93.7252, 77.8278, 41.6376

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.8618, 77.8282, 79.3608



75.6549, 90.1957, 99.2152



42.5530, 74.9049, 17.5269



15.7667, 19.0907, 20.9920



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.8618, 77.8282, 79.3608



48.2006, 76.5601, 74.5444



40.6975, 49.0779, 101.9357



18.3969, 20.4183, 22.3931



24.5706, 39.7248, 37.2194



2.4289, 3.8825, 3.8164



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.6962, 26.2548, 15.4930



42.9412, 22.7078, 8.5227



49.3869, 35.9323, 9.6443



18.1515, 18.0439, 19.4148



21.8768, 11.2400, 2.7358

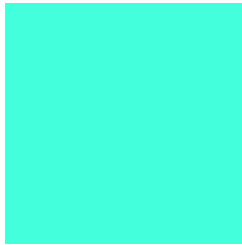


2.1658, 1.1087, 0.4544



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

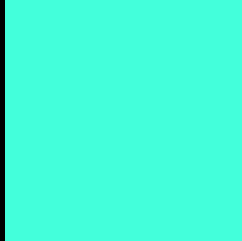
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

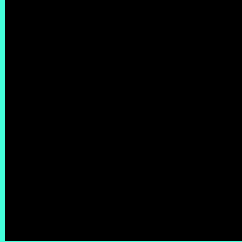
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

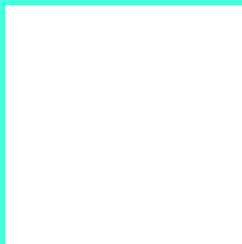
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594.



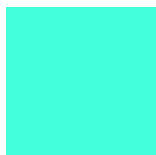
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.8609, 77.8278,



# Color Blindness Simulation

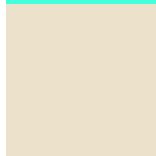
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



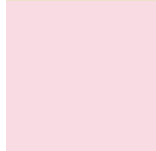
### Original Color

50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594



### Protanopia

72.5679, 76.5374, 67.4484



### Deuteranopia

77.9080, 76.1655, 83.2683



## Tritanopia

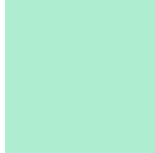
63.0229, 77.0992, 106.1677

# Trichromacy



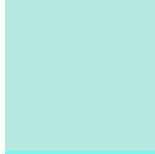
## Original Color

50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594



## Protanomaly

59.4720, 74.2858, 71.5257



## Deuteranomaly

61.6026, 73.0401, 81.3724



## Tritanomaly

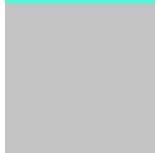
57.1512, 76.5333, 95.7646

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594



## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



## Achromatomaly

47.9247, 60.2812, 66.2363

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 255, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 255, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 255, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 255, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 255, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 255, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 255, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 255, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 255, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 255,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.8609, 77.8278, 79.3594 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 255, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 255,  
219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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