

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.8552, 50.0073,  
118.9339)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.8552, 50.0073, 118.9339)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(47.6744, 48.8716,  
101.5282)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92BBFF
RGB	146, 187, 255
RGB Percent	57%, 73%, 100%
CMY	0.4274, 0.2667, 0.0000
CMYK	0.43, 0.27, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	217°, 100%, 79%
HSV	217°, 43%, 100%
XYZ	47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282
YIQ	182.4930, -46.2640, 12.4560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

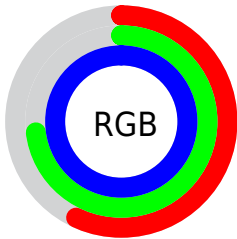
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	146, 176, 255
Decimal	9616383
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.37, 3.43, -37.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	75, 38.009, 275.174
Yxy	48.8716, 0.2407, 0.2467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287806463 (0xFF92BBFF)
YUV	182.4930, 35.7460, -32.0044
Hunter-Lab	69.9082, -0.6101, -37.1715

# Details

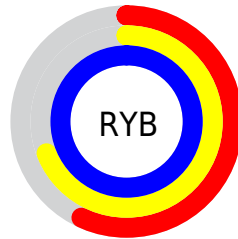
The XYZ color **47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **70.4758, 71.4297, 37.2690**, and the grayscale version is **44.5627, 46.8834, 51.0560**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.7292, 84.0177, 106.8861**, and **22.8380, 23.2513, 56.7103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.4468, 40.4109, 100.2760**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.2898, 58.6047, 102.9528**.

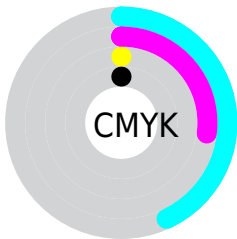
# Distribution



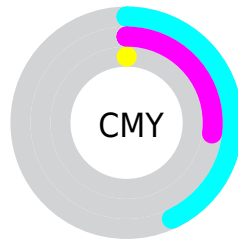
- Red (57%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 47.6744, 48.8716,  
101.5282

■ 47.6744, 48.8716,  
101.5282

368.1042,  
382.2366, 586.3697

■ 33.7793, 34.5176,  
76.9534

■ 85.9321, 88.5007,  
165.3259

■ 22.8862, 23.2915,  
56.7033

■ 111.0253,  
114.5447, 205.3858

■ 14.6297, 14.8089,  
40.3593

140.5820,  
145.2541, 251.4446

■ 8.6445, 8.6854,  
27.5029

174.9674,  
181.0133, 303.9207

■ 4.5653, 4.5366,  
17.7155

214.5470,  
222.2068, 363.2328

■ 2.0267, 1.9780,  
10.5786

259.6861,

■ 0.6489, 0.5946,

269.2189, 429.7992

5.6737

310.7500,  
322.4341, 504.0387

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.5821

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8832

■ 47.6744, 48.8716,  
101.5282

■ 47.6744, 48.8716,  
101.5282

■ 40.4468, 40.4109,  
100.2760

■ 56.2898, 58.6047,  
102.9528

■ 34.5222, 33.1579,  
99.1883

■ 66.3618, 69.6599,  
104.5558

■ 29.8132, 27.0496,  
98.2575

■ 77.9596, 82.0904,  
106.3439

■ 26.2178, 22.0134,  
97.4749

■ 91.1468, 95.9447,  
108.3230

■ 23.6149, 17.9654,  
96.8308

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 22.2253, 15.5706,  
96.4418

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.0300, 48.8716, 96.3835



47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282



54.6371, 48.8716, 91.3139

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282



58.3342, 48.8716, 33.9660



35.2829, 48.8716, 38.6241

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282



70.4758, 71.4297, 37.2690

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.1264, 48.8716, 27.5302



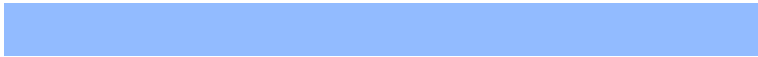
47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282



52.3296, 48.8716, 25.3518

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282



61.1737, 48.8716, 49.8145



45.2487, 48.8716, 23.3324

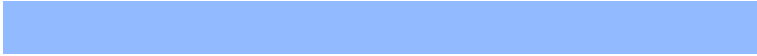


34.3031, 48.8716, 56.7624



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282



58.3888, 48.8716, 78.3792



45.2487, 48.8716, 23.3324



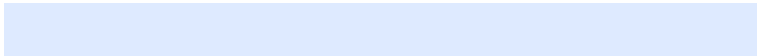
36.2625, 48.8716, 34.1082

# Sweetspot

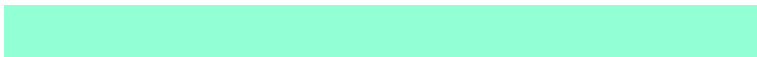
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47.6759, 48.8734, 101.5285



77.6421, 81.7535, 106.2956



59.6530, 82.4467, 75.8661



16.0438, 16.8872, 22.6639



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47.6759, 48.8734, 101.5285



41.6106, 41.7972, 100.4823



42.5725, 35.1218, 99.1431



17.5628, 18.4972, 22.8946



11.7449, 8.3993, 50.4368



1.2445, 1.0197, 4.9445



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.4896, 45.4073, 52.5917



56.1944, 38.9654, 44.5361



77.6642, 92.5230, 40.9616



18.2920, 18.1001, 20.1547



22.7165, 11.5759, 7.1573



2.2628, 1.1475, 0.9652



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

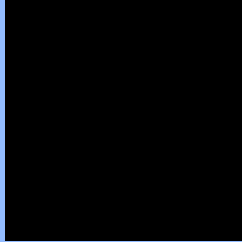
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

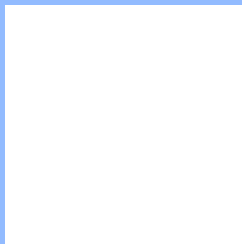
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 47.6744, 48.8716,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282

### Protanopia

50.0212, 48.8946, 98.8967

### Deuteranopia

49.8838, 48.7684, 101.3918



## Tritanopia

41.1045, 48.8017, 68.8812

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282

## Protanomaly

48.9707, 48.6419, 99.7363

## Deuteranomaly

48.9008, 48.5689, 101.4051

## Tritanomaly

43.1960, 48.6486, 79.7865

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282

## Achromatopsia

44.4628, 46.7784, 50.9417

## Achromatomaly

45.0113, 47.3194, 67.0828

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 187, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 187, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 187, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 187, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 187, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 187, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 187, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 187, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 187, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 187,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 47.6744, 48.8716, 101.5282 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 187, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
187, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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