

# Converting Colors

XYZ(50.8972, 81.1967,  
105.7592)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(50.8972, 81.1967, 105.7592)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(53.4896, 78.6118,  
105.2829)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FFFD
RGB	0, 255, 253
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 99%
CMY	0.9997, 0.0000, 0.0078
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 50%
HSV	180°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829
YIQ	178.5270, -151.3380, -54.6820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

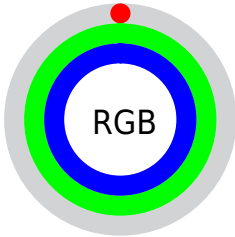
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 128, 255
Decimal	65533
CIELab	91.06, -48.65, -13.19
CIELCh	91, 50.407, 195.166
Yxy	78.6118, 0.2253, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255613 (0xFF00FFFD)
YUV	178.5270, 36.7152, -156.5682
Hunter-Lab	88.6633, -47.4737, -8.3394

# Details

The XYZ color **53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **41.2522, 21.2662, 1.9901**, and the grayscale version is **42.4767, 44.6888, 48.6661**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.6952, 82.8049, 107.3390**, and **29.9301, 43.9180, 59.1241** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.4898, 78.6119, 105.2839**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.9370, 78.8388, 105.4716**.

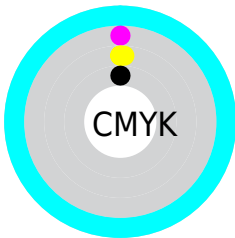
# Distribution



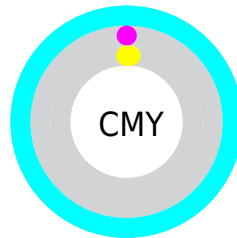
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 53.4896, 78.6118,  
105.2829


 53.4896, 78.6118,  
105.2829


390.3909,  
490.2421, 598.3913

 38.4228, 58.5767,  
80.0784


 94.4857, 131.4122,  
170.5133


 26.4897, 42.2724,  
59.2563


 121.1457,  
164.9463, 211.3763

 17.3249, 29.3147,  
42.3981

 152.4009,  
203.7488, 258.2959

 10.5632, 19.3190,  
29.0853

 188.6165,  
248.2042, 311.6906

 5.8390, 11.9010,  
18.8992

230.1580,  
298.6968, 371.9789

 2.7872, 6.6763,  
11.4214

277.3906,

 1.0422, 3.2605,

355.6111, 439.5795

6.2333

330.6798,  
419.3314, 514.9108

■ 0.0000, 1.2692,  
2.9164

■ 0.0000, 0.1172,  
1.0521

■ 53.4896, 78.6118,  
105.2829

■ 53.4896, 78.6118,  
105.2829

■ 53.4898, 78.6119,  
105.2839

■ 53.9370, 78.8388,  
105.4716

■ 54.9227, 79.3432,  
105.6843

■ 56.6120, 80.2104,  
105.9300

■ 59.1056, 81.4922,  
106.2135

■ 62.4879, 83.2322,  
106.5389

■ 66.8327, 85.4683,  
106.9094

■ 72.2061, 88.2346,  
107.3282

■ 78.6683, 91.5623,  
107.7982

■ 86.2749, 95.4800,  
108.3219

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.4602, 78.6118, 68.8680



53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829



58.7501, 78.6118, 145.5763

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829



93.4619, 78.6118, 145.1665



81.1637, 78.6118, 34.1278

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829



41.2522, 21.2662, 1.9901

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.3453, 78.6118, 44.8747



53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829



100.9748, 78.6118, 104.8321

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



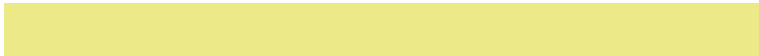
53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829



81.3089, 78.6118, 172.6834



100.9299, 78.6118, 68.5284



68.4936, 78.6118, 34.1849



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829



64.8992, 78.6118, 166.3100



100.9299, 78.6118, 68.5284



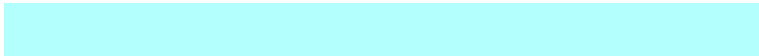
85.4807, 78.6118, 36.4241

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.4908, 78.6124, 105.2844



72.1886, 88.2257, 107.3269



35.8145, 71.5481, 11.9247



14.9390, 18.6201, 22.9333



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.4908, 78.6124, 105.2844



53.4898, 78.6119, 105.2839



26.2733, 23.6651, 97.7908



18.5484, 20.4789, 23.1909



27.9524, 41.0776, 55.0281



2.7235, 4.0003, 5.3680



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.2522, 21.2662, 1.9901



41.2510, 21.2644, 1.9877



48.3593, 35.4979, 4.3051



18.0152, 17.9894, 18.6972



21.5570, 11.1121, 1.0517

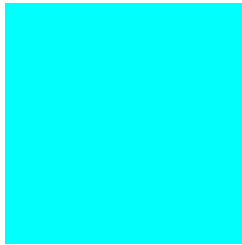


2.1009, 1.0827, 0.1126



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

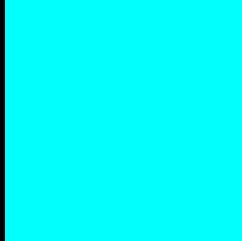
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829.



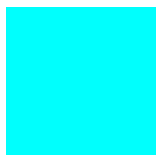
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 53.4896, 78.6118,



# Color Blindness Simulation

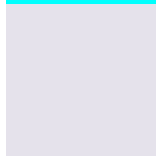
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



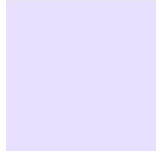
### Original Color

53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829



### Protanopia

74.5049, 77.0489, 89.5424



### Deuteranopia

78.0419, 77.3190, 105.4185



## Tritanopia

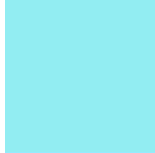
63.3197, 77.6928, 106.2667

# Trichromacy



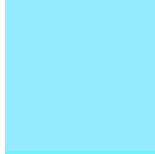
## Original Color

53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829



## Protanomaly

58.1653, 73.0902, 95.0466



## Deuteranomaly

59.8105, 72.8683, 104.6786



## Tritanomaly

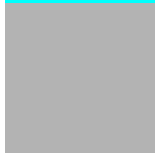
56.2957, 76.3299, 105.5320

# Monochromacy



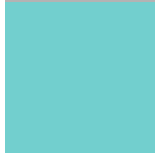
## Original Color

53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829



## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906



## Achromatomaly

40.3928, 52.6593, 66.4279

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 255, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 255, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 255, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 255, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 255, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 255, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 255, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 255, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 53.4896, 78.6118, 105.2829 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 255, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 255,  
253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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