

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.0208, 51.5319, 16.3260)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.0208, 51.5319, 16.3260)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.1739, 51.6271,  
16.2847)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5B857
RGB	229, 184, 87
RGB Percent	90%, 72%, 34%
CMY	0.1020, 0.2784, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.62, 0.10
HSL	41°, 73%, 62%
HSV	41°, 62%, 90%
XYZ	51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847
YIQ	186.3970, 57.9570, -20.6270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

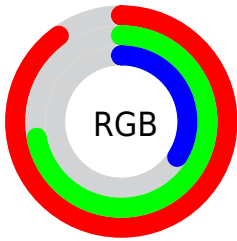
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	153, 229, 87
Decimal	15054935
CIELab	77.06, 5.65, 54.28
CIELCh	77, 54.575, 84.055
Yxy	51.6271, 0.4297, 0.4335
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293245015 (0xFFE5B857)
YUV	186.3970, -49.0027, 37.3628
Hunter-Lab	71.8520, 1.3889, 36.8588

# Details

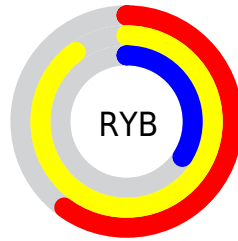
The XYZ color **51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **26.3243, 24.1850, 77.4091**, and the grayscale version is **47.1398, 49.5947, 54.0086**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.1337, 85.4736, 37.2436**, and **24.9826, 24.8941, 5.0017** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.9141, 48.3748, 11.6251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.8102, 55.1577, 22.5345**.

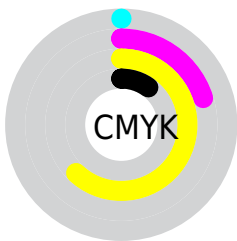
# Distribution



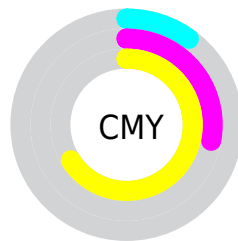
- Red (90%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.1739, 51.6271,  
16.2847

■ 51.1739, 51.6271,  
16.2847

381.6156,  
392.9953, 242.9187

■ 36.5686, 36.7079,  
9.5693

■ 91.0932, 92.5811,  
37.8654

■ 25.0458, 24.9814,  
5.0125

■ 117.1380,  
119.3846, 53.5678

■ 16.2401, 16.0632,  
2.1957

■ 147.7267,  
150.9185, 73.1029

■ 9.7861, 9.5689,  
0.6719

■ 183.2246,  
187.5670, 96.8893

■ 5.3186, 5.1141,  
0.0000

223.9970,  
229.7145, 125.3456

■ 2.4720, 2.3144,  
0.0000

270.4095,

■ 0.8812, 0.7813,

277.7455, 158.8902

0.0000

322.8272,  
332.0443, 197.9417

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.1739, 51.6271,  
16.2847

■ 51.1739, 51.6271,  
16.2847

■ 48.9141, 48.3748,  
11.6251

■ 53.8102, 55.1577,  
22.5345

■ 46.9967, 45.3795,  
8.3986

■ 56.8457, 58.9715,  
30.5055

■ 45.3869, 42.6271,  
6.4210

■ 60.3056, 63.0823,  
40.3183

■ 44.2751, 40.5822,  
5.4996

■ 64.2114, 67.5005,  
52.0820

■ 68.5833, 72.2357,  
65.8970

■ 73.4400, 77.2973,  
81.8567

■ 78.7990, 82.6937,  
100.0489

■ 82.1315, 87.4151,  
107.1517

■ 84.3349, 91.8219,  
107.8862

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.7915, 51.6271, 21.3880



51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847



41.3502, 51.6271, 18.4176

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847



32.9584, 51.6271, 82.9867



67.1372, 51.6271, 97.0565

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847



26.3243, 24.1850, 77.4091

# Split Complementary

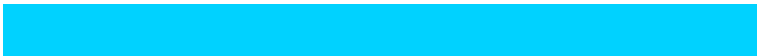
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.6954, 51.6271, 126.5488



51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847



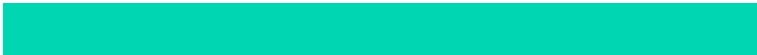
38.2266, 51.6271, 116.6154

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847



31.7227, 51.6271, 50.4787



47.0246, 51.6271, 134.7469



71.8093, 51.6271, 62.3662



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847



36.4187, 51.6271, 24.2446



47.0246, 51.6271, 134.7469



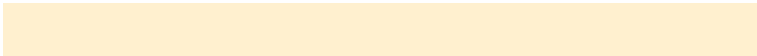
64.3567, 51.6271, 108.3371

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.1751, 51.6296, 16.2857



83.5041, 87.8561, 71.3002



40.0479, 25.2054, 25.4313



17.5429, 18.4416, 14.2336



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.1751, 51.6296, 16.2857



61.7940, 60.7804, 13.6756



55.0085, 69.7531, 19.5819



15.1963, 16.0065, 15.1931



25.4272, 23.4286, 3.1820



1.9616, 1.8965, 0.2627



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.3243, 24.1850, 77.4091



27.7897, 23.3339, 97.6470



24.0652, 15.8320, 75.9159



13.9537, 14.6288, 18.2325



9.5277, 6.1174, 43.0618



0.7852, 0.6144, 3.2092



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

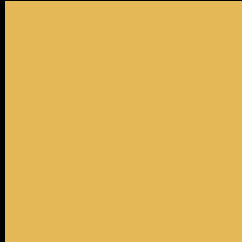
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847.



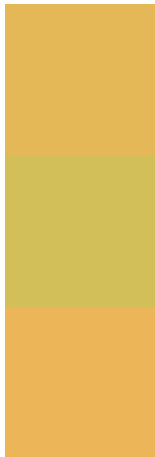
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.1739, 51.6271,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847

### Protanopia

47.2979, 51.8318, 16.9629

### Deuteranopia

52.5463, 51.4145, 16.3870



## Tritanopia

58.8383, 51.4795, 53.8491

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847

## Protanomaly

48.6581, 51.5764, 16.6232

## Deuteranomaly

52.0937, 51.4841, 16.4243

## Tritanomaly

55.2397, 51.1711, 36.2437

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847

## Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

## Achromatomaly

47.2111, 49.4565, 35.9119

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 184, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 184, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 184, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 184, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 184, 87) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 184, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 184, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 184, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 184, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 184,  
87) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.1739, 51.6271, 16.2847 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 184, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
184, 87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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