

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.1256, 24.5897, 82.2044)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.1256, 24.5897, 82.2044)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.2212, 24.6397,  
82.1770)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F000ED
RGB	240, 0, 237
RGB Percent	94%, 0%, 93%
CMY	0.0588, 0.9998, 0.0706
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.01, 0.06
HSL	301°, 100%, 47%
HSV	301°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770
YIQ	98.7780, 66.9630, 124.5870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

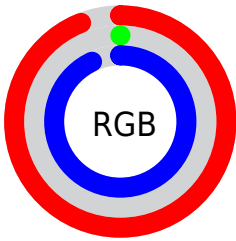
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 0, 237
Decimal	15728877
CIE Lab	56.72, 93.43, -56.71
CIE LCh	57, 109.291, 328.743
Yxy	24.6397, 0.3241, 0.1559
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293918957 (0xFFFF00ED)
YUV	98.7780, 68.1434, 123.8517
Hunter-Lab	49.6384, 97.3246, -63.4085

# Details

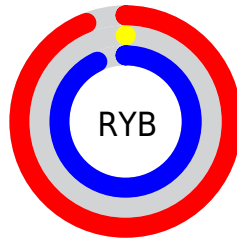
The XYZ color **51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **31.1777, 62.3279, 10.4746**, and the grayscale version is **11.6330, 12.2388, 13.3281**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.0414, 37.9827, 98.5638**, and **26.8286, 12.8790, 44.2519** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.2217, 24.6399, 82.1769**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.5932, 25.3125, 82.5177**.

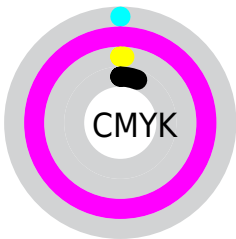
# Distribution



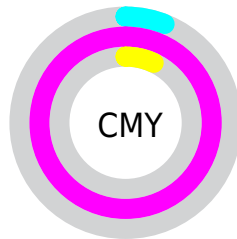
- Red (94%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 51.2212, 24.6397,  
82.1770


 51.2212, 24.6397,  
82.1770


381.7961,  
276.0388, 522.1385


 36.6064, 15.8088,  
60.9748


 91.1627, 51.0721,  
138.2611


 25.0752, 9.3890,  
43.7744


 117.2202, 69.4424,  
173.9801


 16.2621, 4.9958,  
30.1573


 147.8226, 91.7613,  
215.3750

 9.8018, 2.2448,  
19.7049

 183.3352,  
118.4133, 262.8645

 5.3290, 0.7442,  
11.9988

 224.1236,  
149.7826, 316.8670

 2.4783, 0.0000,  
6.6203

270.5529,

 0.8843, 0.0000,

186.2537, 377.8012

3.1510

322.9887,  
228.2110, 446.0855

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.1722

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.2212, 24.6397,  
82.1770

■ 51.2212, 24.6397,  
82.1770

■ 51.2217, 24.6399,  
82.1769

■ 51.5932, 25.3125,  
82.5177

■ 52.3683, 26.7925,  
82.9930

■ 53.6738, 29.3329,  
83.6454

■ 55.5846, 33.0839,  
84.5000

■ 58.1636, 38.1712,  
85.5777

■ 61.4660, 44.7052,  
86.8969

■ 65.5412, 52.7846,  
88.4740

■ 70.4341, 62.4994,  
90.3241

■ 76.1865, 73.9329,  
92.4610

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.2844, 24.6397, 147.3258



51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770



57.4382, 24.6397, 28.3974

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770



23.9609, 24.6397, 0.0000



7.8381, 24.6397, 76.6811

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770



31.1777, 62.3279, 10.4746

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.4739, 24.6397, 25.3184



51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770



13.5043, 24.6397, 0.1379

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770



38.5681, 24.6397, 0.3056



8.1001, 24.6397, 4.4082



12.8695, 24.6397, 142.5864



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770



55.1185, 24.6397, 10.0104



8.1001, 24.6397, 4.4082



7.0382, 24.6397, 56.2738

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.2222, 24.6409, 82.1775



75.1564, 60.4587, 101.5108



15.7294, 6.2925, 82.8247



15.6402, 12.0553, 21.5560



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.2222, 24.6409, 82.1775



58.7807, 28.2763, 94.2982



39.3276, 19.8830, 19.5412



16.4453, 16.0278, 19.9009



28.0432, 13.4897, 45.0054



2.3357, 1.1233, 3.7584



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.2222, 24.6409, 82.1775



58.7807, 28.2763, 94.2982



34.5525, 63.6778, 28.2461



16.4453, 16.0278, 19.9009



28.0432, 13.4897, 45.0054



2.3357, 1.1233, 3.7584



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

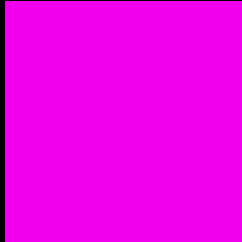
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

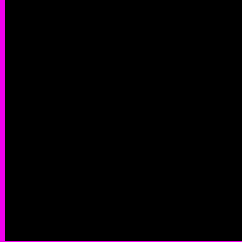
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.2212, 24.6397,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770

### Protanopia

29.1736, 25.6098, 98.0133

### Deuteranopia

26.1541, 25.4360, 73.3432



## Tritanopia

37.2178, 24.7371, 14.6175

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770



## Protanomaly

29.7075, 18.1798, 90.7502



## Deuteranomaly

28.4778, 18.2436, 75.4192



## Tritanomaly

39.6219, 22.1208, 30.6152

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770



## Achromatopsia

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877



## Achromatomaly

19.7800, 12.2090, 29.7478

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 0, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 0, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 0, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 0, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 0, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 0, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 0, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 0, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 0, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 0,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.2212, 24.6397, 82.1770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 0, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240, 0,  
237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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