

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.1470, 56.6670,  
150.7831)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.1470, 56.6670, 150.7831)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(42.0220, 53.0618,  
102.6349)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	34D0FF
RGB	52, 208, 255
RGB Percent	20%, 82%, 100%
CMY	0.7960, 0.1843, 0.0000
CMYK	0.80, 0.18, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	194°, 100%, 60%
HSV	194°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349
YIQ	166.7140, -108.0630, -18.4550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

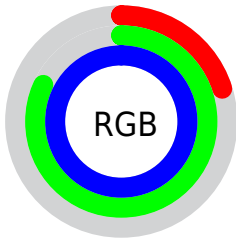
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	52, 140, 255
Decimal	3461375
CIE Lab	77.91, -23.89, -34.18
CIE LCh	78, 41.701, 235.055
Yxy	53.0618, 0.2125, 0.2684
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281651455 (0xFF34D0FF)
YUV	166.7140, 43.5250, -100.6042
Hunter-Lab	72.8435, -24.5030, -32.5478

# Details

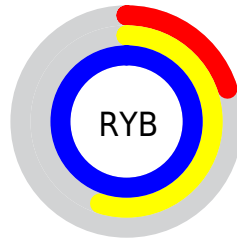
The XYZ color **42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **46.3234, 30.4345, 6.6838**, and the grayscale version is **36.4274, 38.3244, 41.7353**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.0159, 83.4858, 107.4008**, and **21.5843, 26.8597, 57.4729** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.6330, 49.7338, 102.1185**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.1755, 56.8654, 103.2029**.

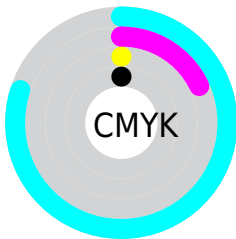
# Distribution



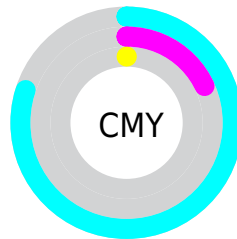
- Red (20%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



42.0220, 53.0618,  
102.6349

42.0220, 53.0618,  
102.6349

345.5642,  
398.5222, 589.9264

29.3097, 37.8521,  
77.8738

77.4979, 94.6953,  
166.8568

19.4607, 25.8679,  
57.4545

100.9922,  
121.8879, 207.1547

12.1096, 16.7249,  
40.9584

128.8112,  
153.8436, 253.4685

6.8911, 10.0385,  
27.9671

161.3202,  
190.9468, 306.2169

3.4398, 5.4245,  
18.0621

198.8847,  
233.5818, 365.8183

1.3904, 2.4984,  
10.8247

241.8700,

0.2494, 0.8758,

282.1331, 432.6914

5.8364

290.6413,  
336.9851, 507.2546

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.6787

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9327

■ 42.0220, 53.0618,  
102.6349

■ 42.0220, 53.0618,  
102.6349

■ 39.6330, 49.7338,  
102.1185

■ 45.1755, 56.8654,  
103.2029

■ 37.8466, 46.7942,  
101.6452

■ 49.1891, 61.1918,  
103.8264

■ 37.7807, 46.6813,  
101.6269

■ 54.1490, 66.0873,  
104.5099

■ 60.1292, 71.5907,  
105.2570

■ 67.1961, 77.7373,  
106.0709

■ 75.4102, 84.5588,  
106.9547

■ 84.8276, 92.0851,  
107.9111

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.5902, 53.0618, 78.8162



42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349



49.1019, 53.0618, 114.6364

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349



67.6109, 53.0618, 61.7096



44.1167, 53.0618, 26.0372

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349



46.3234, 30.4345, 6.6838

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.7893, 53.0618, 23.7371



42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349



65.9127, 53.0618, 40.8580

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349



64.3195, 53.0618, 87.3023



59.8990, 53.0618, 28.3653



38.7056, 53.0618, 35.7924



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349



54.5915, 53.0618, 112.4931



59.8990, 53.0618, 28.3653



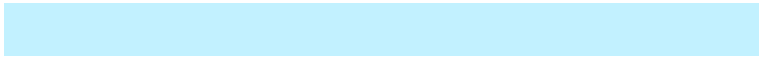
46.4925, 53.0618, 24.5000

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.0236, 53.0636, 102.6352



71.6519, 81.4730, 106.5571



39.2882, 73.0950, 23.1036



14.7207, 16.9246, 22.7409



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

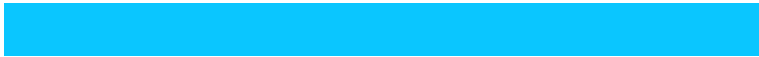


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.0236, 53.0636, 102.6352



38.4451, 47.8207, 101.8118



24.9923, 19.0010, 96.9581



18.1774, 19.7263, 23.0995



19.8604, 24.6305, 53.1420



2.0162, 2.5631, 5.2017



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.8543, 28.2717, 62.2948



51.5808, 25.5735, 55.8377



61.9375, 61.6627, 11.8885



18.6022, 18.2242, 21.7881



26.8128, 13.2144, 28.7285



2.6523, 1.3033, 3.0164



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

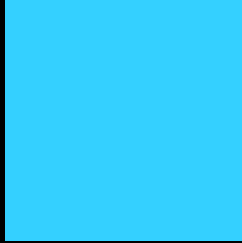
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

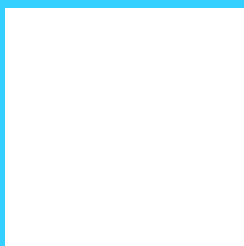
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349.



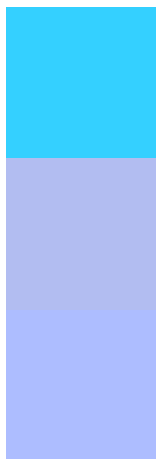
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.0220, 53.0618,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349

### Protanopia

52.4349, 52.2110, 90.5332

### Deuteranopia

53.4812, 52.4994, 101.9224



## Tritanopia

37.9140, 52.8453, 83.0648

# Trichromacy



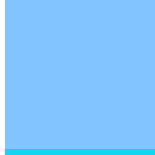
## Original Color

42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349



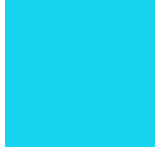
## Protanomaly

45.8902, 51.0392, 94.6217



## Deuteranomaly

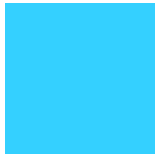
46.8432, 51.3670, 102.0537



## Tritanomaly

39.2276, 53.0027, 89.8244

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349



## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822



## Achromatomaly

35.4942, 41.9394, 60.2572

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 208, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 208, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 208, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 208, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 208, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 208, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 208, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 208, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 208, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 208,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.0220, 53.0618, 102.6349 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 208, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 208,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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