

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.2179, 65.4216,  
104.5359)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.2179, 65.4216, 104.5359)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.2729, 65.5316,  
104.5542)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66E4FF
RGB	102, 228, 255
RGB Percent	40%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.6000, 0.1059, 0.0000
CMYK	0.60, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	191°, 100%, 70%
HSV	191°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542
YIQ	193.4040, -83.7630, -18.3150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

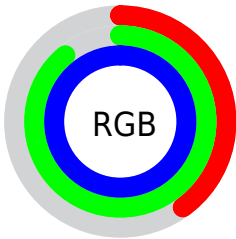
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">102, 171, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6743295</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">84.76, -27.27, -23.59</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">85, 36.063, 220.864</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">65.5316, 0.2316, 0.2960</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284933375 (0xFF66E4FF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">193.4040, 30.3668, -80.1613</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">80.9516, -28.6074, -19.9107</a>

# Details

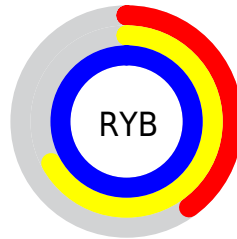
The XYZ color **51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **51.4895, 37.9212, 17.1782**, and the grayscale version is **50.7905, 53.4356, 58.1913**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.3270, 86.7393, 107.6962**, and **25.0332, 33.6274, 58.5974** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.5935, 61.8223, 104.0322**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.8767, 69.7680, 105.1293**.

# Distribution



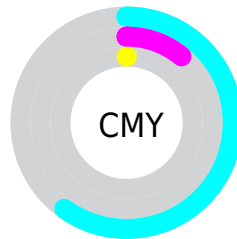
- Red (40%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.2729, 65.5316,  
104.5542


 51.2729, 65.5316,  
104.5542


381.9933,  
444.6999, 596.0682


 36.6478, 47.8923,  
79.4714


 91.2386, 112.8138,  
169.5080

 25.1073, 33.7416,  
58.7598

 117.3099,  
143.2254, 210.2160

 16.2862, 22.6951,  
42.0011


 147.9273,  
178.6633, 256.9695

 9.8190, 14.3686,  
28.7766

183.4562,  
219.5118, 310.1871

 5.3405, 8.3775,  
18.6677

224.2619,  
266.1553, 370.2872

 2.4852, 4.3374,  
11.2561

270.7097,

 0.8878, 1.8640,

318.9782, 437.6884

6.1230

323.1651,  
378.3649, 512.8092

■ 0.0000, 0.5266,  
2.8500

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.0186

■ 51.2729, 65.5316,  
104.5542

■ 51.2729, 65.5316,  
104.5542

■ 47.5935, 61.8223,  
104.0322

■ 55.8767, 69.7680,  
105.1293

■ 44.7482, 58.5892,  
103.5581

■ 61.4734, 74.5631,  
105.7599

■ 42.6380, 55.7821,  
103.1275

■ 68.1311, 79.9537,  
106.4494

■ 41.0979, 53.3156,  
102.7326

■ 75.9105, 85.9713,  
107.2010

■ 41.0974, 53.3148,  
102.7325

■ 84.8672, 92.6452,  
108.0171

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.2566, 65.5316, 80.0602



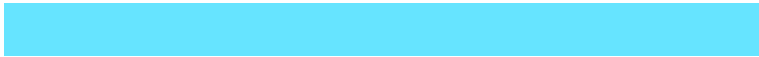
51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542



57.3366, 65.5316, 122.1065

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542



78.1247, 65.5316, 86.9337



59.4069, 65.5316, 36.0045

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542



51.4895, 37.9212, 17.1782

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.5120, 65.5316, 37.0663



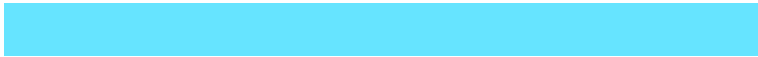
51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542



78.8004, 65.5316, 63.3008

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542



72.9991, 65.5316, 110.5114



74.7725, 65.5316, 46.0491

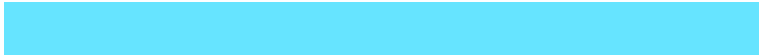


52.6756, 65.5316, 42.7463

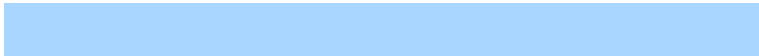


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542



62.5201, 65.5316, 125.6461



74.7725, 65.5316, 46.0491



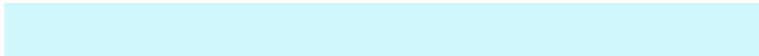
62.0522, 65.5316, 35.5052

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.2748, 65.5339, 104.5546



77.6032, 87.2506, 107.3587



45.1043, 75.8908, 32.5234



16.0856, 18.2781, 22.9302



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.2748, 65.5339, 104.5546



46.9595, 61.1379, 103.9335



34.9225, 32.8295, 99.1039



18.2662, 19.9039, 23.1291



21.5737, 28.0569, 53.7131



2.1688, 2.8683, 5.2526



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.9962, 36.3660, 77.2585



56.7845, 31.1238, 72.5459



65.2322, 65.4065, 21.7591



18.6470, 18.2421, 22.0242



27.6776, 13.5603, 33.2823

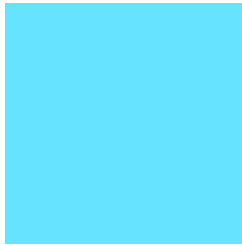


2.7293, 1.3341, 3.4219



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

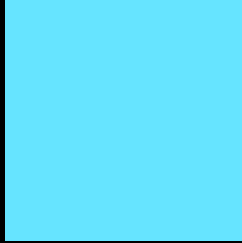
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542.



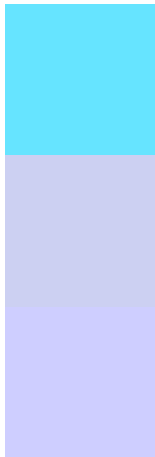
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.2729, 65.5316,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

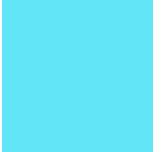
51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542

### Protanopia

63.4847, 64.3599, 93.0811

### Deuteranopia

65.5749, 64.4844, 103.5983



## **Tritanopia**

50.1082, 65.4686, 98.8027

# Trichromacy



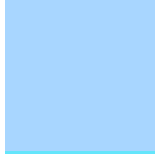
## Original Color

51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542



## Protanomaly

57.0253, 63.5318, 97.2530



## Deuteranomaly

58.2450, 63.6380, 103.8213



## Tritanomaly

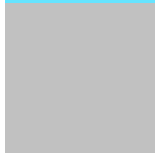
50.6874, 65.7130, 101.2792

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542



## Achromatopsia

50.6879, 53.3276, 58.0738



## Achromatomaly

48.9632, 56.5741, 73.3050

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 228, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 228, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 228, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 228, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 228, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 228, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 228, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 228, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 228, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 228,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.2729, 65.5316, 104.5542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 228, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
228, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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