

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.2365, 58.5255, 70.8881)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.2365, 58.5255, 70.8881)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.2341, 58.5231,  
70.8831)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABD0D4
RGB	171, 208, 212
RGB Percent	67%, 82%, 83%
CMY	0.3294, 0.1843, 0.1686
CMYK	0.19, 0.02, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	186°, 32%, 75%
HSV	186°, 19%, 83%
XYZ	51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831
YIQ	197.3930, -23.3360, -6.6000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

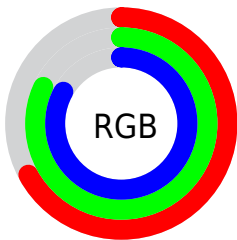
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	171, 190, 212
Decimal	11260116
CIELab	81.03, -11.31, -6.05
CIElCh	81, 12.821, 208.135
Yxy	58.5231, 0.2836, 0.3240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289450196 (0xFFABD0D4)
YUV	197.3930, 7.2013, -23.1467
Hunter-Lab	76.5004, -14.3301, -1.3862

# Details

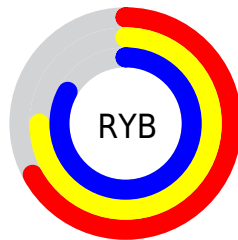
The XYZ color **51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **49.8325, 47.5974, 45.0899**, and the grayscale version is **53.2777, 56.0523, 61.0409**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.4886, 95.0709, 108.4525**, and **25.1126, 29.3971, 36.2489** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.4813, 55.3312, 70.5185**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.7375, 62.1147, 71.2872**.

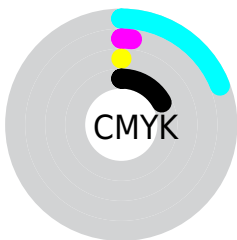
# Distribution



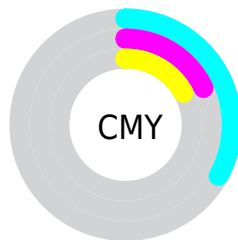
- Red (67%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.2341, 58.5231,  
70.8831

■ 51.2341, 58.5231,  
70.8831

381.8453,  
419.1323, 482.5173

■ 36.6167, 42.2293,  
51.7656

■ 91.1816, 102.6842,  
122.1602

■ 25.0832, 29.2809,  
36.4373

117.2426,  
131.3204, 155.1568

■ 16.2681, 19.2934,  
24.4797

147.8487,  
164.8394, 193.6168

■ 9.8061, 11.8825,  
15.4744

183.3654,  
203.6258, 237.9588

■ 5.3319, 6.6637,  
9.0027

224.1581,  
248.0639, 288.6013

■ 2.4800, 3.2527,  
4.6461

270.5921,

■ 0.8852, 1.2650,

298.5381, 345.9629

1.9861

323.0327,  
355.4327, 410.4620

■ 0.0000, 0.1139,  
0.5467

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.2341, 58.5231,  
70.8831

■ 51.2341, 58.5231,  
70.8831

■ 46.4813, 55.3312,  
70.5185

■ 56.7375, 62.1147,  
71.2872

■ 42.4388, 52.5137,  
70.1877

■ 63.0193, 66.1159,  
71.7285

■ 39.0701, 50.0532,  
69.8903

■ 70.1122, 70.5451,  
72.2095

■ 36.3335, 47.9282,  
69.6244

■ 77.7494, 75.2647,  
72.7180

■ 34.1826, 46.1147,  
69.3877

■ 78.2832, 76.3322,  
72.8959

■ 32.5645, 44.5855,  
69.1778

■ 78.8236, 77.4131,  
73.0761

■ 31.4168, 43.3083,  
68.9918

■ 79.3708, 78.5075,  
73.2585

■ 30.6346, 42.2290,  
68.8247

■ 79.9247, 79.6153,  
73.4431

■ 30.5872, 42.1602,  
68.8139

■ 80.4854, 80.7366,  
73.6300

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.6665, 58.5231, 63.2461



51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831



52.9673, 58.5231, 76.9922

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831



60.0833, 58.5231, 71.7733



55.7911, 58.5231, 50.1715

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831



49.8325, 47.5974, 45.0899

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.3691, 58.5231, 52.0711



51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831



60.8957, 58.5231, 64.1997

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831



58.0718, 58.5231, 77.5343



60.2587, 58.5231, 57.0597



53.2468, 58.5231, 51.6555



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831



54.5793, 58.5231, 79.1619



60.2587, 58.5231, 57.0597



56.6829, 58.5231, 50.4323

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.2358, 58.5255, 70.8844



89.1694, 96.2647, 108.4890



48.0198, 58.8182, 49.0810



18.9546, 20.5206, 23.2118



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.2358, 58.5255, 70.8844



74.8690, 86.9285, 107.4406



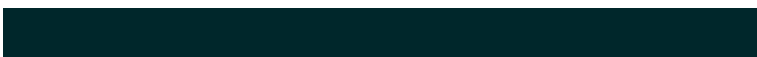
46.6803, 49.4146, 69.3659



12.6839, 13.8912, 15.9503



18.9239, 26.1095, 42.4954



1.1721, 1.6362, 2.5733



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.1008, 47.6782, 66.0813



78.2019, 67.7551, 98.8096



53.9995, 55.9313, 46.4789



12.8984, 12.6109, 15.4052



22.6107, 10.9806, 31.5839

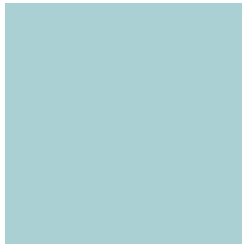


1.3793, 0.6685, 1.9865



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

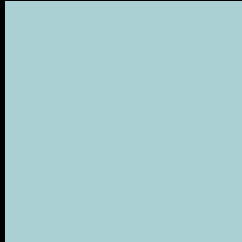
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

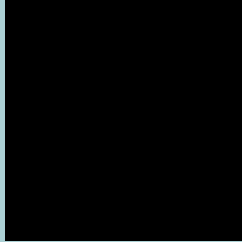
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831.



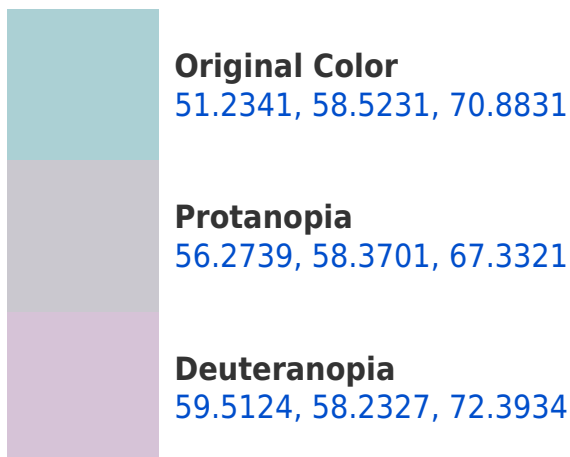
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.2341, 58.5231,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

52.6242, 58.3546, 78.3020

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831

**Protanomaly**

54.3504, 58.3917, 68.7277

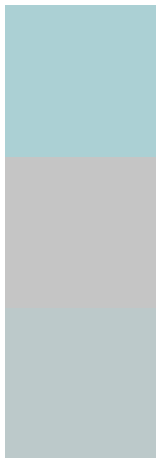
**Deuteranomaly**

56.0806, 58.1694, 71.8904

**Tritanomaly**

52.1123, 58.5108, 75.5649

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831

**Achromatopsia**

53.0703, 55.8340, 60.8033

**Achromatomaly**

52.2864, 56.7289, 64.0711

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 208, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 208, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 208, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 208, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 208, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 208, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 208, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 208, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 208, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 208,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.2341, 58.5231, 70.8831 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 208, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
208, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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