

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.2885, 58.2596,  
103.1498)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.2885, 58.2596, 103.1498)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(51.3317, 58.2242,  
103.1407)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AD1FF
RGB	138, 209, 255
RGB Percent	54%, 82%, 100%
CMY	0.4588, 0.1804, 0.0000
CMYK	0.46, 0.18, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	204°, 100%, 77%
HSV	204°, 46%, 100%
XYZ	51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407
YIQ	193.0150, -57.0820, -0.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

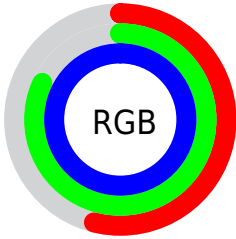
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	138, 182, 255
Decimal	9097727
CIE Lab	80.86, -10.33, -29.41
CIE LCh	81, 31.178, 250.641
Yxy	58.2242, 0.2413, 0.2737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287287807 (0xFF8AD1FF)
YUV	193.0150, 30.5586, -48.2482
Hunter-Lab	76.3048, -13.4530, -26.7286

# Details

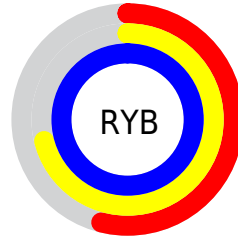
The XYZ color **51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **62.9687, 57.3769, 31.8028**, and the grayscale version is **50.5491, 53.1816, 57.9148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.5750, 90.4758, 108.0354**, and **25.2227, 29.2254, 57.7378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.2149, 51.5347, 102.1719**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.5969, 65.7380, 104.2081**.

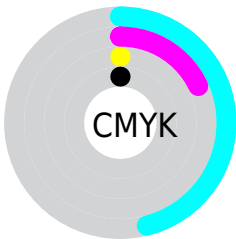
# Distribution



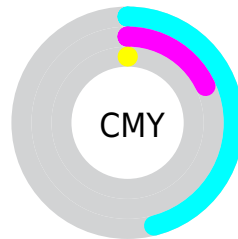
- Red (54%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.3317, 58.2242,  
103.1407

■ 51.3317, 58.2242,  
103.1407

382.2176,  
418.0208, 591.5483

■ 36.6948, 41.9889,  
78.2946

■ 91.3250, 102.2493,  
167.5560

■ 25.1438, 29.0926,  
57.7981

■ 117.4120,  
130.8079, 207.9622

■ 16.3136, 19.1509,  
41.2328

148.0465,  
164.2430, 254.3922

■ 9.8386, 11.7794,  
28.1799

183.5937,  
202.9391, 307.2646

■ 5.3535, 6.5936,  
18.2211

224.4191,  
247.2805, 366.9979

■ 2.4930, 3.2093,  
10.9378

270.8880,

■ 0.8917, 1.2419,

297.6517, 434.0105

5.9114

323.3657,  
354.4370, 508.7211

■ 0.0000, 0.0956,  
2.7233

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9551

■ 51.3317, 58.2242,  
103.1407

■ 51.3317, 58.2242,  
103.1407

■ 45.2149, 51.5347,  
102.1719

■ 58.5969, 65.7380,  
104.2081

■ 40.1684, 45.6213,  
101.2964

■ 67.0718, 74.1080,  
105.3770

■ 36.1113, 40.4393,  
100.5100

■ 76.8190, 83.3718,  
106.6513

■ 32.9475, 35.9346,  
99.8073

■ 87.8950, 93.5623,  
108.0345

■ 30.5585, 32.0417,  
99.1818

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 29.7292, 30.5784,  
98.9431

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.4561, 58.2242, 89.4475



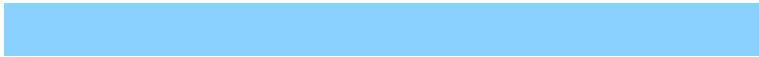
51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407



57.6614, 58.2242, 105.0850

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407



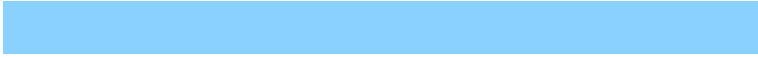
68.4407, 58.2242, 57.0633



47.6520, 58.2242, 40.0909

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407



62.9687, 57.3769, 31.8028

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.0825, 58.2242, 34.5122



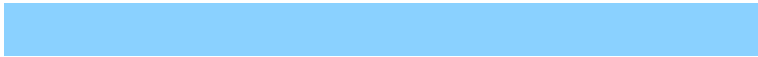
51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407



65.2907, 58.2242, 42.9687

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407



67.8803, 58.2242, 75.9090



59.5525, 58.2242, 35.4519

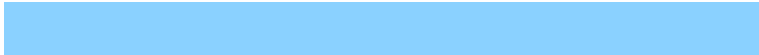


44.4485, 58.2242, 52.3401



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407



61.9024, 58.2242, 99.1136



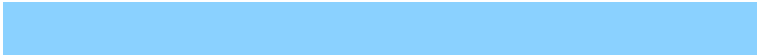
59.5525, 58.2242, 35.4519



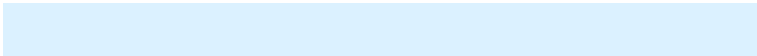
49.2593, 58.2242, 37.4921

# Sweetspot

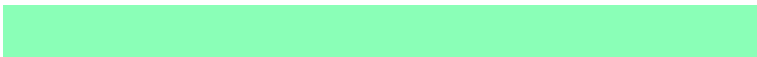
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.3334, 58.2263, 103.1410



78.7986, 85.2162, 106.9030



54.7741, 80.3365, 57.3393



16.3808, 17.7874, 22.8199



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

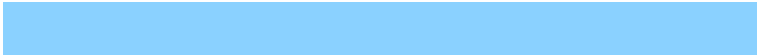


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.3334, 58.2263, 103.1410



45.7094, 52.0919, 102.2533



39.7044, 34.9682, 99.2646



17.9204, 19.2123, 23.0138



15.6838, 16.2772, 51.7498



1.6336, 1.7979, 5.0742



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.8383, 44.0421, 65.5655



57.7513, 37.6281, 58.7773



77.3870, 86.2135, 36.6089



18.4725, 18.1723, 21.1051



24.7047, 12.3712, 17.6270

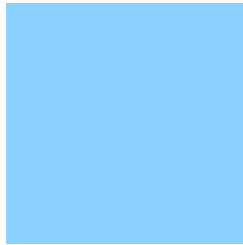


2.4592, 1.2260, 1.9994



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

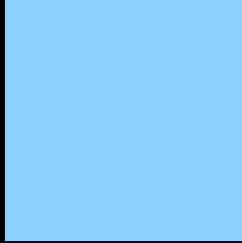
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

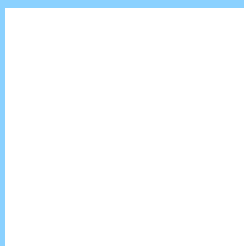
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.3317, 58.2242,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407

### Protanopia

57.7216, 57.7949, 96.1090

### Deuteranopia

59.0025, 57.9713, 102.6876



## Tritanopia

47.4373, 58.1270, 83.5823

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407

## Protanomaly

54.9534, 57.6892, 98.6813

## Deuteranomaly

55.5142, 57.5393, 102.7880

## Tritanomaly

48.9550, 58.3873, 90.3510

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407

## Achromatopsia

50.6879, 53.3276, 58.0738

## Achromatomaly

50.0517, 54.6890, 72.8838

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 209, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 209, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 209, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 209, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 209, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 209, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 209, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 209, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 209, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 209,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.3317, 58.2242, 103.1407 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 209, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
209, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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