

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.3591, 53.0522, 52.5075)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.3591, 53.0522, 52.5075)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(51.2654, 53.0980,  
52.3467)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C9BFB7
RGB	201, 191, 183
RGB Percent	79%, 75%, 72%
CMY	0.2118, 0.2510, 0.2823
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.09, 0.21
HSL	27°, 14%, 75%
HSV	27°, 9%, 79%
XYZ	51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467
YIQ	193.0780, 8.5280, -0.3680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

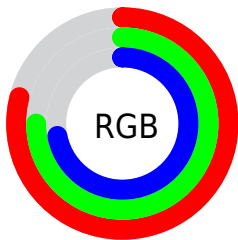
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	201, 197, 183
Decimal	13221815
CIE Lab	77.93, 2.12, 5.28
CIE LCh	78, 5.686, 68.097
Yxy	53.0980, 0.3271, 0.3388
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291411895 (0xFFC9BFB7)
YUV	193.0780, -4.9685, 6.9476
Hunter-Lab	72.8684, -1.9388, 8.4155

# Details

The XYZ color **51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **49.1408, 52.4232, 62.7875**, and the grayscale version is **50.7604, 53.4039, 58.1568**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.0808, 94.0135, 95.0600**, and **25.1504, 25.9917, 24.8104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.9791, 47.6374, 41.3229**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.0390, 59.0539, 65.0083**.

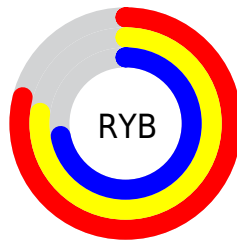
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (75%)

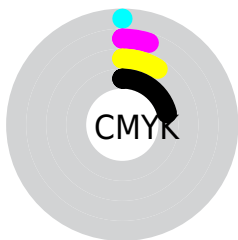
Blue (72%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (72%)

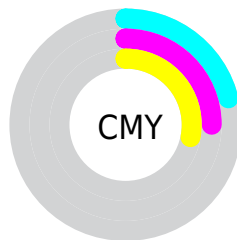


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (25%)


Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.2654, 53.0980,  
52.3467

 51.2654, 53.0980,  
52.3467


381.9647,  
398.6610, 412.7686

 36.6418, 37.8810,  
36.8974


 91.2276, 94.7486,  
95.0741

 25.1027, 25.8903,  
24.8329


117.2969,  
121.9509, 123.1893

 16.2827, 16.7416,  
15.7347


147.9121,  
153.9172, 156.3635

 9.8165, 10.0504,  
9.1843

183.4387,  
191.0318, 195.0152

 5.3388, 5.4324,  
4.7631

224.2418,  
233.6790, 239.5631

 2.4842, 2.5031,  
2.0527

270.6870,

 0.8873, 0.8782,

282.2434, 290.4255

0.5874

323.1395,  
337.1093, 348.0212

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.2654, 53.0980,  
52.3467

■ 51.2654, 53.0980,  
52.3467

■ 46.9791, 47.6374,  
41.3229

■ 56.0390, 59.0539,  
65.0083

■ 43.1590, 42.6518,  
31.8656

■ 61.3114, 65.5108,  
79.3680

■ 39.7888, 38.1297,  
23.9036

■ 67.0990, 72.4832,  
95.4872

■ 36.8495, 34.0563,  
17.3586

■ 72.0337, 79.4299,  
106.1427

■ 34.3206, 30.4162,  
12.1450

■ 75.3425, 86.0474,  
107.2456

■ 32.1796, 27.1927,  
8.1680

■ 77.8976, 91.1576,  
108.0973

■ 30.4013, 24.3677,  
5.3199

■ 28.9568, 21.9213,  
3.4743

■ 27.8012, 19.8265,  
2.4219

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.1600, 53.0980, 54.1382



51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467



50.1691, 53.0980, 51.9929

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467



48.3921, 53.0980, 58.6767



51.7914, 53.0980, 62.7406

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



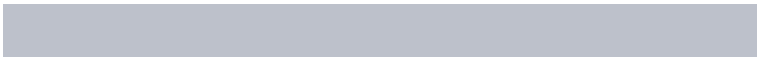
51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467



49.1408, 52.4232, 62.7875

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.7682, 53.0980, 64.0556



51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467



48.8131, 53.0980, 61.6540

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467



48.5208, 53.0980, 55.5727



49.6790, 53.0980, 63.6508



52.4667, 53.0980, 60.1162



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467



49.4732, 53.0980, 52.6074



49.6790, 53.0980, 63.6508



51.4761, 53.0980, 63.3547

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.2669, 53.1003, 52.3478



92.5022, 96.8363, 102.0950



50.6695, 50.1444, 57.5780



19.6564, 20.5488, 21.4729



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

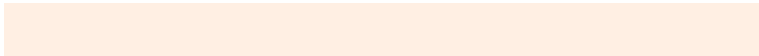


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.2669, 53.1003, 52.3478



86.0886, 88.7841, 85.2365



53.2432, 57.0529, 53.0066



11.0156, 11.4003, 11.1827



17.4995, 12.5162, 1.4935



0.9006, 0.7366, 0.0947

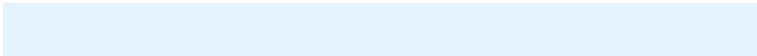


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.1408, 52.4232, 62.7875



81.6221, 87.3614, 107.1682



47.2538, 48.6492, 62.1585



10.5369, 11.2478, 13.5332



10.3385, 10.0709, 36.1433



0.5610, 0.6197, 1.7352



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

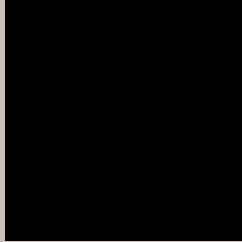
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467.



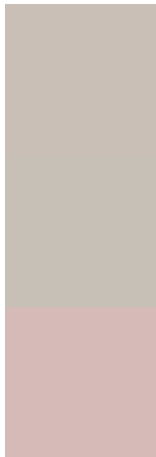
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.2654, 53.0980,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467

### Protanopia

50.6856, 53.1239, 52.3823

### Deuteranopia

53.9422, 52.8746, 52.7102



## Tritanopia

53.6646, 53.1156, 63.9238

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467

## Protanomaly

50.9501, 53.2603, 52.3947

## Deuteranomaly

52.9294, 52.9824, 52.7844

## Tritanomaly

52.7900, 53.0772, 59.6871

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467

## Achromatopsia

50.6879, 53.3276, 58.0738

## Achromatomaly

50.7999, 53.1092, 55.7178

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 191, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 191, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 191, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 191, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 191, 183) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 191, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 191, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 191, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 191, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 191,  
183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.2654, 53.0980, 52.3467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 191, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
191, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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