

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.4344, 41.7246, 15.9060)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.4344, 41.7246, 15.9060)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.5210, 41.8153,  
15.9454)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9935E
RGB	249, 147, 94
RGB Percent	98%, 58%, 37%
CMY	0.0235, 0.4235, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.62, 0.02
HSL	21°, 93%, 67%
HSV	21°, 62%, 98%
XYZ	51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454
YIQ	171.4560, 77.8050, 5.1410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

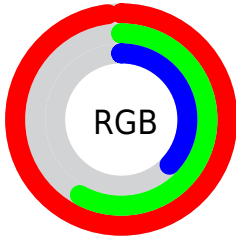
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	249, 175, 94
Decimal	16356190
CIE Lab	70.74, 33.79, 44.14
CIE LCh	71, 55.584, 52.568
Yxy	41.8153, 0.4715, 0.3826
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294546270 (0xFFFF9935E)
YUV	171.4560, -38.1858, 68.0061
Hunter-Lab	64.6648, 29.0548, 30.6453

# Details

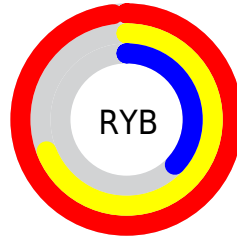
The XYZ color **51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **41.4536, 48.6964, 96.8365**, and the grayscale version is **39.0981, 41.1342, 44.7951**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.5488, 65.5764, 36.2914**, and **25.3049, 19.0652, 4.8289** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.2097, 36.7019, 10.1901**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.5575, 47.8030, 23.7205**.

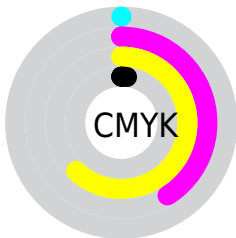
# Distribution



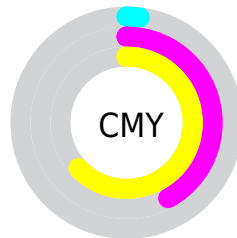
- Red (98%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.5210, 41.8153,  
15.9454

 51.5210, 41.8153,  
15.9454


382.9390,  
353.7167, 240.8540

 36.8461, 28.9567,  
9.3316


 91.6028, 77.9200,  
37.2689


 25.2615, 19.0481,  
4.8583


 117.7405,  
101.9349, 52.8156

 16.4018, 11.7050,  
2.1071


 148.4299,  
130.4374, 72.1770

 9.9015, 6.5431,  
0.6200

 184.0363,  
163.8118, 95.7718

 5.3955, 3.1781,  
0.0000

224.9250,  
202.4425, 124.0183

 2.5183, 1.2254,  
0.0000

271.4615,

 0.9045, 0.0823,

246.7140, 157.3351

0.0000

324.0110,  
297.0106, 196.1409

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.5210, 41.8153,  
15.9454

■ 51.5210, 41.8153,  
15.9454

■ 48.2097, 36.7019,  
10.1901

■ 55.5575, 47.8030,  
23.7205

■ 45.5693, 32.4113,  
6.2571

■ 60.3618, 54.6996,  
33.6828

■ 43.5408, 28.8955,  
3.9122

■ 65.9765, 62.5457,  
45.9846

■ 42.3271, 26.6605,  
2.9151

■ 72.4399, 71.3773,  
60.7638

■ 79.7875, 81.2283,  
78.1476

88.0531, 92.1310,  
98.2544

92.8767, 98.8796,  
108.7983

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.4622, 41.8153, 28.6943



51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454



42.0814, 41.8153, 11.4642

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454



24.6314, 41.8153, 39.2738



46.9423, 41.8153, 110.3356

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454



41.4536, 48.6964, 96.8365

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.4951, 41.8153, 116.6979



51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454



25.5202, 41.8153, 67.9228

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454



27.2651, 41.8153, 21.1195



29.9145, 41.8153, 98.9073



55.5465, 41.8153, 83.8808



# Rectangle

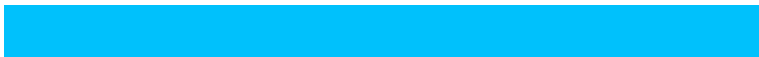
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454



36.0107, 41.8153, 11.7820



29.9145, 41.8153, 98.9073



43.7272, 41.8153, 115.2248

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.5220, 41.8175, 15.9462



78.8669, 78.5818, 69.7545



53.1859, 32.1919, 56.4343



16.4240, 16.2038, 13.8606



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.5220, 41.8175, 15.9462



50.0287, 37.3681, 9.3892



67.5193, 73.8121, 21.2786



17.7298, 18.1955, 18.0400



22.7754, 14.5074, 1.5998



2.2037, 1.5322, 0.1796



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.4536, 48.6964, 96.8365



38.4745, 44.9543, 101.2570



28.4117, 22.6125, 92.4892



17.2368, 18.5504, 22.0574



16.3816, 18.1189, 50.6074



1.6157, 1.8750, 4.7199



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

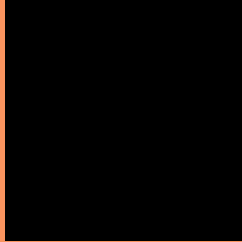
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5210, 41.8153,

15.9454.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454

### Protanopia

38.8194, 42.1985, 18.9311

### Deuteranopia

42.7412, 41.7946, 15.4873



## Tritanopia

55.3911, 41.8408, 34.0108

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454

**Protanomaly**

42.4397, 41.3199, 17.7953

**Deuteranomaly**

45.4792, 41.3778, 15.4872

**Tritanomaly**

53.9966, 41.9521, 26.3707

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454

**Achromatopsia**

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

**Achromatomaly**

41.4314, 39.9659, 31.5171

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 147, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 147, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 147, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 147, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 147, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 147, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 147, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 147, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 147, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 147,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.5210, 41.8153, 15.9454 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 147, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
147, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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