

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.4424, 39.4756, 65.9304)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.4424, 39.4756, 65.9304)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(51.4301, 39.5287,  
65.8919)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DE8ED2
RGB	222, 142, 210
RGB Percent	87%, 56%, 82%
CMY	0.1294, 0.4431, 0.1765
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.05, 0.13
HSL	309°, 55%, 71%
HSV	309°, 36%, 87%
XYZ	51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919
YIQ	173.6720, 25.8520, 38.1080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

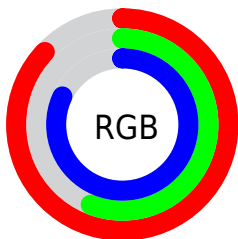
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">222, 142, 210</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14585554</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.13, 40.49, -22.39</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 46.267, 331.059</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.5287, 0.3279, 0.2520</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292775634 (0xFFDE8ED2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">173.6720, 17.9097, 42.3837</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.8719, 35.9899, -18.1277</a>

# Details

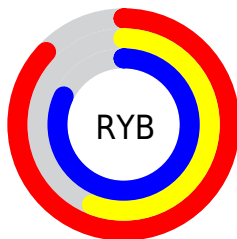
The XYZ color **51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **43.1110, 60.3278, 39.9465**, and the grayscale version is **39.9668, 42.0482, 45.7905**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.2563, 68.4125, 103.6354**, and **25.2984, 17.7859, 33.1100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.0399, 33.4047, 62.7363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.4892, 46.9751, 69.3139**.

# Distribution



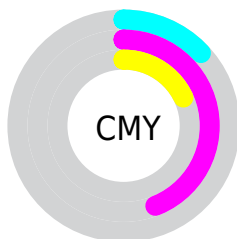
- Red (87%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.4301, 39.5287,  
65.8919

 51.4301, 39.5287,  
65.8919


382.5927,  
344.1331, 464.3838

 36.7734, 27.1713,  
47.7287


 91.4694, 74.4453,  
114.9567

 25.2050, 17.7019,  
33.2536


 117.5828, 97.7733,  
146.6954

 16.3594, 10.7362,  
22.0481


148.2458,  
125.5268, 183.7963

 9.8713, 5.8897,  
13.6936

183.8238,  
158.0905, 226.6781

 5.3753, 2.7781,  
7.7716

224.6822,  
195.8485, 275.7592

 2.5061, 1.0170,  
3.8635

271.1862,

 0.8983, 0.0000,

239.1854, 331.4581

1.5507

323.7012,  
288.4854, 394.1935

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2553

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.4301, 39.5287,  
65.8919

■ 51.4301, 39.5287,  
65.8919

■ 48.0399, 33.4047,  
62.7363

■ 55.4892, 46.9751,  
69.3139

■ 45.2755, 28.5194,  
59.8312

■ 60.2494, 55.8108,  
73.0121

■ 43.0947, 24.7876,  
57.1627

■ 65.7456, 66.1042,  
76.9987

■ 41.4484, 22.1112,  
54.7143

■ 72.0089, 77.9179,  
81.2844

40.2794, 20.3759,  
52.4665

79.0689, 91.3108,  
85.8792

39.5165, 19.4395,  
50.3954

80.1652, 92.7620,  
88.5300

39.2772, 19.1908,  
49.6065

80.6374, 92.9509,  
91.0169

81.1187, 93.1434,  
93.5511

81.6090, 93.3395,  
96.1328

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.3900, 39.5287, 88.1667



51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919



53.6461, 39.5287, 42.2921

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919



37.3088, 39.5287, 13.8244



26.6645, 39.5287, 67.6380

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919



43.1110, 60.3278, 39.9465

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.0779, 39.5287, 43.7967



51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919



30.7055, 39.5287, 16.7419

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919



44.8759, 39.5287, 16.3442



26.4561, 39.5287, 26.1964



31.1050, 39.5287, 89.3857



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919



52.4546, 39.5287, 30.0092



26.4561, 39.5287, 26.1964



25.8080, 39.5287, 59.3838

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.4313, 39.5305, 65.8927



86.0752, 83.1228, 102.6027



36.1860, 31.4919, 73.2796



18.2059, 17.3840, 21.8025



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.4313, 39.5305, 65.8927



66.9327, 47.8234, 87.0170



47.0544, 37.7797, 42.8442



14.2020, 13.8984, 16.8340



23.3624, 11.4120, 29.6380



1.6437, 0.8007, 2.1824



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.4313, 39.5305, 65.8927



66.9327, 47.8234, 87.0170



47.0157, 61.8897, 60.5084



14.2020, 13.8984, 16.8340



23.3624, 11.4120, 29.6380



1.6437, 0.8007, 2.1824



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

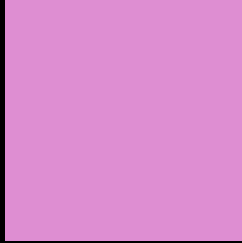
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

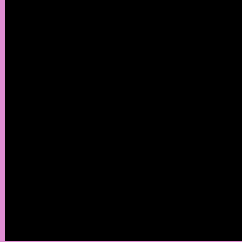
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.4301, 39.5287,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919

### Protanopia

40.7712, 39.9143, 78.9541

### Deuteranopia

40.5321, 39.5820, 63.8963



## Tritanopia

45.9964, 39.3765, 39.8265

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919



## Protanomaly

43.4095, 39.0213, 73.6505



## Deuteranomaly

43.8130, 39.1837, 64.2855



## Tritanomaly

47.7416, 39.3805, 48.2650

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919



## Achromatopsia

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938



## Achromatomaly

43.3758, 40.5049, 52.5458

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 142, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 142, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 142, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 142, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 142, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 142, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 142, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 142, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 142, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 142,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.4301, 39.5287, 65.8919 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 142, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
142, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor