

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.5088, 54.7640,  
105.4635)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.5088, 54.7640, 105.4635)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(50.8678, 54.4564,  
102.4379)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95C7FF
RGB	149, 199, 255
RGB Percent	58%, 78%, 100%
CMY	0.4157, 0.2196, 0.0000
CMYK	0.42, 0.22, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	212°, 100%, 79%
HSV	212°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379
YIQ	190.4340, -47.7760, 6.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

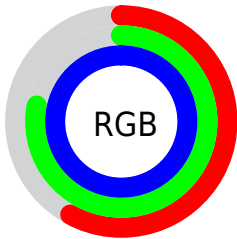
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">149, 183, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9816063</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">78.73, -2.36, -32.65</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 32.736, 265.870</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">54.4564, 0.2448, 0.2621</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288006143</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF95C7FF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">190.4340, 31.8310, -36.3376</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">73.7946, -6.0976, -30.6472</a>

# Details

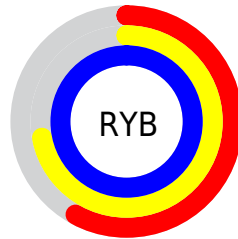
The XYZ color **50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **68.4967, 67.0931, 37.7757**, and the grayscale version is **49.0370, 51.5907, 56.1823**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.2636, 91.8618, 108.1612**, and **24.8326, 26.6552, 57.2622** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.7512, 46.3892, 101.2558**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.2805, 63.6014, 103.7596**.

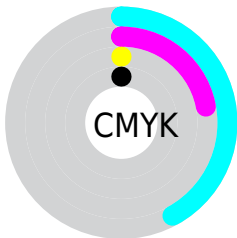
# Distribution



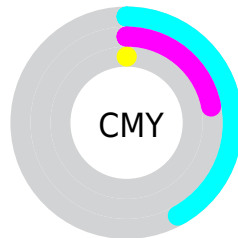
- Red (58%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 50.8678, 54.4564,  
102.4379

■ 50.8678, 54.4564,  
102.4379

380.4461,  
403.8480, 589.2941

■ 36.3240, 38.9667,  
77.7099

■ 90.6435, 96.7440,  
166.5844

■ 24.8558, 26.7338,  
57.3207

■ 116.6061,  
124.3107, 206.8400

■ 16.0978, 17.3734,  
40.8517

147.1057,  
156.6719, 253.1085

■ 9.6847, 10.5011,  
27.8844

182.5077,  
194.2118, 305.8085

■ 5.2511, 5.7324,  
18.0002

223.1773,  
237.3151, 365.3585

■ 2.4316, 2.6831,  
10.7807

269.4800,

■ 0.8609, 0.9686,

286.3659, 432.1771

5.8073

321.7812,  
341.7487, 506.6828

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.6614

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.9239

■ 50.8678, 54.4564,  
102.4379

■ 50.8678, 54.4564,  
102.4379

■ 43.7512, 46.3892,  
101.2558

■ 59.2805, 63.6014,  
103.7596

■ 37.8515, 39.3450,  
100.2071

■ 69.0523, 73.8634,  
105.2254

■ 33.0878, 33.2724,  
99.2860

■ 80.2477, 85.2866,  
106.8402

■ 29.3659, 28.1112,  
98.4860

■ 92.9255, 97.9106,  
108.6087

■ 26.5734, 23.7917, 95.0500, 100.0000,  
97.7994 108.9000

■ 24.8009, 20.7218,  
97.3003

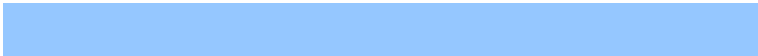
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.0838, 54.4564, 93.9743



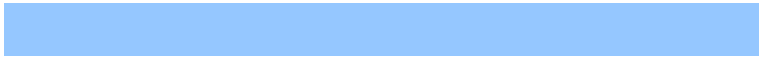
50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379



57.3835, 54.4564, 97.5080

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379



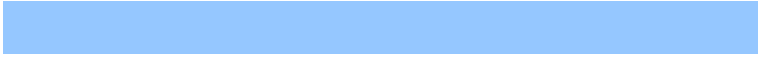
63.7883, 54.4564, 45.0577



42.1228, 54.4564, 41.4549

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379



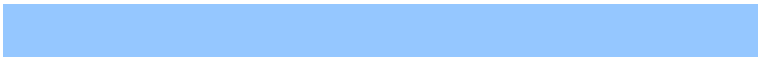
68.4967, 67.0931, 37.7757

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.5149, 54.4564, 32.6510



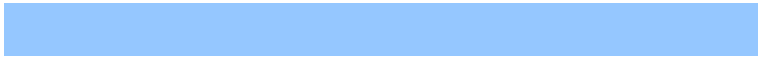
50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379



59.0630, 54.4564, 34.4065

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379



65.1955, 54.4564, 61.8986



52.6609, 54.4564, 30.3681

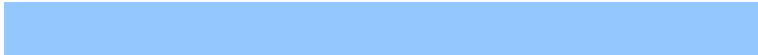


40.3087, 54.4564, 56.7630



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379



61.2189, 54.4564, 87.7447



52.6609, 54.4564, 30.3681



43.3279, 54.4564, 37.7720

# Sweetspot

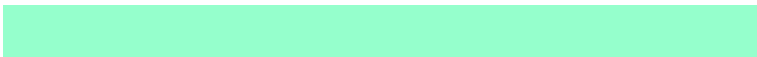
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.8694, 54.4584, 102.4382



79.7326, 84.7673, 106.7671



59.0266, 82.2585, 69.7479



16.7371, 17.8113, 22.8057



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

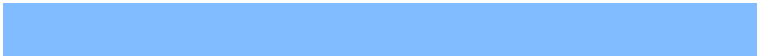


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.8694, 54.4584, 102.4382



44.7841, 47.5846, 101.4321



41.5181, 35.2737, 99.2280



17.7096, 18.7908, 22.9435



13.1058, 11.1211, 50.8904



1.3844, 1.2995, 4.9911



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.2973, 46.8799, 59.8002



57.9328, 40.1837, 52.0782



81.7782, 94.6165, 42.3882



18.3661, 18.1297, 20.5449



23.4034, 11.8506, 10.7747

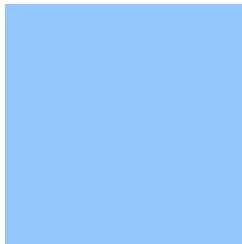


2.3334, 1.1757, 1.3370



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

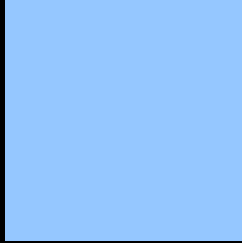
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

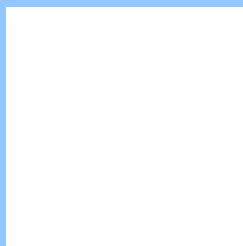
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 50.8678, 54.4564,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379

### Protanopia

54.6954, 54.1851, 98.0185

### Deuteranopia

55.2712, 54.0653, 102.1303



## Tritanopia

45.8314, 54.5120, 77.2135

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379

## Protanomaly

53.2342, 54.3833, 99.7867

## Deuteranomaly

53.4902, 54.1284, 102.2363

## Tritanomaly

47.5349, 54.4920, 85.8546

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379

## Achromatopsia

48.9429, 51.4918, 56.0745

## Achromatomaly

48.8868, 52.1089, 71.0997

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 199, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 199, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 199, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 199, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 199, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 199, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 199, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 199, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 199, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 199,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 50.8678, 54.4564, 102.4379 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 199, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
199, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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