

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.5585, 43.4335, 37.2213)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.5585, 43.4335, 37.2213)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.4935, 43.5009,  
37.1350)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E99C9C
RGB	233, 156, 156
RGB Percent	91%, 61%, 61%
CMY	0.0863, 0.3882, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.33, 0.09
HSL	0°, 64%, 76%
HSV	0°, 33%, 91%
XYZ	51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350
YIQ	179.0230, 45.8920, 16.3240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

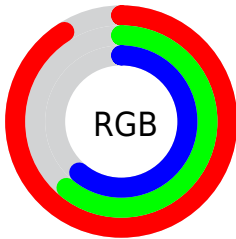
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 156, 156
Decimal	15309980
CIE Lab	71.89, 28.75, 11.81
CIE LCh	72, 31.084, 22.322
Yxy	43.5009, 0.3897, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293500060 (0xFFE99C9C)
YUV	179.0230, -11.3503, 47.3378
Hunter-Lab	65.9552, 23.9395, 12.7864

# Details

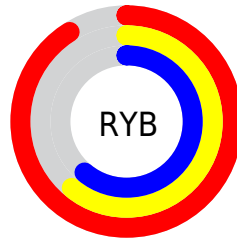
The XYZ color **51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **57.5561, 71.2263, 87.8054**, and the grayscale version is **42.9025, 45.1368, 49.1539**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.1671, 72.5017, 70.9525**, and **25.1793, 20.0345, 15.9046** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.1649, 35.7040, 26.5406**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.9527, 52.9530, 49.9742**.

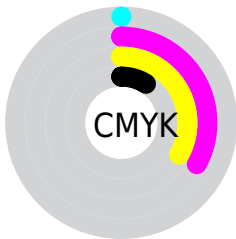
# Distribution



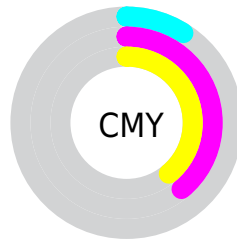
- Red (91%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 51.4935, 43.5009,  
37.1350

 51.4935, 43.5009,  
37.1350


382.8343,  
360.6677, 349.0809

 36.8241, 30.2783,  
25.0154


 91.5625, 80.4662,  
71.9690

 25.2444, 20.0499,  
15.8694


 117.6928,  
104.9777, 95.5205

 16.3889, 12.4314,  
9.2784

148.3742,  
134.0210, 123.7198

 9.8924, 7.0382,  
4.8240

183.9720,  
167.9804, 156.9853

 5.3894, 3.4860,  
2.0874

224.8516,  
207.2404, 195.7356

 2.5146, 1.3904,  
0.6083

271.3782,

 0.9026, 0.2096,

252.1854, 240.3893

0.0000

323.9173,  
303.1996, 291.3649

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.4935, 43.5009,  
37.1350

■ 51.4935, 43.5009,  
37.1350

■ 46.1649, 35.7040,  
26.5406

■ 57.9527, 52.9530,  
49.9742

■ 41.8987, 29.4612,  
18.0598

■ 65.5987, 64.1411,  
65.1741

■ 38.6247, 24.6704,  
11.5516

■ 74.4878, 77.1485,  
82.8457

■ 36.2631, 21.2146,  
6.8571

■ 84.6722, 92.0509,  
103.0921

■ 34.7214, 18.9585,  
3.7926

■ 87.4143, 96.0637,  
108.5427

■ 33.8878, 17.7387,  
2.1359

■ 33.6045, 17.3240,  
1.5727

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.2746, 43.5009, 51.3671



51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350



47.8840, 43.5009, 27.8391

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350



33.8033, 43.5009, 31.6901



40.0014, 43.5009, 82.5202

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350



57.5561, 71.2263, 87.8054

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.4325, 43.5009, 74.3810



51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350



32.0583, 43.5009, 43.5766

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350



37.6001, 43.5009, 25.1951



32.6282, 43.5009, 59.3200



45.3334, 43.5009, 79.7674



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350



44.5145, 43.5009, 24.6685



32.6282, 43.5009, 59.3200



38.3321, 43.5009, 80.9162

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.4947, 43.5030, 37.1359



83.6111, 83.2618, 86.1596



60.2010, 46.9842, 82.9868



17.5792, 17.3576, 17.8115



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.4947, 43.5030, 37.1359



58.3821, 46.3445, 36.0053



59.0086, 58.5308, 39.6405



15.0656, 15.0542, 15.6304



19.0679, 9.8301, 0.8924



1.4973, 0.7720, 0.0701



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.5561, 71.2263, 87.8054



66.9448, 85.5081, 107.5841



47.8219, 51.7580, 84.5607



15.5177, 17.1217, 19.4092



24.8773, 36.4016, 49.4580

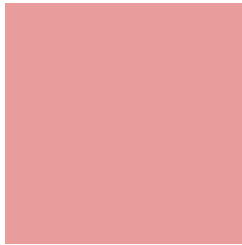


1.9535, 2.8585, 3.8837



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.4935, 43.5009,

37.1350.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350

### Protanopia

41.6997, 43.7489, 42.3230

### Deuteranopia

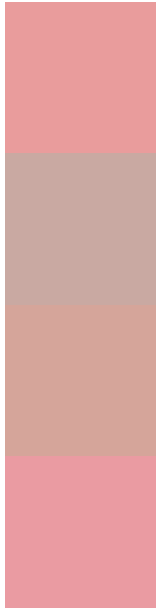
44.4816, 43.6059, 36.2093



## Tritanopia

52.3702, 43.3568, 41.6849

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350

## Protanomaly

44.7969, 43.4021, 40.1988

## Deuteranomaly

46.7284, 43.3895, 36.4840

## Tritanomaly

52.1746, 43.5437, 39.8373

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350

## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906

## Achromatomaly

45.4668, 44.2082, 44.6648

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 156, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 156, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 156, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 156, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 156, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 156, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 156, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 156, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 156, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 156,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.4935, 43.5009, 37.1350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 156, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
156, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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