

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.5629, 25.3892, 56.2898)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.5629, 25.3892, 56.2898)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.5488, 25.3835,  
56.2154)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF00C7
RGB	255, 0, 199
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 78%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9998, 0.2196
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	313°, 100%, 50%
HSV	313°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154
YIQ	98.9310, 88.1010, 115.9490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

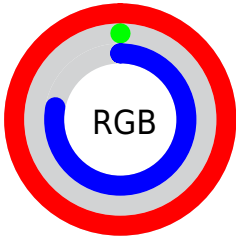
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 0, 199
Decimal	16711879
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.45, 91.17, -33.81
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 97.238, 339.651
Yxy	25.3835, 0.3872, 0.1906
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901959 (0xFFFF00C7)
YUV	98.9310, 49.3340, 136.8725
Hunter-Lab	50.3820, 94.4652, -30.8873

# Details

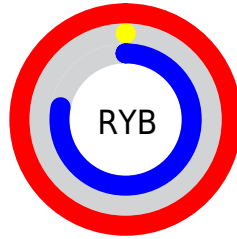
The XYZ color **51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF00CC**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **36.4758, 71.8064, 15.6860**, and the grayscale version is **11.7147, 12.3248, 13.4217**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.1402, 38.1805, 98.5967**, and **27.1032, 13.3818, 27.9425** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.5474, 25.3830, 56.2082**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.5710, 26.3678, 59.8244**.

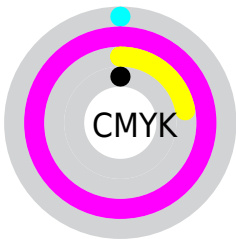
# Distribution



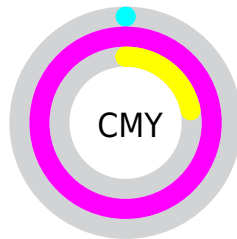
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 51.5488, 25.3835,  
56.2154


 51.5488, 25.3835,  
56.2154


383.0449,  
279.7424, 427.9138

 36.8684, 16.3630,  
39.9705


 91.6436, 52.2787,  
100.8084


 25.2788, 9.7814,  
27.2019


 117.7888, 70.9222,  
129.9935


 16.4147, 5.2543,  
17.4912


 148.4862, 93.5421,  
164.3292

 9.9108, 2.3972,  
10.4196

 184.1012,  
120.5229, 204.2339

 5.4017, 0.8244,  
5.5688

 224.9993,  
152.2489, 250.1262

 2.5220, 0.0000,  
2.5202

271.5456,

 0.9063, 0.0000,

189.1046, 302.4245

0.8508

324.1057,  
231.4743, 361.5476

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.5488, 25.3835,  
56.2154

■ 51.5488, 25.3835,  
56.2154

■ 51.5474, 25.3830,  
56.2082

■ 52.5710, 26.3678,  
59.8244

■ 54.0844, 28.2957,  
63.7163

■ 56.2322, 31.4535,  
67.9403

■ 59.1020, 36.0157,  
72.5266

■ 62.7673, 42.1290,  
77.5011

67.2922, 49.9213,  
82.8862

72.7344, 59.5075,  
88.7023

79.1463, 70.9921,  
94.9680

86.5763, 84.4716,  
101.7006

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.2743, 25.3835, 111.3525



51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154



53.3488, 25.3835, 18.2793

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154



20.5878, 25.3835, 0.2227



10.7384, 25.3835, 91.4245

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154



36.4758, 71.8064, 15.6860

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.1763, 25.3835, 39.7456



51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154



12.5390, 25.3835, 1.8879

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154



32.7117, 25.3835, 0.5507



8.7089, 25.3835, 10.8843



17.1921, 25.3835, 140.6246



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154



49.0621, 25.3835, 6.5907



8.7089, 25.3835, 10.8843



9.5045, 25.3835, 72.6170

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.5494, 25.3847, 56.2158



72.7216, 59.4847, 88.6892



19.6423, 8.0417, 95.1247



15.0498, 11.8192, 18.4468



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.5494, 25.3847, 56.2158



51.5474, 25.3830, 56.2082



42.4198, 21.7329, 8.1396



18.6118, 18.2280, 21.8389



26.9929, 13.2864, 29.6767



2.6684, 1.3097, 3.1012



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.5494, 25.3847, 56.2158



51.5474, 25.3830, 56.2082



44.2836, 74.9295, 56.8008



18.6118, 18.2280, 21.8389



26.9929, 13.2864, 29.6767



2.6684, 1.3097, 3.1012



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

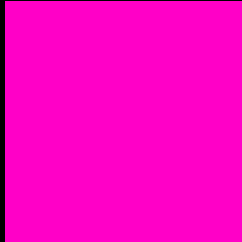
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5488, 25.3835,

56.2154.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154

### Protanopia

29.8559, 26.1676, 98.0850

### Deuteranopia

26.4128, 25.8721, 50.0561



## Tritanopia

42.2918, 25.6661, 10.9087

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154



## Protanomaly

29.4785, 18.4045, 80.5960



## Deuteranomaly

30.0457, 19.4622, 51.4632



## Tritanomaly

43.9092, 23.9016, 21.7012

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154



## Achromatopsia

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877



## Achromatomaly

19.8610, 12.3722, 24.2630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.5488, 25.3835, 56.2154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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