

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.5693, 54.6695, 61.9234)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.5693, 54.6695, 61.9234)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(51.5346, 54.6797,  
61.8709)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFC4C7
RGB	191, 196, 199
RGB Percent	75%, 77%, 78%
CMY	0.2510, 0.2314, 0.2196
CMYK	0.04, 0.02, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	202°, 7%, 76%
HSV	202°, 4%, 78%
XYZ	51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709
YIQ	194.8470, -3.9430, -0.1270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

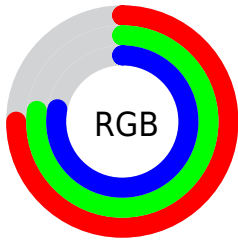
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">191, 194, 199</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12567751</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">78.86, -1.15, -2.11</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 2.402, 241.433</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">54.6797, 0.3066, 0.3253</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290757831 (0xFFBFC4C7)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">194.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">73.9457, -5.0040, 2.1537</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **52.2492, 54.4869, 57.0544**, and the grayscale version is **51.7719, 54.4680, 59.3157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.5331, 97.2447, 108.5535**, and **25.2651, 26.7936, 30.6281** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.2265, 48.9945, 61.1069**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.6094, 60.8872, 62.6970**.

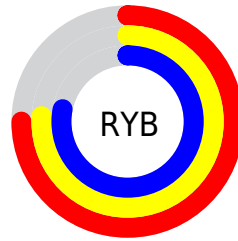
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (77%)

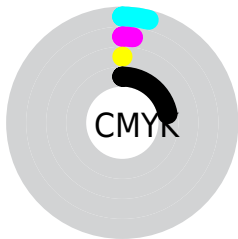
Blue (78%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (78%)

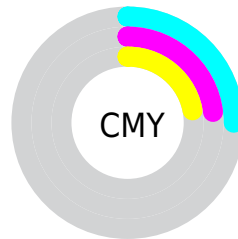


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.5346, 54.6797,  
61.8709

■ 51.5346, 54.6797,  
61.8709

382.9908,  
404.6966, 449.4547

■ 36.8570, 39.1453,  
44.4933

■ 91.6228, 97.0715,  
109.1087

■ 25.2700, 26.8728,  
30.7185

117.7641,  
124.6977, 139.8060

■ 16.4081, 17.4777,  
20.1279

148.4574,  
157.1234, 175.7802

■ 9.9061, 10.5757,  
12.3030

184.0681,  
194.7328, 217.4499

■ 5.3985, 5.7823,  
6.8254

224.9613,  
237.9105, 265.2337

■ 2.5201, 2.7132,  
3.2763

271.5027,

■ 0.9054, 0.9839,

287.0408, 319.5501

1.2374

324.0574,  
342.5080, 380.8175

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0097

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.5346, 54.6797,  
61.8709

■ 51.5346, 54.6797,  
61.8709

■ 45.2265, 48.9945,  
61.1069

■ 58.6094, 60.8872,  
62.6970

■ 39.6519, 43.8083,  
60.3996

■ 66.4731, 67.6257,  
63.5832

■ 34.7822, 39.1058,  
59.7486

■ 75.1528, 74.9124,  
64.5322

■ 30.5848, 34.8685,  
59.1520

■ 78.6977, 79.6811,  
65.2658

■ 27.0245, 31.0764,  
58.6077

■ 80.7672, 83.8201,  
65.9557

■ 24.0625, 27.7074,  
58.1135

■ 82.9259, 88.1375,  
66.6752

■ 21.6556, 24.7373,  
57.6671

■ 85.1749, 92.6355,  
67.4249

■ 19.7539, 22.1384,  
57.2656

■ 87.3090, 96.9036,  
68.1362

■ 18.2974, 19.8774,  
56.9060

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.1937, 54.6797, 60.9156



51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709



51.9943, 54.6797, 62.1983

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709



52.8926, 54.6797, 59.4713



51.4951, 54.6797, 57.3263

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709



52.2492, 54.4869, 57.0544

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.9485, 54.6797, 56.9525



51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709



52.7570, 54.6797, 58.1792

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709



52.7801, 54.6797, 60.8003



52.4107, 54.6797, 57.2623



51.1710, 54.6797, 58.2912



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709



52.3069, 54.6797, 62.0125



52.4107, 54.6797, 57.2623



51.6374, 54.6797, 57.1280

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.5362, 54.6820, 61.8721



93.8141, 98.9116, 108.7551



51.6403, 55.8162, 59.0525



20.0931, 21.1826, 23.2796



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

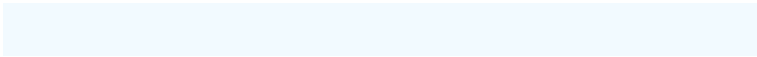


# Same Dimension

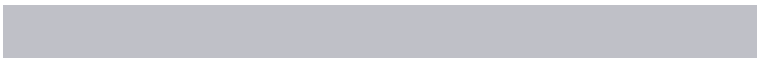
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.5362, 54.6820, 61.8721



89.0089, 94.6517, 108.1861



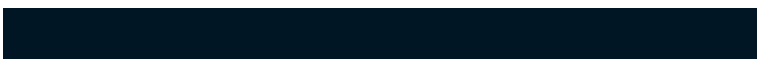
50.6599, 52.9294, 61.5800



11.1315, 11.8510, 13.6183



11.3862, 12.1662, 36.4926



0.6071, 0.7119, 1.7506



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.1490, 53.3903, 59.7840



90.3570, 91.8293, 103.5889



53.1369, 56.2623, 57.3503



11.3195, 11.4589, 12.9770



17.5465, 8.7682, 13.3538

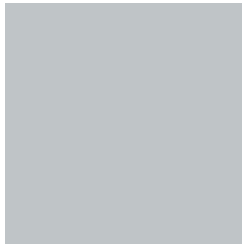


0.8651, 0.4289, 0.8128



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

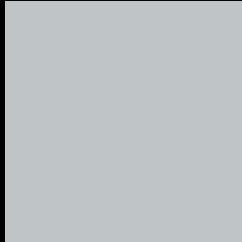
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

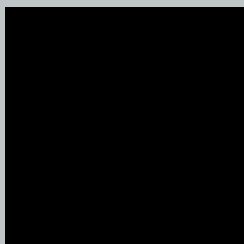
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

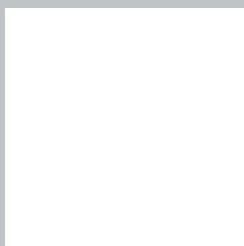
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709.



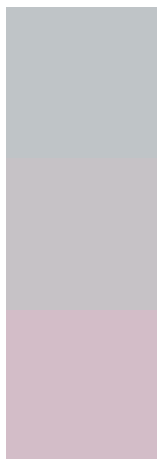
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5346, 54.6797,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709

### Protanopia

52.7735, 54.6666, 61.1963

### Deuteranopia

55.4869, 54.4142, 62.2221



## Tritanopia

52.9170, 54.5742, 68.7176

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709

## Protanomaly

52.2138, 54.7095, 61.2341

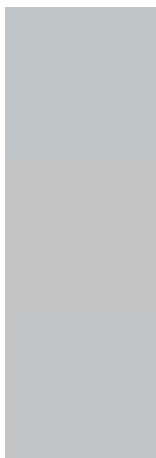
## Deuteranomaly

54.1768, 54.7068, 62.3476

## Tritanomaly

52.3939, 54.6929, 66.1879

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709

## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

## Achromatomaly

51.7270, 54.4851, 60.0149

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(191, 196, 199) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 196, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 196, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 196, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 196, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 196, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 196, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 196, 199); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 196, 199); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 196, 199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.5346, 54.6797, 61.8709 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 196, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
196, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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