

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.5919, 36.7982, 21.3058)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.5919, 36.7982, 21.3058)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.5338, 36.7103,  
21.1993)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF7B75
RGB	255, 123, 117
RGB Percent	100%, 48%, 46%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5176, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.54, 0.00
HSL	3°, 100%, 73%
HSV	3°, 54%, 100%
XYZ	51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993
YIQ	161.7840, 80.5980, 26.1180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

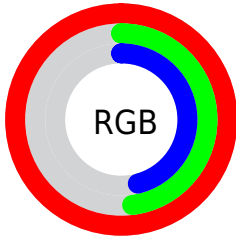
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	255, 123, 117
Decimal	16743285
CIELab	67.06, 49.70, 27.29
CIELCh	67, 56.698, 28.769
Yxy	36.7103, 0.4709, 0.3354
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294933365 (0xFFFF7B75)
YUV	161.7840, -22.0785, 81.7504
Hunter-Lab	60.5890, 45.7918, 21.6675

# Details

The XYZ color **51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **59.2594, 78.7483, 106.6838**, and the grayscale version is **34.3164, 36.1035, 39.3167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.3218, 55.9654, 44.9484**, and **25.1946, 16.0234, 7.3951** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.5756, 30.8755, 13.4633**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.6557, 44.2195, 31.3380**.

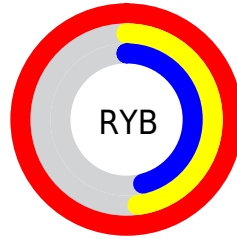
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (48%)

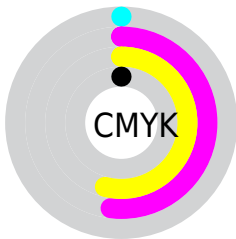
Blue (46%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (46%)

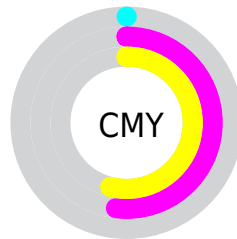


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (52%)


Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.5338, 36.7103,  
21.1993


 51.5338, 36.7103,  
21.1993

382.9877,  
332.0546, 271.1515

 36.8564, 24.9833,  
13.0771


 91.6216, 70.1270,  
46.3041

 25.2695, 16.0646,  
7.3503


 117.7628, 92.5855,  
64.1237

 16.4077, 9.5699,  
3.6004


 148.4558,  
119.3898, 86.0130

 9.9058, 5.1147,  
1.4088

184.0662,  
150.9246, 112.3903

 5.3983, 2.3147,  
0.1486

224.9592,  
187.5740, 143.6743

 2.5200, 0.7815,  
0.0000

271.5002,

 0.9053, 0.0000,

229.7225, 180.2835

0.0000

324.0546,  
277.7546, 222.6364

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.5338, 36.7103,  
21.1993

■ 51.5338, 36.7103,  
21.1993

■ 47.5756, 30.8755,  
13.4633

■ 56.6557, 44.2195,  
31.3380

■ 44.6872, 26.5814,  
7.9299

■ 63.0200, 53.5115,  
44.0535

■ 42.7651, 23.6840,  
4.3700

■ 70.7015, 64.6927,  
59.5061

■ 41.6833, 22.0090,  
2.5032

■ 79.7685, 77.8594,  
77.8425

■ 41.3606, 21.5015,  
1.9703

■ 90.2847, 93.1012,  
99.1989

95.0497, 99.9999,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.2282, 36.7103, 41.0000



51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993



44.2123, 36.7103, 11.5678

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993



22.5499, 36.7103, 20.0627



34.5371, 36.7103, 108.7038

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993



59.2594, 78.7483, 106.6838

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.9833, 36.7103, 95.8621



51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993



20.8041, 36.7103, 38.9599

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993



27.5064, 36.7103, 11.1272



22.2847, 36.7103, 67.4510



43.4939, 36.7103, 97.7013



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



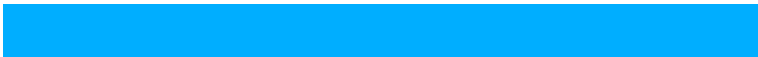
51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993



38.2214, 36.7103, 9.1471



22.2847, 36.7103, 67.4510



31.7619, 36.7103, 106.9631

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.5347, 36.7123, 21.1999



77.9529, 75.2248, 74.1636



64.9192, 40.9099, 95.2459



16.2726, 15.5024, 15.0391



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.5347, 36.7123, 21.1999



47.2792, 30.4364, 12.8893



62.9944, 59.6317, 25.0199



18.0728, 18.1137, 18.6881



21.6392, 11.2895, 1.0386



2.1283, 1.1419, 0.1082



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.2594, 78.7483, 106.6838



55.6951, 76.3586, 106.4110



41.9915, 44.2127, 100.9279



18.4831, 20.3378, 23.2014



26.3494, 37.6084, 55.3050



2.5857, 3.7021, 5.3916



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5338, 36.7103,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993

### Protanopia

34.7039, 36.8279, 28.2011

### Deuteranopia

37.6912, 36.9974, 20.1936



## Tritanopia

52.2288, 36.7908, 25.4677

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993

## Protanomaly

39.1148, 35.4348, 25.2001

## Deuteranomaly

41.7213, 36.1948, 20.4101

## Tritanomaly

51.9012, 36.6597, 23.7426

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993

## Achromatopsia

34.3422, 36.1307, 39.3463

## Achromatomaly

38.5432, 34.9909, 31.9166

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 123, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 123, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 123, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 123, 117) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 123, 117) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 123, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 123, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 123, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 123, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 123,  
117) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.5338, 36.7103, 21.1993 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 123, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
123, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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