

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.5923, 50.3904,  
67.9799)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C5B7D2
RGB	197, 183, 210
RGB Percent	77%, 72%, 82%
CMY	0.2274, 0.2823, 0.1765
CMYK	0.06, 0.13, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	271°, 23%, 77%
HSV	271°, 13%, 82%
XYZ	51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799
YIQ	190.2640, -0.3230, 11.3650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

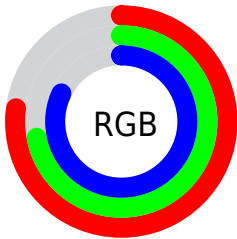
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	197, 183, 210
Decimal	12957650
CIE Lab	76.31, 9.99, -11.79
CIE LCh	76, 15.447, 310.278
Yxy	50.3904, 0.3036, 0.2965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291147730 (0xFFC5B7D2)
YUV	190.2640, 9.7298, 5.9075
Hunter-Lab	70.9862, 5.5068, -7.0887

# Details

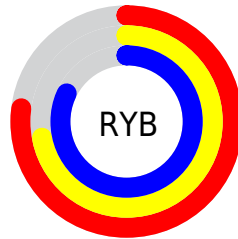
The XYZ color **51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **54.3606, 61.2492, 53.7593**, and the grayscale version is **49.0427, 51.5968, 56.1889**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.7896, 90.0238, 107.2517**, and **25.3111, 24.2052, 34.7905** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.0206, 41.0463, 66.5234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.9909, 61.1229, 69.6623**.

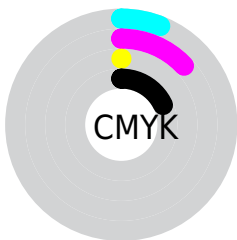
# Distribution



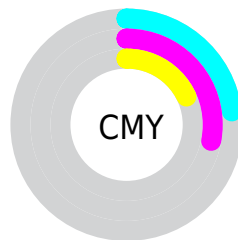
- Red (77%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.5923, 50.3904,  
67.9799

■ 51.5923, 50.3904,  
67.9799

383.2105,  
388.1907, 472.0209

■ 36.9032, 35.7237,  
49.4148

■ 91.7075, 90.7530,  
117.9773

■ 25.3059, 24.2209,  
34.5807

117.8642,  
117.2178, 150.2467

■ 16.4350, 15.4975,  
23.0591

148.5742,  
148.3840, 187.9213

■ 9.9253, 9.1693,  
14.4315

184.2029,  
184.6360, 231.4196

■ 5.4113, 4.8518,  
8.2792

225.1154,  
226.3583, 281.1602

■ 2.5278, 2.1606,  
4.1838

271.6773,

■ 0.9093, 0.6984,

273.9353, 337.5616

1.7267

324.2539,  
327.7513, 401.0423

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3789

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.5923, 50.3904,  
67.9799

■ 51.5923, 50.3904,  
67.9799

■ 45.0206, 41.0463,  
66.5234

■ 58.9909, 61.1229,  
69.6623

■ 39.2394, 33.0252,  
65.2799

■ 67.2419, 73.2925,  
71.5764

■ 34.2158, 26.2662,  
64.2401

■ 76.3754, 86.9535,  
73.7319

■ 29.9129, 20.7009,  
63.3926

■ 82.4684, 94.2552,  
74.8201

■ 26.2904, 16.2541,  
62.7253

■ 85.9492, 96.0496,  
74.9830

■ 23.3033, 12.8417,  
62.2240

■ 88.6330, 97.4332,  
75.1086

■ 20.9003, 10.3674,  
61.8731

■ 19.0204, 8.7152,  
61.6533

■ 17.9251, 7.8969,  
61.5531

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.8968, 50.3904, 72.1355



51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799



53.3400, 50.3904, 60.4363

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799



49.8018, 50.3904, 41.1597



42.6127, 50.3904, 57.7668

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799



54.3606, 61.2492, 53.7593

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.8329, 50.3904, 49.6500



51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799



46.9061, 50.3904, 40.6002

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799



52.2777, 50.3904, 45.1725



44.3779, 50.3904, 43.5584



43.7635, 50.3904, 65.8569



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799



53.6923, 50.3904, 54.7890



44.3779, 50.3904, 43.5584



42.5300, 50.3904, 54.9442

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.5938, 50.3925, 67.9810



90.0980, 92.7442, 107.7605



50.9144, 54.2247, 68.7565



19.0905, 19.5677, 23.0207



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.5938, 50.3925, 67.9810



77.5840, 74.6495, 104.9274



55.0901, 52.2014, 67.8524



11.7400, 11.7148, 14.8861



11.0507, 4.8771, 37.5514



0.7093, 0.3198, 2.1039



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.4773, 51.5563, 59.3597



81.0082, 76.7648, 89.2722



51.1710, 59.5995, 53.8549



12.0425, 11.9017, 13.4994



17.6991, 8.9525, 8.5876

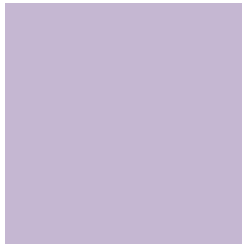


1.0296, 0.5166, 0.6909



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

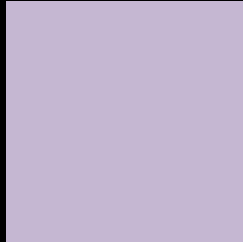
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

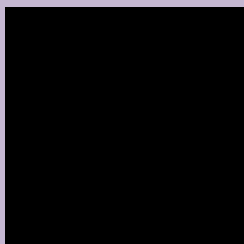
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5923, 50.3904,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799

### Protanopia

49.4212, 50.4845, 69.4271

### Deuteranopia

51.3313, 50.2559, 67.9677



## Tritanopia

50.1634, 50.4235, 61.1217

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799

## Protanomaly

50.3030, 50.6398, 68.7512

## Deuteranomaly

51.3313, 50.2559, 67.9677

## Tritanomaly

50.6849, 50.3285, 63.5429

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799

## Achromatopsia

48.9429, 51.4918, 56.0745

## Achromatomaly

49.8407, 50.9093, 60.0229

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 183, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 183, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 183, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 183, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 183, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 183, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 183, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 183, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 183, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 183,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.5923, 50.3904, 67.9799 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 183, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
183, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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