

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.5966, 49.5062, 40.1417)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.5966, 49.5062, 40.1417)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.4790, 49.4389,  
40.0871)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBB2A0
RGB	219, 178, 160
RGB Percent	86%, 70%, 63%
CMY	0.1412, 0.3019, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.27, 0.14
HSL	18°, 45%, 74%
HSV	18°, 27%, 86%
XYZ	51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871
YIQ	188.2070, 30.2140, 3.0940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

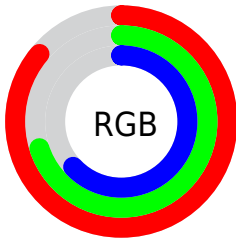
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 186, 160
Decimal	14398112
CIE Lab	75.72, 12.21, 14.80
CIE LCh	76, 19.186, 50.482
Yxy	49.4389, 0.3651, 0.3506
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292588192 (0xFFDDBB2A0)
YUV	188.2070, -13.9061, 27.0055
Hunter-Lab	70.3128, 7.6401, 15.4162

# Details

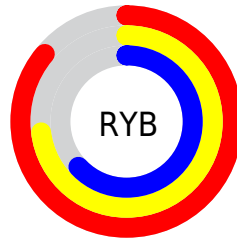
The XYZ color **51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **48.1695, 54.3599, 74.9719**, and the grayscale version is **47.9832, 50.4821, 54.9750**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.9286, 85.0119, 76.3281**, and **25.1446, 23.5365, 17.4051** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.8680, 43.0173, 29.9162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.7661, 56.6718, 52.1494**.

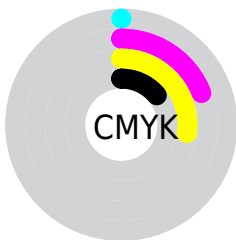
# Distribution



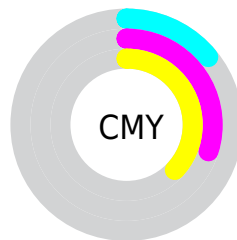
- Red (86%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 51.4790, 49.4389,  
40.0871

 51.4790, 49.4389,  
40.0871


382.7790,  
384.4676, 362.0536

 36.8126, 34.9678,  
27.2922


 91.5412, 89.3430,  
76.5347

 25.2354, 23.6380,  
17.5584


 117.6677,  
115.5447, 101.0244

 16.3822, 15.0653,  
10.4673


148.3449,  
146.4254, 130.2494

 9.8876, 8.8653,  
5.6002

183.9381,  
182.3695, 164.6283

 5.3862, 4.6534,  
2.5387

224.8128,  
223.7614, 204.5797

 2.5126, 2.0454,  
0.8606

271.3343,

 0.9016, 0.6336,

270.9854, 250.5219

0.0000

323.8679,  
324.4260, 302.8737

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.4790, 49.4389,  
40.0871

■ 51.4790, 49.4389,  
40.0871

■ 46.8680, 43.0173,  
29.9162

■ 56.7661, 56.6718,  
52.1494

■ 42.9004, 37.3713,  
21.5367

■ 62.7520, 64.7366,  
66.1900

■ 39.5469, 32.4724,  
14.8441

■ 69.4636, 73.6617,  
82.2939

■ 36.7737, 28.2878,  
9.7216

■ 76.9246, 83.4718,  
100.5405

■ 34.5437, 24.7818,  
6.0373

■ 82.7342, 93.2214,  
108.2407

■ 32.8146, 21.9153,  
3.6372

■ 83.0236, 93.8001,  
108.3372

■ 31.5345, 19.6433,  
2.3219

■ 31.2106, 19.0542,  
2.0329

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.6944, 49.4389, 47.2619



51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871



48.1305, 49.4389, 36.7279

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871



40.5612, 49.4389, 50.6555



49.4248, 49.4389, 74.3488

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871



48.1695, 54.3599, 74.9719

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.8681, 49.4389, 75.5569



51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871



40.8686, 49.4389, 60.9813

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871



41.9080, 49.4389, 42.3015



42.7702, 49.4389, 70.4030



52.4675, 49.4389, 67.2844



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871



45.7566, 49.4389, 36.7724



42.7702, 49.4389, 70.4030



48.2458, 49.4389, 75.4852

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.4803, 49.4412, 40.0881



87.5812, 90.0422, 91.0585



52.3626, 44.4334, 61.2607



18.4613, 18.8909, 18.8176



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.4803, 49.4412, 40.0881



69.0845, 64.8185, 48.6085



57.9203, 62.3212, 42.2348



13.3785, 13.6963, 13.6641



18.5914, 11.4683, 1.2337



1.2793, 0.8928, 0.1049



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.1695, 54.3599, 74.9719



63.6966, 72.7988, 105.3021



41.9984, 42.0176, 72.9148



13.0921, 14.1239, 16.6883



14.3566, 16.5827, 42.1825



1.0048, 1.2238, 2.7577



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

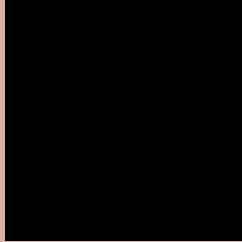
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.4790, 49.4389,

40.0871.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871

### Protanopia

46.7654, 49.4002, 42.1924

### Deuteranopia

50.6908, 49.6277, 40.1651



## Tritanopia

54.2299, 49.3896, 53.6886

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871

## Protanomaly

48.4462, 49.3487, 41.6222

## Deuteranomaly

50.7842, 49.3772, 40.1118

## Tritanomaly

53.0846, 49.2064, 48.2949

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871

## Achromatopsia

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643

## Achromatomaly

48.7296, 49.6374, 49.1321

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 178, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 178, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 178, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 178, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 178, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 178, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 178, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 178, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 178, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 178,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.4790, 49.4389, 40.0871 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 178, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
178, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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