

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.6045, 43.8509, 16.6760)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.6045, 43.8509, 16.6760)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.4431, 43.6814,  
16.5465)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F59B5F
RGB	245, 155, 95
RGB Percent	96%, 61%, 37%
CMY	0.0392, 0.3921, 0.6274
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.61, 0.04
HSL	24°, 88%, 67%
HSV	24°, 61%, 96%
XYZ	51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465
YIQ	175.0700, 72.9000, 0.4200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

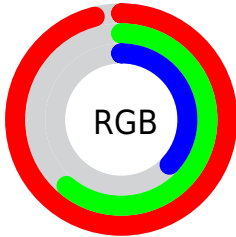
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	245, 195, 95
Decimal	16096095
CIE Lab	72.02, 28.10, 45.02
CIE LCh	72, 53.071, 58.031
Yxy	43.6814, 0.4607, 0.3912
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294286175 (0xFFFF59B5F)
YUV	175.0700, -39.4745, 61.3286
Hunter-Lab	66.0919, 23.2759, 31.4207

# Details

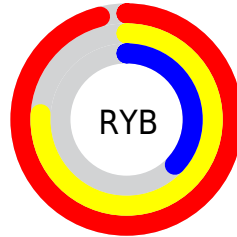
The XYZ color **51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **38.5487, 43.7211, 92.7930**, and the grayscale version is **40.9564, 43.0893, 46.9243**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.5531, 69.4598, 37.3450**, and **25.1106, 20.0881, 5.1387** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.2005, 38.7072, 10.8086**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.3356, 49.3957, 24.2290**.

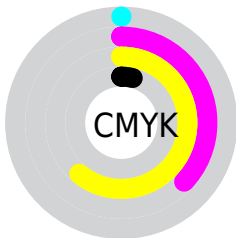
# Distribution



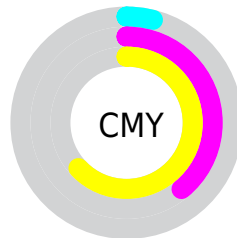
- Red (96%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.4431, 43.6814,  
16.5465


 51.4431, 43.6814,  
16.5465


382.6422,  
361.4066, 244.5001

 36.7838, 30.4201,  
9.7532

 91.4885, 80.7381,  
38.3243

 25.2131, 20.1577,  
5.1321


 117.6054,  
105.3023, 54.1458

 16.3655, 12.5097,  
2.2649


 148.2722,  
134.4030, 73.8139

 9.8756, 7.0918,  
0.7115

 183.8542,  
168.4245, 97.7469

 5.3782, 3.5196,  
0.0000

224.7169,  
207.7512, 126.3635

 2.5078, 1.4086,  
0.0000

271.2256,

 0.8992, 0.2231,

252.7675, 160.0822

0.0000

323.7455,  
303.8578, 199.3216

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.4431, 43.6814,  
16.5465

■ 51.4431, 43.6814,  
16.5465

■ 48.2005, 38.7072,  
10.8086

■ 55.3356, 49.3957,  
24.2290

■ 45.5601, 34.4315,  
6.8296

■ 59.9149, 55.8755,  
34.0135

■ 43.4707, 30.8176,  
4.3914

■ 65.2181, 63.1529,  
46.0437

■ 42.0246, 28.1495,  
3.2185

■ 71.2785, 71.2561,  
60.4501

■ 78.1274, 80.2116,  
77.3529

■ 85.7940, 90.0447,  
96.8642

■ 91.4660, 98.1524,  
108.7323

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.8749, 43.6814, 27.7538



51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465



42.1193, 43.6814, 13.0907

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465



26.4254, 43.6814, 45.8680



50.2564, 43.6814, 106.6046

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465



38.5487, 43.7211, 92.7930

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.9222, 43.6814, 116.8943



51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465



27.9590, 43.6814, 75.0780

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465



28.4213, 43.6814, 25.7317



32.9591, 43.6814, 103.6956



58.1227, 43.6814, 79.1756



# Rectangle

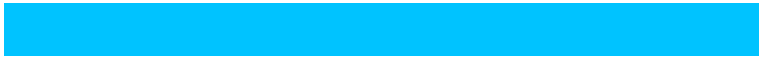
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465



36.3547, 43.6814, 14.1421



32.9591, 43.6814, 103.6956



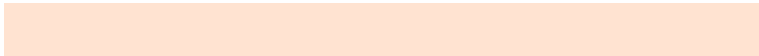
47.1481, 43.6814, 112.5398

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.4441, 43.6836, 16.5473



80.3566, 81.0596, 71.7973



50.5054, 31.0999, 49.2401



16.7494, 16.7572, 14.2692



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.4441, 43.6836, 16.5473



52.1797, 41.4282, 10.8521



68.0184, 76.8321, 22.0721



17.0432, 17.5705, 17.2907



22.7663, 15.4181, 1.7761



2.0986, 1.5505, 0.1887



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5487, 43.7211, 92.7930



36.9226, 41.3377, 100.6407



26.7770, 20.1778, 88.8691



16.4081, 17.5806, 21.0712



14.6381, 15.0700, 48.6753



1.3869, 1.5253, 4.3115



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.4431, 43.6814,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465

### Protanopia

40.4185, 43.8929, 19.1739

### Deuteranopia

44.7350, 43.9004, 16.2410



## Tritanopia

55.6722, 43.4758, 37.8052

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465

## Protanomaly

43.9288, 43.4422, 18.1265

## Deuteranomaly

46.9298, 43.6721, 16.3120

## Tritanomaly

53.9909, 43.5184, 28.4759

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465

## Achromatopsia

40.7470, 42.8690, 46.6844

## Achromatomaly

43.0104, 42.3599, 33.1035

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 155, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 155, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 155, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 155, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 155, 95) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 155, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 155, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 155, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 155, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 155,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.4431, 43.6814, 16.5465 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 155, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
155, 95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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