

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.6384, 49.6952, 65.3170)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.6384, 49.6952, 65.3170)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(51.5492, 49.5163,  
65.2332)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C9B4CE
RGB	201, 180, 206
RGB Percent	79%, 71%, 81%
CMY	0.2118, 0.2941, 0.1922
CMYK	0.02, 0.13, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	288°, 21%, 76%
HSV	288°, 13%, 81%
XYZ	51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332
YIQ	189.2430, 4.1700, 12.5380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

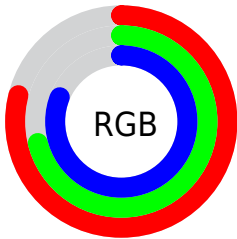
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 180, 206
Decimal	13219022
CIE Lab	75.77, 12.19, -10.38
CIE LCh	76, 16.006, 319.587
Yxy	49.5163, 0.3100, 0.2978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291409102 (0xFFC9B4CE)
YUV	189.2430, 8.2612, 10.3109
Hunter-Lab	70.3678, 7.6197, -5.7062

# Details

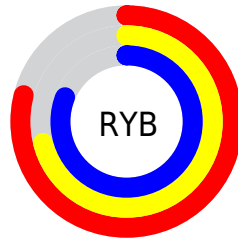
The XYZ color **51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **50.3191, 57.7536, 51.6781**, and the grayscale version is **48.4626, 50.9864, 55.5242**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.2855, 88.4709, 106.9785**, and **25.2895, 23.6488, 32.9375** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.6448, 41.2676, 63.9003**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.1021, 59.0195, 66.7756**.

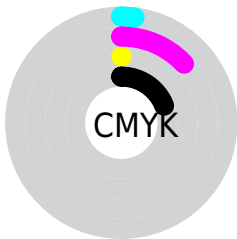
# Distribution



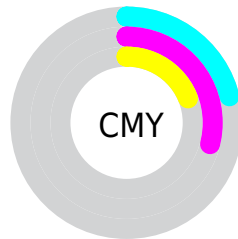
- Red (79%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (19%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 51.5492, 49.5163,  
65.2332

 51.5492, 49.5163,  
65.2332


383.0464,  
384.7714, 461.9586

 36.8687, 35.0292,  
47.1977


 91.6442, 89.4578,  
114.0015

 25.2790, 23.6854,  
32.8365


117.7895,  
115.6810, 145.5714

 16.4149, 15.1004,  
21.7311


148.4870,  
146.5850, 182.4898

 9.9109, 8.8899,  
13.4630

184.1022,  
182.5543, 225.1753

 5.4018, 4.6694,  
7.6137

225.0003,  
223.9731, 274.0464

 2.5220, 2.0546,  
3.7646

271.5469,

 0.9064, 0.6389,

271.2260, 329.5216

1.4971

324.1071,  
324.6973, 392.0195

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2158

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.5492, 49.5163,  
65.2332

■ 51.5492, 49.5163,  
65.2332

■ 46.6448, 41.2676,  
63.9003

■ 57.1021, 59.0195,  
66.7756

■ 42.3570, 34.2126,  
62.7645

■ 63.3248, 69.8220,  
68.5327

■ 38.6580, 28.2949,  
61.8172

■ 70.2429, 81.9740,  
70.5136

■ 35.5159, 23.4511,  
61.0479

■ 75.4713, 90.7050,  
71.9233

■ 32.8957, 19.6114,  
60.4449

■ 76.6622, 91.3189,  
71.9791

■ 30.7581, 16.6979,  
59.9952

■ 77.8816, 91.9475,  
72.0361

■ 29.0582, 14.6208,  
59.6838

■ 79.1297, 92.5909,  
72.0945

■ 27.7420, 13.2724,  
59.4929

■ 80.4065, 93.2492,  
72.1543

■ 26.9464, 12.6044,  
59.4059

■ 81.7125, 93.9224,  
72.2154

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.0052, 49.5163, 70.8462



51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332



52.9095, 49.5163, 56.9265

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332



48.1039, 49.5163, 39.3700



41.8837, 49.5163, 59.5883

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332



50.3191, 57.7536, 51.6781

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.6653, 49.5163, 51.0113



51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332



45.1743, 49.5163, 39.9219

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332



50.8656, 49.5163, 42.3916



42.8464, 49.5163, 43.9878



43.4562, 49.5163, 67.3572



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332



52.9250, 49.5163, 51.2353



42.8464, 49.5163, 43.9878



41.6521, 49.5163, 56.6862

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.5507, 49.5184, 65.2343



91.1638, 93.2937, 107.8104



47.3559, 48.9436, 65.3444



19.3606, 19.7070, 23.0334



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.5507, 49.5184, 65.2343



81.3835, 76.6082, 105.1052



51.9926, 49.8530, 60.4308



11.4679, 11.2905, 14.1452



16.6709, 7.8017, 36.5835



0.9158, 0.4312, 1.8899



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.5336, 49.2694, 52.7482



79.4575, 76.1445, 81.1065



49.9511, 57.4694, 55.9261



11.2990, 11.2483, 12.1093



15.9326, 8.1836, 2.0978

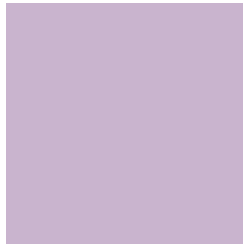


0.8489, 0.4330, 0.2501



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

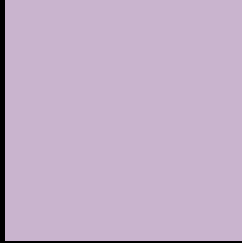
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

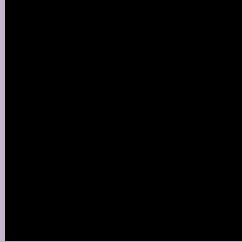
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.5492, 49.5163,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332

### Protanopia

48.3860, 49.3687, 67.3005

### Deuteranopia

50.6335, 49.6479, 65.3068



## Tritanopia

50.2449, 49.5835, 59.1469

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332

## Protanomaly

49.5539, 49.3682, 66.5918

## Deuteranomaly

50.9532, 49.5097, 65.2633

## Tritanomaly

50.7686, 49.4972, 61.5217

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

49.4016, 50.3954, 58.7533

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 180, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 180, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 180, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 180, 206) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 180, 206) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 180, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 180, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 180, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 180, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 180,  
206) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.5492, 49.5163, 65.2332 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 180, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
180, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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