

Converting Colors

XYZ(51.6970, 54.3893, 59.2299)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(51.6970, 54.3893, 59.2299)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(51.8711, 54.5724,
59.4294)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3C3C3
RGB	195, 195, 195
RGB Percent	76%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.2353, 0.2353, 0.2353
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	121°, 0%, 76%
HSV	121°, 0%, 76%
XYZ	51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294
YIQ	195.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

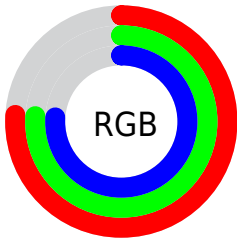
Format	Color
RYB	195, 195, 195
Decimal	12829635
CIELab	78.79, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	79, 0.010, 297.146
Yxy	54.5724, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291019715 (0xFFC3C3C3)
YUV	195.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	73.8731, -3.9416, 4.0136

Details

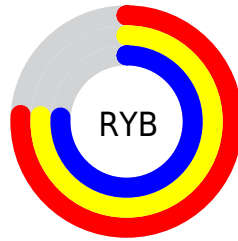
The XYZ color **51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **51.8731, 54.5739, 59.4323**, and the grayscale version is **51.8731, 54.5745, 59.4316**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.5260, 97.3445, 106.0082**, and **25.3171, 26.6356, 29.0061** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.1255, 51.3313, 48.5046**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.5568, 58.2690, 71.8566**.

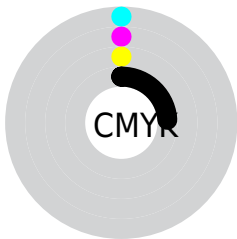
Distribution



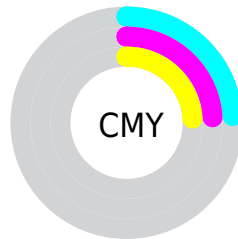
- Red (76%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.8711, 54.5724,
59.4294

■ 51.8711, 54.5724,
59.4294

384.2709,
404.2890, 440.2375

■ 37.1262, 39.0595,
42.5366

□ 92.1165, 96.9142,
105.5367

■ 25.4793, 26.8060,
29.1930

118.3476,
124.5118, 135.5884

■ 16.5652, 17.4276,
18.9800

149.1383,
156.9065, 170.8633

■ 10.0183, 10.5398,
11.4792

184.8537,
194.4826, 211.7802

■ 5.4735, 5.7583,
6.2719

225.8594,
237.6245, 258.7575

■ 2.5652, 2.6987,
2.9397

272.5205,

■ 0.9283, 0.9765,

286.7166, 312.2138

1.0639

325.2026,
342.1433, 372.5676

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 51.8711, 54.5724,
59.4294

■ 51.8711, 54.5724,
59.4294

■ 45.1255, 51.3313,
48.5046

■ 59.5568, 58.2690,
71.8566

■ 39.2795, 48.5214,
39.0218

■ 68.2119, 62.4304,
85.8363

■ 34.2966, 46.1268,
30.9219

■ 77.8702, 67.0745,
101.4207

■ 30.1359, 44.1276,
24.1403

■ 78.8061, 67.5123,
103.4854

■ 26.7531, 42.5027,
18.6074

■ 24.1001, 41.2288,
14.2469

■ 22.1231, 40.2800,
10.9745

■ 20.7610, 39.6269,
8.6945

■ 19.9419, 39.2347,
7.2945

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.8692, 54.5724, 59.4305



51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



51.8725, 54.5724, 59.4258

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



51.8714, 54.5724, 59.4113



51.8658, 54.5724, 59.4195

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



51.8731, 54.5739, 59.4323

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.8664, 54.5724, 59.4144



51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



51.8696, 54.5724, 59.4096

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



51.8727, 54.5724, 59.4153



51.8678, 54.5724, 59.4107



51.8662, 54.5724, 59.4249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



51.8730, 54.5724, 59.4224



51.8678, 54.5724, 59.4107



51.8659, 54.5724, 59.4177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.8726, 54.5747, 59.4306



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



51.8735, 54.5752, 59.4306



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.8726, 54.5747, 59.4306



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



51.8728, 54.5748, 59.4315



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



12.6977, 25.3731, 4.3010



0.5509, 1.0972, 0.1978

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.8731, 54.5739, 59.4323



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



51.8729, 54.5738, 59.4313



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896



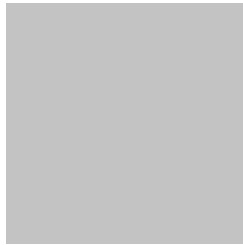
20.8091, 10.0134, 33.2364



0.9013, 0.4335, 1.4478

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

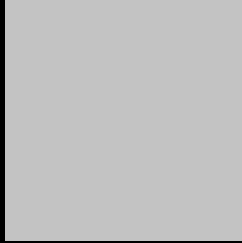
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

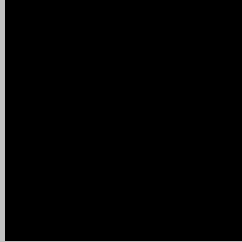
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

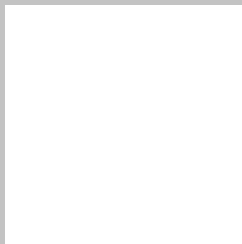
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294.

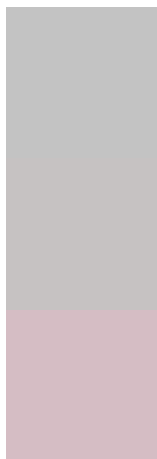


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.8711, 54.5724,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

Protanopia

52.3181, 54.4844, 58.7980

Deuteranopia

55.6020, 54.5268, 59.8187



Tritanopia

53.4811, 54.5643, 67.3877

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

Protanomaly

52.0553, 54.3489, 58.7857

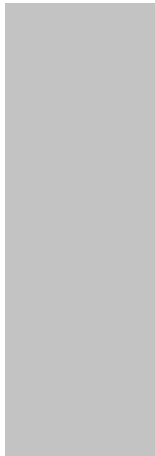
Deuteranomaly

54.0482, 54.3689, 59.8702

Tritanomaly

52.8362, 54.6311, 64.2600

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

Achromatomaly

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 195, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 195, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 195, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 195, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 195, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 195, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 195, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 195, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 195, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 195,  
195) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 195, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
195, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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