

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.7368, 60.9045, 42.2894)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.7368, 60.9045, 42.2894)  
contains.

|  |    |
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# Color

**XYZ(51.6269, 60.8315,  
42.2783)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | C0D4A0                     |
| RGB           | 192, 212, 160              |
| RGB Percent   | 75%, 83%, 63%              |
| CMY           | 0.2471, 0.1686, 0.3725     |
| CMYK          | 0.09, 0.00, 0.25, 0.17     |
| HSL           | 83°, 38%, 73%              |
| HSV           | 83°, 25%, 83%              |
| XYZ           | 51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783  |
| YIQ           | 200.0920, 4.7720, -20.4120 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

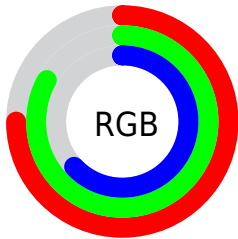
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 160, 212, 180                  |
| Decimal                             | 12637344                       |
| CIELab                              | 82.29, -15.70, 23.55           |
| CIElCh                              | 82, 28.305, 123.682            |
| Yxy                                 | 60.8315, 0.3336,<br>0.3931     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4290827424<br>(0xFFC0D4A0)     |
| YUV                                 | 200.0920, -19.7654,<br>-7.0967 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 77.9946, -18.3360,<br>22.4570  |

# Details

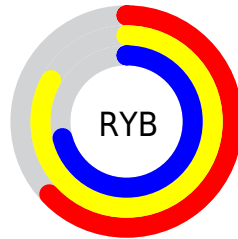
The XYZ color **51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **43.2792, 39.6000, 67.6532**, and the grayscale version is **55.0736, 57.9418, 63.0986**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.0927, 96.5660, 78.3388**, and **25.2450, 30.5999, 18.7632** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.9206, 59.1190, 33.2355**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.7671, 62.7348, 52.9948**.

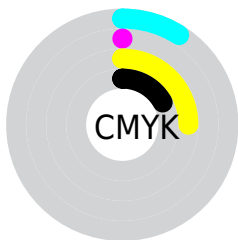
# Distribution



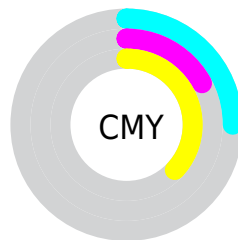
- Red (75%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.6269, 60.8315,  
42.2783


 51.6269, 60.8315,  
42.2783


383.3422,  
427.6559, 371.4689

 36.9308, 44.0892,  
28.9921


 91.7583, 106.0349,  
79.8953

 25.3274, 30.7406,  
18.8293


 117.9243,  
135.2648, 105.0631

 16.4512, 20.4014,  
11.3714


148.6443,  
169.4261, 135.0286

 9.9368, 12.6872,  
6.1999

184.2837,  
208.9030, 170.2102

 5.4190, 7.2135,  
2.8963

225.2078,  
254.0801, 211.0265

 2.5324, 3.5960,  
1.0419

271.7820,

 0.9116, 1.4502,

305.3417, 257.8960

0.0000

324.3717,  
363.0721, 311.2373

■ 0.0000, 0.2533,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.6269, 60.8315,  
42.2783

■ 51.6269, 60.8315,  
42.2783

■ 47.9206, 59.1190,  
33.2355

■ 55.7671, 62.7348,  
52.9948

■ 44.6256, 57.5820,  
25.7779

■ 60.3532, 64.8279,  
65.4596

■ 41.7242, 56.2153,  
19.8148

■ 65.4025, 67.1199,  
79.7476

■ 39.1951, 55.0100,  
15.2447

■ 70.9298, 69.6169,  
95.9283

■ 37.0148, 53.9566,  
11.9537

■ 75.1263, 71.5956,  
104.4675

■ 35.1561, 53.0440,  
9.8097

■ 77.8473, 72.9983,  
104.5948

■ 33.5865, 52.2588,  
8.6518

■ 80.6929, 74.4653,  
104.7280

■ 32.8202, 51.8711,  
8.2823

■ 82.8347, 75.5695,  
104.8282

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.0776, 60.8315, 38.3286



51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783



48.0408, 60.8315, 52.5834

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783



52.8313, 60.8315, 100.6599



70.1714, 60.8315, 64.1267

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783



43.2792, 39.6000, 67.6532

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.8404, 60.8315, 82.0662



51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783



58.5659, 60.8315, 105.1828

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783



48.7015, 60.8315, 86.3986



64.4864, 60.8315, 97.8690



68.0078, 60.8315, 49.4816



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783



47.0482, 60.8315, 62.6494



64.4864, 60.8315, 97.8690



70.1185, 60.8315, 69.9552

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.6285, 60.8342, 42.2796



89.8268, 97.6241, 94.3447



49.8066, 49.1528, 40.1209



19.1337, 20.8532, 19.9389



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

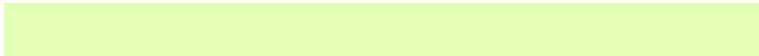


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.6285, 60.8342, 42.2796



75.6435, 91.1166, 57.3434



45.6304, 57.7420, 41.9989



12.9887, 14.2704, 13.2306



20.3754, 32.0802, 5.1182



1.3201, 1.9819, 0.3130



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.2792, 39.6000, 67.6532



61.0193, 53.9159, 101.7985



49.8918, 43.0089, 67.9626



12.1898, 12.2392, 15.6575



9.5644, 4.0832, 38.7372

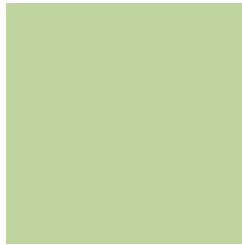


0.6679, 0.2932, 2.3407



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

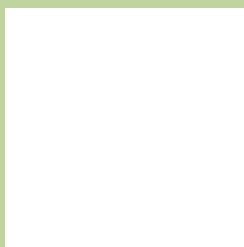
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.6269, 60.8315,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783

### Protanopia

56.5071, 60.4915, 40.1503

### Deuteranopia

61.6107, 60.3013, 43.0424



## **Tritanopia**

58.5985, 60.7705, 76.3516

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783

## Protanomaly

54.6931, 60.6153, 40.7156

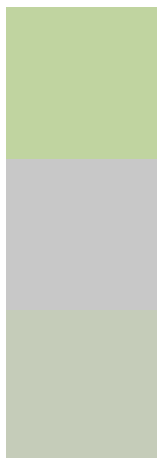
## Deuteranomaly

57.4609, 60.2218, 42.7779

## Tritanomaly

55.7946, 60.7086, 62.2033

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783

## Achromatopsia

54.8990, 57.7580, 62.8985

## Achromatomaly

53.3758, 58.5588, 54.3887

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 212, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 212, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 212, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 212, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 212, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 212, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 212, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 212, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 212, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 212,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.6269, 60.8315, 42.2783 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 212, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
212, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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