

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.7743, 78.0838, 89.1083)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.7743, 78.0838, 89.1083)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.8332, 78.1070,  
89.4351)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                         |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Hex         | 33FFE9                        |
| RGB         | 51, 255, 233                  |
| RGB Percent | 20%, 100%, 91%                |
| CMY         | 0.7999, 0.0000, 0.0863        |
| CMYK        | 0.80, 0.00, 0.09, 0.00        |
| HSL         | 174°, 100%, 60%               |
| HSV         | 174°, 80%, 100%               |
| XYZ         | 51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351     |
| YIQ         | 191.4960, -114.5220, -50.0900 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

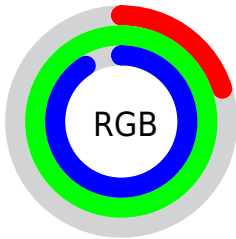
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                    |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 51, 159, 255                    |
| Decimal                             | 3407849                         |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 90.83, -51.97, -3.12            |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 91, 52.061, 183.431             |
| Yxy                                 | 78.1070, 0.2363,<br>0.3560      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4281597929<br>(0xFF33FFE9)      |
| YUV                                 | 191.4960, 20.4615,<br>-123.2150 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 88.3782, -49.9727,<br>1.8657    |

# Details

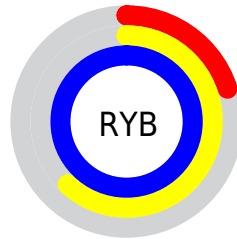
The XYZ color **51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **43.6275, 24.1101, 8.6598**, and the grayscale version is **49.7438, 52.3344, 56.9922**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.4829, 83.7265, 107.4227**, and **27.9021, 43.1068, 48.4448** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.4921, 77.4606, 87.3388**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.8858, 79.1194, 91.5995**.

# Distribution



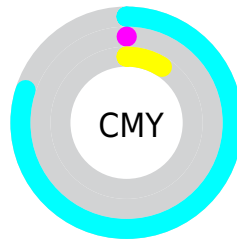
- Red (20%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 51.8332, 78.1070,  
89.4351


 51.8332, 78.1070,  
89.4351

384.1269,  
488.5301, 546.7142


 37.0959, 58.1619,  
66.9411


 92.0609, 130.7009,  
148.4821


 25.4557, 41.9388,  
48.5755


 118.2819,  
164.1186, 185.8723

 16.5475, 29.0534,  
33.9196

 149.0616,  
202.7958, 229.0649

 10.0057, 19.1212,  
22.5550

 184.7653,  
247.1171, 278.4786

 5.4650, 11.7579,  
14.0631

225.7583,  
297.4667, 334.5318

 2.5601, 6.5790,  
8.0253

272.4060,

 0.9257, 3.2003,

354.2292, 397.6431

4.0231

325.0737,  
417.7889, 468.2310

■ 0.0000, 1.2372,  
1.6380

■ 0.0000, 0.0917,  
0.3177

■ 51.8332, 78.1070,  
89.4351

■ 51.8332, 78.1070,  
89.4351

■ 50.4921, 77.4606,  
87.3388

■ 53.8858, 79.1194,  
91.5995

■ 49.6947, 77.0939,  
85.2983

■ 56.7476, 80.5482,  
93.8325

■ 49.6943, 77.0937,  
85.2971

■ 60.5041, 82.4376,  
96.1396

■ 65.2290, 84.8255,  
98.5244

70.9886, 87.7460,  
100.9901

77.8431, 91.2303,  
103.5398

85.8481, 95.3070,  
106.1761

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.9177, 78.1070, 56.6966



51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351



55.1447, 78.1070, 131.2841

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351



88.9933, 78.1070, 160.5405



86.0798, 78.1070, 35.4776

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351



43.6275, 24.1101, 8.6598

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.2976, 78.1070, 51.1804



51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351



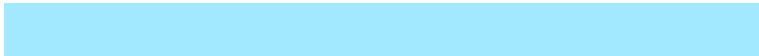
99.1138, 78.1070, 121.5492

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351



75.7558, 78.1070, 179.2508



102.3169, 78.1070, 80.8014



72.7414, 78.1070, 31.4602



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351



60.2242, 78.1070, 157.1066



102.3169, 78.1070, 80.8014



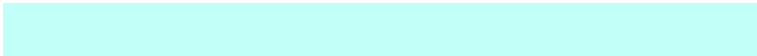
90.2736, 78.1070, 39.2800

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.8342, 78.1075, 89.4365



74.9623, 89.7651, 102.5082



39.2449, 73.2475, 15.2034



15.5291, 18.9512, 21.7470



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.8342, 78.1075, 89.4365



49.9748, 77.2207, 86.1077



35.0997, 39.2917, 100.3418



18.4655, 20.4457, 22.7542



26.0004, 40.2967, 44.7488



2.5547, 3.9328, 4.4790



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.6275, 24.1101, 8.6598



41.6784, 21.6125, 3.6924



49.7157, 37.2548, 7.7042



18.0890, 18.0189, 19.0857



21.6807, 11.1616, 1.7031

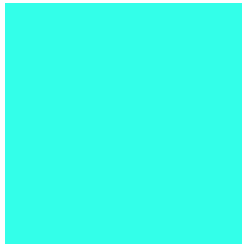


2.1358, 1.0967, 0.2965



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

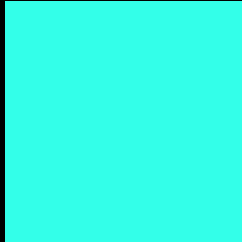
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

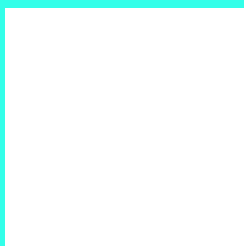
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.8332, 78.1070,



# Color Blindness Simulation

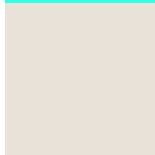
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



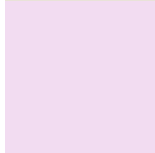
### Original Color

51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351



### Protanopia

73.1953, 76.6742, 75.9075



### Deuteranopia

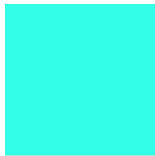
78.0883, 76.4145, 93.8529



## Tritanopia

62.8317, 77.0006, 106.1588

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351



## Protanomaly

59.4054, 74.0578, 80.2708



## Deuteranomaly

61.8051, 73.3351, 91.7865



## Tritanomaly

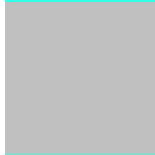
57.0804, 76.4088, 99.7356

# Monochromacy



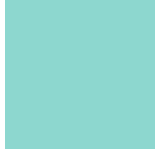
## Original Color

51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351



## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028



## Achromatomaly

46.5474, 58.7686, 67.9216

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 255, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 255, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 255, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 255, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 255, 233) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 255, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 255, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 255, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 255, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 255,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.8332, 78.1070, 89.4351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 255, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 255,  
233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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