

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.7794, 38.9638, 31.5769)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.7794, 38.9638, 31.5769)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(51.7808, 38.9651,  
31.5799)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F68791
RGB	246, 135, 145
RGB Percent	96%, 53%, 57%
CMY	0.0353, 0.4706, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.41, 0.04
HSL	355°, 86%, 75%
HSV	355°, 45%, 96%
XYZ	51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799
YIQ	169.3290, 62.9460, 26.6420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

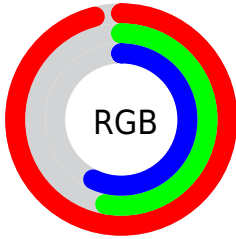
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">246, 135, 145</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16156561</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">68.73, 43.17, 13.69</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">69, 45.285, 17.599</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">38.9651, 0.4233, 0.3185</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294346641 (0xFFFF68791)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">169.3290, -11.9942, 67.2405</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">62.4220, 38.8321, 13.7000</a>

# Details

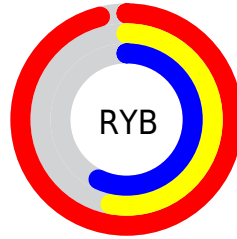
The XYZ color **51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **58.0897, 77.1193, 91.1853**, and the grayscale version is **37.9118, 39.8861, 43.4360**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.9623, 62.2104, 62.3532**, and **25.3326, 17.2999, 12.8305** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.1771, 32.2532, 22.3521**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.5195, 47.4027, 42.8646**.

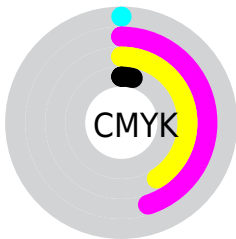
# Distribution



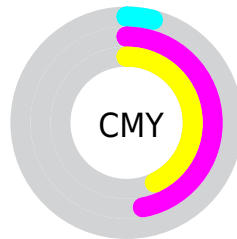
- Red (96%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.7808, 38.9651,  
31.5799


 51.7808, 38.9651,  
31.5799


383.9277,  
341.7421, 323.6346


 37.0539, 26.7326,  
20.7787


 91.9840, 73.5850,  
63.2422

 25.4231, 17.3725,  
12.7726

 118.1911, 96.7412,  
84.9403

 16.5230, 10.5004,  
7.1433


 148.9557,  
124.3073, 111.1077

 9.9882, 5.7320,  
3.4721

184.6430,  
156.6679, 142.1631

 5.4533, 2.6828,  
1.3404

225.6185,  
194.2073, 178.5250

 2.5531, 0.9685,  
0.0946

272.2476,

 0.9221, 0.0000,

237.3098, 220.6118

0.0000

324.8955,  
286.3600, 268.8422

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.7808, 38.9651,  
31.5799

■ 51.7808, 38.9651,  
31.5799

■ 47.1771, 32.2532,  
22.3521

■ 57.5195, 47.4027,  
42.8646

■ 43.6298, 27.1422,  
15.0547

■ 64.4587, 57.6675,  
56.3176

■ 41.0554, 23.5003,  
9.5510

■ 72.6624, 69.8604,  
72.0452

■ 39.3561, 21.1719,  
5.6849

■ 82.1893, 84.0730,  
90.1458

■ 38.4131, 19.9661,  
3.2737

■ 91.8159, 98.3328,  
108.7486

■ 38.1522, 19.6513,  
2.5489

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.1862, 38.9651, 51.4766



51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799



47.1238, 38.9651, 19.4509

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799



27.7647, 38.9651, 20.9943



34.1545, 38.9651, 93.8073

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799



58.0897, 77.1193, 91.1853

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.5002, 38.9651, 78.7415



51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799



25.1433, 38.9651, 34.5044

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799



33.0239, 38.9651, 14.8352



25.3939, 38.9651, 55.5091



41.3588, 38.9651, 92.2443



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799



42.5375, 38.9651, 15.4036



25.3939, 38.9651, 55.5091



32.0290, 38.9651, 90.3595

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.7818, 38.9671, 31.5806



79.9037, 77.3813, 80.1940



59.5276, 41.6290, 92.0863



16.6580, 15.9005, 16.3162



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.7818, 38.9671, 31.5806



51.6454, 35.6562, 25.1735



58.5808, 53.7447, 30.2105



16.5597, 16.5067, 17.4280



20.3855, 10.4976, 1.4724



1.8119, 0.9307, 0.2358



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.7818, 38.9671, 31.5806



51.6454, 35.6562, 25.1735



47.6548, 53.8601, 95.0729



16.5597, 16.5067, 17.4280



20.3855, 10.4976, 1.4724



1.8119, 0.9307, 0.2358



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

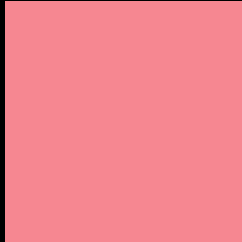
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.7808, 38.9651,

31.5799.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799

### Protanopia

37.5739, 39.1303, 39.7550

### Deuteranopia

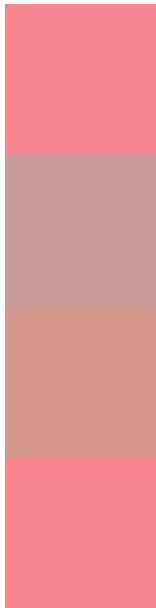
39.9021, 39.2034, 30.2749



## Tritanopia

51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799

## Protanomaly

41.5415, 38.1223, 36.6214

## Deuteranomaly

43.5513, 38.5556, 30.7378

## Tritanomaly

51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799

## Achromatopsia

37.7116, 39.6755, 43.2066

## Achromatomaly

41.4281, 38.5223, 38.5098

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 135, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 135, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 135, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 135, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 135, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 135, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 135, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 135, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 135, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 135,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.7808, 38.9651, 31.5799 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 135, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
135, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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