

Converting Colors

XYZ(51.7902, 52.1169, 75.0111)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(51.7902, 52.1169, 75.0111)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(51.8549, 52.2539,
75.0631)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCBDDC
RGB	188, 189, 220
RGB Percent	74%, 74%, 86%
CMY	0.2627, 0.2588, 0.1373
CMYK	0.15, 0.14, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	238°, 31%, 80%
HSV	238°, 15%, 86%
XYZ	51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631
YIQ	192.2350, -10.5470, 9.4290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

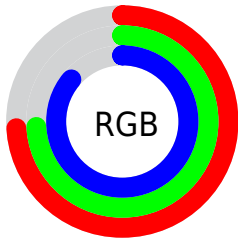
Format	Color
RYB	188, 189, 220
Decimal	12369372
CIELab	77.43, 5.83, -15.59
CIELCh	77, 16.644, 290.512
Yxy	52.2539, 0.2894, 0.2916
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290559452 (0xFFBCBDDC)
YUV	192.2350, 13.6881, -3.7141
Hunter-Lab	72.2869, 1.5448, -10.9663

Details

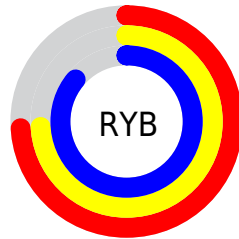
The XYZ color **51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **63.9241, 69.5092, 57.6255**, and the grayscale version is **50.1685, 52.7811, 57.4786**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.0106, 91.7579, 107.6801**, and **25.4272, 25.3933, 39.1585** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.5908, 41.1668, 73.4122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.6219, 65.1184, 76.9795**.

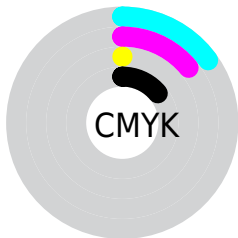
Distribution



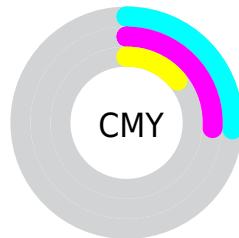
- Red (74%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.8549, 52.2539,
75.0631

■ 51.8549, 52.2539,
75.0631

384.2093,
395.4160, 497.3956

■ 37.1132, 37.2075,
55.1625

■ 92.0927, 93.5056,
128.1496

■ 25.4693, 25.3682,
39.1324

118.3196,
120.4796, 162.1726

■ 16.5576, 16.3516,
26.5541

149.1055,
152.1984, 201.7402

■ 10.0129, 9.7733,
17.0092

184.8159,
189.0462, 247.2709

■ 5.4699, 5.2489,
10.0790

225.8162,
231.4075, 299.1833

■ 2.5631, 2.3940,
5.3451

272.4716,

■ 0.9272, 0.8228,

279.6666, 357.8958

2.3889

325.1475,
334.2080, 423.8271

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7804

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 51.8549, 52.2539,
75.0631

■ 51.8549, 52.2539,
75.0631

■ 42.5908, 41.1668,
73.4122

■ 62.6219, 65.1184,
76.9795

■ 34.7583, 31.7727,
72.0118

■ 74.9494, 79.8266,
79.1688

■ 28.2874, 23.9904,
70.8507

■ 88.8978, 96.4496,
81.6422

■ 23.1004, 17.7293,
69.9155

■ 89.9184, 97.9474,
81.8775

■ 19.1117, 12.8898,
69.1916

■ 16.2255, 9.3605,
68.6625

■ 14.3311, 7.0135,
68.3094

■ 13.2948, 5.6951,
68.1095

■ 12.9932, 5.3170,
68.0524

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.6576, 52.2539, 76.1228



51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631



54.5713, 52.2539, 68.8634

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631



53.6855, 52.2539, 44.3416



43.8364, 52.2539, 54.0378

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631



63.9241, 69.5092, 57.6255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.0634, 52.2539, 46.4015



51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631



50.6878, 52.2539, 41.2136

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631



55.6593, 52.2539, 50.9370



47.5391, 52.2539, 41.9250



44.1187, 52.2539, 63.3016

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631



55.7000, 52.2539, 62.9841



47.5391, 52.2539, 41.9250



44.0839, 52.2539, 51.2127

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.8565, 52.2561, 75.0643



88.3250, 91.9737, 107.7052



59.1106, 66.9897, 76.7875



18.6430, 19.3732, 23.0068



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.8565, 52.2561, 75.0643



68.8968, 68.7576, 104.2480



55.5130, 53.8220, 75.1738



12.3712, 12.6822, 16.4480



7.6406, 3.1506, 39.9438



0.5068, 0.2277, 2.5917

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.6850, 54.8574, 55.7475



76.7073, 72.9767, 72.9991



59.8665, 67.8068, 57.5108



13.0725, 13.0581, 13.6430



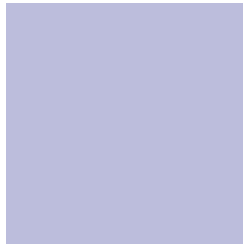
17.3519, 8.9418, 0.9674



1.1301, 0.5817, 0.0940

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

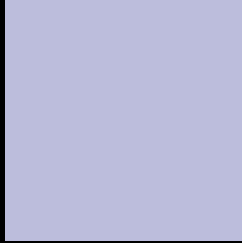
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

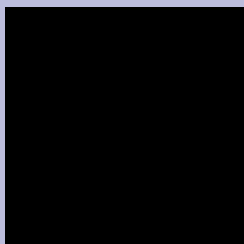
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.8549, 52.2539,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631

Protanopia

51.5814, 52.4333, 75.1122

Deuteranopia

53.3750, 52.0740, 75.6447



Tritanopia

50.0211, 52.1569, 65.8234

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631

Protanomaly

51.8252, 52.5590, 75.1236

Deuteranomaly

52.8138, 52.0986, 75.6791

Tritanomaly

50.6648, 52.0949, 69.0130

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631

Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

Achromatomaly

50.7773, 52.6022, 63.3541

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 189, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 189, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 189, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 189, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 189, 220) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 189, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 189, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 189, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 189, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 189,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.8549, 52.2539, 75.0631 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 189, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
189, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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