

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.7986, 53.3193, 32.9951)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.7986, 53.3193, 32.9951)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.9112, 53.5316,  
33.1878)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D9BE8E
RGB	217, 190, 142
RGB Percent	85%, 75%, 56%
CMY	0.1490, 0.2549, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.35, 0.15
HSL	38°, 50%, 70%
HSV	38°, 35%, 85%
XYZ	51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878
YIQ	192.6010, 31.5000, -9.2040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

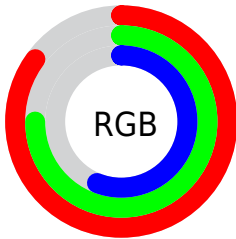
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	184, 217, 142
Decimal	14270094
CIE Lab	78.19, 2.72, 27.80
CIE LCh	78, 27.929, 84.403
Yxy	53.5316, 0.3745, 0.3861
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292460174 (0xFFD9BE8E)
YUV	192.6010, -24.9463, 21.3979
Hunter-Lab	73.1653, -1.3925, 24.3217

# Details

The XYZ color **51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **37.8673, 39.1353, 71.2037**, and the grayscale version is **50.5843, 53.2186, 57.9550**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.1596, 91.1571, 65.3839**, and **25.5319, 26.2237, 13.6135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.7917, 49.6509, 24.8775**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.4413, 57.7254, 43.2010**.

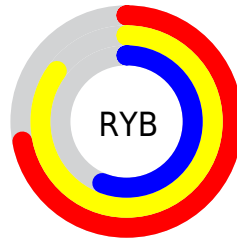
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (75%)

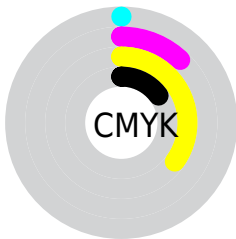
Blue (56%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (56%)

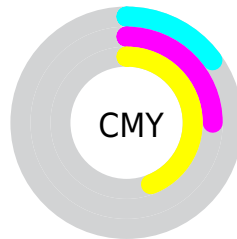


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.9112, 53.5316,  
33.1878

■ 51.9112, 53.5316,  
33.1878

384.4233,  
400.3213, 331.1530

■ 37.1583, 38.2273,  
21.9981

■ 92.1753, 95.3862,  
65.7880

■ 25.5043, 26.1592,  
13.6572

■ 118.4171,  
122.7052, 88.0356

■ 16.5839, 16.9427,  
7.7466

■ 149.2193,  
154.7980, 114.8061

■ 10.0317, 10.1937,  
3.8478

■ 184.9473,  
192.0489, 146.5182

■ 5.4824, 5.5276,  
1.5422

■ 225.9663,  
234.8422, 183.5904

■ 2.5706, 2.5600,  
0.2491

272.6417,

■ 0.9310, 0.9066,

283.5625, 226.4413

0.0000

325.3389,  
338.5941, 275.4893

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.9112, 53.5316,  
33.1878

■ 51.9112, 53.5316,  
33.1878

■ 48.7917, 49.6509,  
24.8775

■ 55.4413, 57.7254,  
43.2010

■ 46.0588, 46.0658,  
18.1688

■ 59.3963, 62.2346,  
55.0036

■ 43.6921, 42.7677,  
12.9552


■ 63.7946, 67.0705,  
68.6803


■ 41.6672, 39.7444,  
9.1152


■ 68.6524, 72.2417,  
84.3094

■ 39.9559, 36.9823,  
6.5084


■ 73.9849, 77.7564,  
101.9646


 38.5242, 34.4653,  
4.9635

 76.9116, 82.4643,  
106.4713

 37.8326, 33.1863,  
4.4116

 79.2209, 87.0829,  
107.2410

 81.6299, 91.9009,  
108.0440

 82.4253, 93.4917,  
108.3092

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.2404, 53.5316, 37.0938



51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878



46.6640, 53.5316, 34.9658

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878



41.9042, 53.5316, 71.6152



59.9051, 53.5316, 77.6025

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878



37.8673, 39.1353, 71.2037

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.3430, 53.5316, 90.1862



51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878



45.0095, 53.5316, 86.3191

# Square

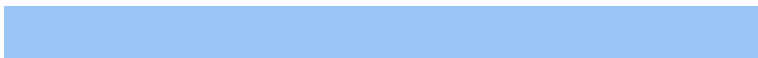
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878



41.1288, 53.5316, 55.4027



49.8629, 53.5316, 93.6315



62.0625, 53.5316, 61.2693



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878



43.8809, 53.5316, 39.3334



49.8629, 53.5316, 93.6315



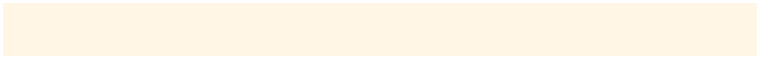
58.5868, 53.5316, 82.5200

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.9126, 53.5341, 33.1889



88.3543, 92.7482, 87.7407



45.4971, 36.9817, 42.5235



18.7215, 19.6422, 18.1923



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.9126, 53.5341, 33.1889



71.6893, 73.2926, 39.4130



55.4277, 64.8442, 35.1867



13.7475, 14.4344, 13.7871



23.0052, 20.2960, 2.7050



1.5709, 1.4759, 0.2021



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.8673, 39.1353, 71.2037



48.7112, 49.7480, 101.6427



35.1468, 31.0318, 69.7830



12.7204, 13.3805, 16.5644



9.3268, 6.5230, 40.5059

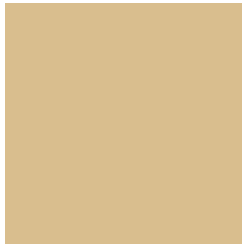


0.6843, 0.5827, 2.6508



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

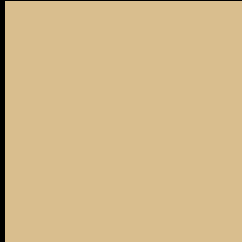
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

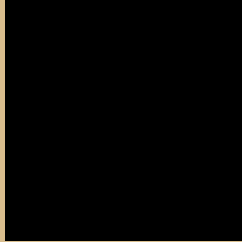
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.9112, 53.5316,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878

### Protanopia

50.0403, 53.5330, 33.6821

### Deuteranopia

54.6200, 53.3391, 33.4033



## Tritanopia

57.4430, 53.5862, 60.1389

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878

## Protanomaly

50.6715, 53.5313, 33.6485

## Deuteranomaly

53.7796, 53.5314, 33.4847

## Tritanomaly

55.3135, 53.6643, 49.0379

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878

## Achromatopsia

50.6879, 53.3276, 58.0738

## Achromatomaly

50.8467, 53.3118, 47.6547

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 190, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 190, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 190, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 190, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 190, 142) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 190, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 190, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 190, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 190, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 190,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.9112, 53.5316, 33.1878 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 190, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
190, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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