

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.8266, 38.2032, 44.8856)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.8266, 38.2032, 44.8856)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(51.9627, 38.3563,  
44.7092)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F085AE
RGB	240, 133, 174
RGB Percent	94%, 52%, 68%
CMY	0.0588, 0.4784, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.27, 0.06
HSL	337°, 78%, 73%
HSV	337°, 45%, 94%
XYZ	51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092
YIQ	169.6670, 50.6110, 35.4350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

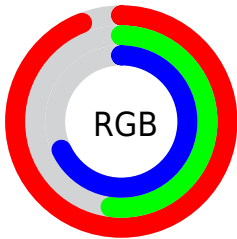
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	240, 133, 174
Decimal	15762862
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	68.28, 45.55, -3.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	68, 45.677, 355.808
Yxy	38.3563, 0.3848, 0.2841
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293952942 (0xFFFF085AE)
YUV	169.6670, 2.1362, 61.6820
Hunter-Lab	61.9325, 41.3836, 0.5511

# Details

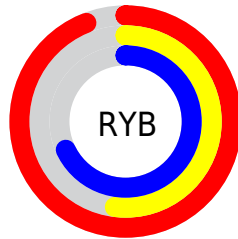
The XYZ color **51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **51.1436, 71.4313, 65.1285**, and the grayscale version is **38.0159, 39.9957, 43.5553**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.3661, 62.8836, 82.3997**, and **25.6729, 17.0875, 20.3575** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.6797, 31.9740, 36.5489**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.1576, 46.3071, 53.9591**.

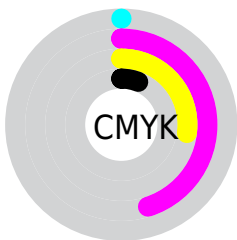
# Distribution



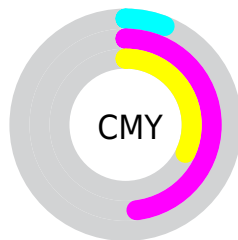
- Red (94%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.9627, 38.3563,  
44.7092

 51.9627, 38.3563,  
44.7092


384.6189,  
339.1459, 381.7203

 37.1995, 26.2593,  
30.8872


 92.2508, 72.6539,  
83.5977

 25.5364, 17.0178,  
20.2552


 118.5064, 95.6234,  
109.5012

 16.6080, 10.2472,  
12.3948

 149.3235,  
122.9858, 140.2690

 10.0490, 5.5631,  
6.8873

185.0674,  
155.1255, 176.3195

 5.4939, 2.5813,  
3.3144

226.1036,  
192.4270, 218.0714

 2.5776, 0.9173,  
1.2573

272.7973,

 0.9345, 0.0000,

235.2747, 265.9431

0.0264

325.5140,  
284.0528, 320.3532

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.9627, 38.3563,  
44.7092

■ 51.9627, 38.3563,  
44.7092

■ 47.6797, 31.9740,  
36.5489

■ 57.1576, 46.3071,  
53.9591

■ 44.2484, 27.0490,  
29.4317

■ 63.3128, 55.9167,  
64.3378

■ 41.6060, 23.4641,  
23.3104

■ 70.4774, 67.2748,  
75.8851

■ 39.6791, 21.0817,  
18.1321

■ 78.6957, 80.4633,  
88.6381

■ 38.3785, 19.7330,  
13.8372

■ 88.0096, 95.5588,  
102.6320

■ 37.8651, 19.2973,  
11.8441

■ 89.7453, 97.2653,  
108.6517

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.0550, 38.3563, 68.0353



51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092



50.2905, 38.3563, 26.8573

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092



30.7916, 38.3563, 15.3953



29.2618, 38.3563, 83.5430

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092



51.1436, 71.4313, 65.1285

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.4251, 38.3563, 61.3622



51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092



26.2240, 38.3563, 23.3108

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092



37.4711, 38.3563, 13.5125



24.3898, 38.3563, 38.9501



35.4604, 38.3563, 94.6407



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092



46.9068, 38.3563, 19.4119



24.3898, 38.3563, 38.9501



27.6865, 38.3563, 76.8434

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.9638, 38.3582, 44.7099



82.2521, 79.3952, 89.2475



47.6661, 35.2083, 86.7220



17.1849, 16.3226, 18.4392



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.9638, 38.3582, 44.7099



55.3496, 37.6213, 43.1893



50.3697, 40.6195, 27.3782



16.0234, 15.8591, 17.6796



20.7879, 10.5876, 6.7997



1.7765, 0.8996, 0.8138



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.9638, 38.3582, 44.7099



55.3496, 37.6213, 43.1893



53.0130, 66.5002, 92.4801



16.0234, 15.8591, 17.6796



20.7879, 10.5876, 6.7997



1.7765, 0.8996, 0.8138



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.9627, 38.3563,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092

### Protanopia

38.2741, 38.8489, 56.5203

### Deuteranopia

39.3732, 38.6503, 42.9212



## Tritanopia

49.6937, 38.4922, 32.8276

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092

## Protanomaly

41.7604, 37.6462, 52.0791

## Deuteranomaly

43.0459, 37.7700, 43.5497

## Tritanomaly

50.4866, 38.3934, 36.6480

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092

## Achromatopsia

38.2080, 40.1978, 43.7754

## Achromatomaly

41.9133, 38.6563, 43.7804

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 133, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 133, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 133, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 133, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 133, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 133, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 133, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 133, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 133, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 133,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.9627, 38.3563, 44.7092 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 133, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
133, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor