

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.8697, 38.6822, 17.3029)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.8697, 38.6822, 17.3029)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.8895, 38.7218,  
17.3096)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FF8466
RGB	255, 132, 102
RGB Percent	100%, 52%, 40%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4823, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.60, 0.00
HSL	12°, 100%, 70%
HSV	12°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096
YIQ	165.3570, 82.9380, 16.7460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

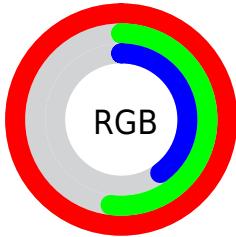
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 139, 102
Decimal	16745574
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	68.55, 44.21, 37.43
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	69, 57.929, 40.251
Yxy	38.7218, 0.4808, 0.3588
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294935654 (0xFFFF8466)
YUV	165.3570, -31.2350, 78.6169
Hunter-Lab	62.2268, 39.9500, 27.0661

# Details

The XYZ color **51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **50.4529, 63.8915, 104.2803**, and the grayscale version is **36.0543, 37.9319, 41.3078**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.8431, 59.1337, 38.5682**, and **25.4542, 17.1958, 5.4676** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.3019, 33.2690, 10.8050**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.4139, 45.4266, 26.0453**.

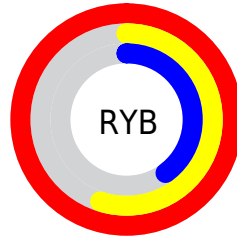
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (52%)

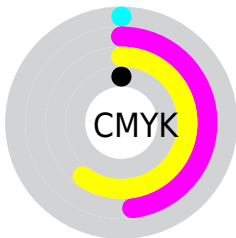
Blue (40%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (40%)

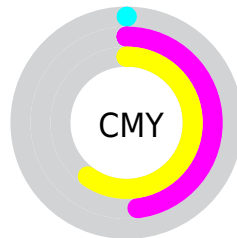


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)


Yellow (60%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.8895, 38.7218,  
17.3096


 51.8895, 38.7218,  
17.3096


384.3408,  
340.7063, 249.0543


 37.1409, 26.5434,  
10.2912

 92.1434, 73.2131,  
39.6552

 25.4908, 17.2306,  
5.4843


 118.3795, 96.2948,  
55.8196

 16.5738, 10.3990,  
2.4705

 149.1755,  
123.7797, 75.8696

 10.0245, 5.6643,  
0.8245

 184.8967,  
156.0522, 100.2239

 5.4776, 2.6421,  
0.0000

225.9084,  
193.4968, 129.3009

 2.5677, 0.9479,  
0.0000

272.5762,

 0.9295, 0.0000,

236.4977, 163.5193

0.0000

325.2652,  
285.4394, 203.2976

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.8895, 38.7218,  
17.3096

■ 51.8895, 38.7218,  
17.3096

■ 48.3019, 33.2690,  
10.8050

■ 56.4139, 45.4266,  
26.0453

■ 45.5793, 28.9828,  
6.3241

■ 61.9342, 53.4491,  
37.1900

■ 43.6430, 25.7768,  
3.6235

■ 68.5077, 62.8577,  
50.9059

■ 42.3809, 23.5421,  
2.3104

■ 76.1863, 73.7143,  
67.3403

■ 42.3808, 23.5420,  
2.3103

■ 85.0186, 86.0769,  
86.6297

95.0498, 99.9999,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.9165, 38.7218, 33.8340



51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096



43.0583, 38.7218, 10.3421

# Triad

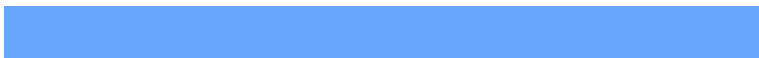
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096



22.6336, 38.7218, 27.3562



40.0165, 38.7218, 113.4850

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096



50.4529, 63.8915, 104.2803

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.1865, 38.7218, 109.3680



51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096



22.0941, 38.7218, 51.7542

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096



26.5886, 38.7218, 14.2582



24.9684, 38.7218, 83.6916



49.3486, 38.7218, 93.3345



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096



36.7270, 38.7218, 9.2265



24.9684, 38.7218, 83.6916



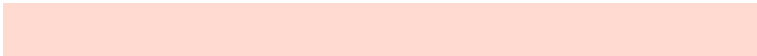
36.8810, 38.7218, 115.0437

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.8904, 38.7239, 17.3103



77.8589, 76.0641, 70.9648



59.8495, 36.3062, 76.4900



16.1474, 15.5532, 14.0685



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.8904, 38.7239, 17.3103



47.6906, 32.3208, 9.7537



65.8421, 66.6271, 21.9608



18.2977, 18.5636, 18.7631



22.2263, 12.4638, 1.2343



2.2358, 1.3569, 0.1441



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.4529, 63.8915, 104.2803



46.0074, 59.2336, 103.6161



34.5080, 32.0017, 98.9653



18.2344, 19.8404, 23.1185



20.9445, 26.7986, 53.5033



2.1130, 2.7566, 5.2340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.8895, 38.7218,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096

### Protanopia

36.2111, 39.0900, 22.1596

### Deuteranopia

39.6303, 38.8420, 16.7178



## Tritanopia

53.6056, 38.7667, 28.3243

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096

## Protanomaly

40.6030, 38.0003, 20.2337

## Deuteranomaly

43.5899, 38.4015, 16.9192

## Tritanomaly

52.8607, 38.6805, 23.7488

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096

## Achromatopsia

35.7637, 37.6262, 40.9749

## Achromatomaly

39.5624, 36.7412, 30.5978

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 132, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 132, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 132, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 132, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 132, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 132, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 132, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 132, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 132, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 132,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.8895, 38.7218, 17.3096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 132, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
132, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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