

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.8863, 40.1848,  
36.9200)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F18D9D
RGB	241, 141, 157
RGB Percent	95%, 55%, 62%
CMY	0.0549, 0.4470, 0.3843
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.35, 0.05
HSL	350°, 78%, 75%
HSV	350°, 41%, 95%
XYZ	51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200
YIQ	172.7240, 54.4640, 26.1760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

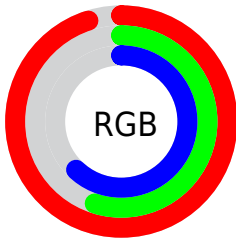
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	241, 141, 157
Decimal	15830429
CIE Lab	69.60, 39.67, 8.12
CIE LCh	70, 40.494, 11.572
Yxy	40.1848, 0.4022, 0.3115
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294020509 (0xFFFF18D9D)
YUV	172.7240, -7.7519, 59.8781
Hunter-Lab	63.3915, 35.1682, 9.8428

# Details

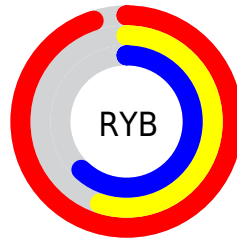
The XYZ color **51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **56.0323, 74.0105, 82.5704**, and the grayscale version is **39.5997, 41.6620, 45.3699**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.7378, 65.4430, 70.4261**, and **25.4653, 18.1304, 15.7930** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.1239, 33.2007, 27.4999**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.7104, 48.8336, 48.1078**.

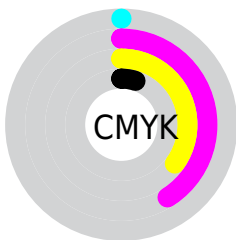
# Distribution



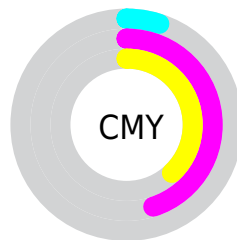
- Red (95%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 51.8863, 40.1848,  
36.9200

 51.8863, 40.1848,  
36.9200

384.3287,  
346.9019, 348.1223

 37.1384, 27.6827,  
24.8503

 92.1388, 75.4448,  
71.6347

 25.4888, 18.0866,  
15.7475


 118.3740, 98.9715,  
95.1167

 16.5723, 11.0122,  
9.1933

149.1690,  
126.9418, 123.2399

 10.0234, 6.0750,  
4.7689

184.8892,  
159.7402, 156.4228

 5.4769, 2.8908,  
2.0560

225.8999,  
197.7510, 195.0839

 2.5673, 1.0750,  
0.5894

272.5665,

 0.9293, 0.0000,

241.3586, 239.6419

0.0000

325.2543,  
290.9474, 290.5151

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.8863, 40.1848,  
36.9200

■ 51.8863, 40.1848,  
36.9200

■ 47.1239, 33.2007,  
27.4999

■ 57.7104, 48.8336,  
48.1078

■ 43.3552, 27.7684,  
19.7540

■ 64.6521, 59.2386,  
61.1455

■ 40.5094, 23.7704,  
13.5836


■ 72.7675, 71.4918,  
76.1128

■ 38.5043, 21.0698,  
8.8787

■ 82.1075, 85.6767,  
93.0842

■ 37.2432, 19.5025,  
5.5141

■ 90.0857, 97.4408,  
108.6677

 36.6345, 18.8443,  
3.5870

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.4104, 40.1848, 56.1550



51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200



48.3959, 40.1848, 23.9431

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200



30.4428, 40.1848, 21.9630



34.3556, 40.1848, 87.5886

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200



56.0323, 74.0105, 82.5704

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.5378, 40.1848, 72.2678



51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200



27.4630, 40.1848, 33.3286

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200



35.7269, 40.1848, 17.1056



27.1518, 40.1848, 51.3841



40.7731, 40.1848, 89.3710



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200



44.4992, 40.1848, 19.1096



27.1518, 40.1848, 51.3841



32.5153, 40.1848, 83.6835

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.8874, 40.1868, 36.9208



82.1873, 80.4602, 85.5433



56.2473, 41.3033, 88.2270



17.3181, 16.8081, 17.8087



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.8874, 40.1868, 36.9208



54.2310, 38.7030, 32.5853



56.2852, 51.0268, 32.0844



15.8759, 15.8001, 16.9027



19.8978, 10.2316, 2.1125



1.6856, 0.8633, 0.3355



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.8874, 40.1868, 36.9208



54.2310, 38.7030, 32.5853



49.3380, 56.9646, 91.6141



15.8759, 15.8001, 16.9027



19.8978, 10.2316, 2.1125



1.6856, 0.8633, 0.3355



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

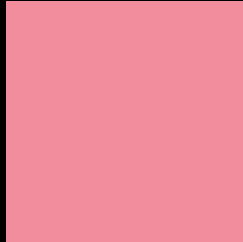
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.8863, 40.1848,

36.9200.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200

### Protanopia

39.1511, 40.6508, 45.3181

### Deuteranopia

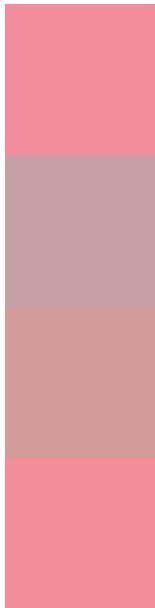
41.0175, 40.1883, 35.7322



## Tritanopia

51.6161, 40.3138, 34.7666

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200

## Protanomaly

42.6619, 39.5921, 41.9527

## Deuteranomaly

44.2995, 39.8117, 35.9214

## Tritanomaly

51.7814, 40.3799, 35.6368

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200

## Achromatopsia

39.7200, 41.7885, 45.5077

## Achromatomaly

43.0086, 40.2855, 42.0683

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 141, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 141, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 141, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 141, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 141, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 141, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 141, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 141, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 141, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 141,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.8863, 40.1848, 36.9200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 141, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
141, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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