

# Converting Colors

XYZ(51.9252, 55.6193, 75.8683)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(51.9252, 55.6193, 75.8683)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(51.9321, 55.5979,  
75.7045)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3C7DC
RGB	179, 199, 220
RGB Percent	70%, 78%, 86%
CMY	0.2980, 0.2196, 0.1372
CMYK	0.19, 0.10, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	211°, 37%, 78%
HSV	211°, 19%, 86%
XYZ	51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045
YIQ	195.4140, -18.6610, 2.2910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

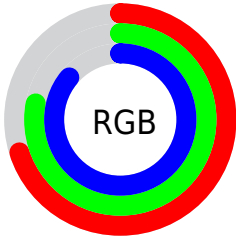
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	179, 192, 220
Decimal	11782108
CIELab	79.38, -2.38, -12.73
CIELCh	79, 12.946, 259.411
Yxy	55.5979, 0.2834, 0.3034
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289972188 (0xFFB3C7DC)
YUV	195.4140, 12.1209, -14.3951
Hunter-Lab	74.5640, -6.1659, -8.0021

# Details

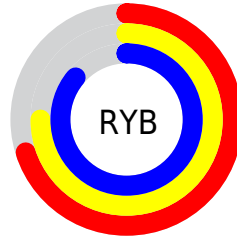
The XYZ color **51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.3066, 59.7788, 51.1144**, and the grayscale version is **52.0579, 54.7690, 59.6434**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.0709, 96.4022, 108.5734**, and **25.5211, 27.4030, 39.5415** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.7506, 48.1900, 74.6540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.1201, 63.8125, 76.8594**.

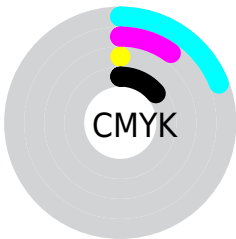
# Distribution



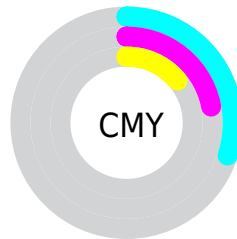
- Red (70%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51.9321, 55.5979,  
75.7045

■ 51.9321, 55.5979,  
75.7045

384.5027,  
408.1744, 499.6554

■ 37.1750, 39.8806,  
55.6850

■ 92.2059, 98.4164,  
129.0654

■ 25.5173, 27.4455,  
39.5481

118.4533,  
126.2865, 163.2439

■ 16.5937, 17.9081,  
26.8753

149.2616,  
158.9762, 202.9791

■ 10.0387, 10.8840,  
17.2480

184.9960,  
196.8701, 248.6896

■ 5.4871, 5.9889,  
10.2476

226.0220,  
240.3524, 300.7940

■ 2.5735, 2.8383,  
5.4557

272.7049,

■ 0.9324, 1.0479,

289.8076, 359.7107

2.4537

325.4100,  
345.6202, 425.8583

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8155

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.9321, 55.5979,  
75.7045

■ 51.9321, 55.5979,  
75.7045

■ 44.7506, 48.1900,  
74.6540

■ 60.1201, 63.8125,  
76.8594

■ 38.5281, 41.5539,  
73.7011

■ 69.3494, 72.8534,  
78.1180

■ 33.2206, 35.6619,  
72.8436

■ 79.6593, 82.7479,  
79.4845

■ 28.7781, 30.4818,  
72.0779

■ 86.5309, 91.1722,  
80.7484

■ 25.1457, 25.9784,  
71.4001

■ 89.9184, 97.9474,  
81.8776

■ 22.2613, 22.1127,  
70.8059

■ 20.0521, 18.8396,  
70.2906

■ 18.4106, 16.0960,  
69.8475

■ 18.2108, 15.7520,  
69.7917

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.6624, 55.5979, 72.0547



51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045



54.5205, 55.5979, 75.0459

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045



57.6933, 55.5979, 55.9088



49.1434, 55.5979, 51.7035

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045



58.3066, 59.7788, 51.1144

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.2025, 55.5979, 48.0296



51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045



56.1589, 55.5979, 50.3165

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045



57.9043, 55.5979, 63.2020



53.7668, 55.5979, 47.5435



48.0877, 55.5979, 57.9473



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045



56.0770, 55.5979, 72.2673



53.7668, 55.5979, 47.5435



49.7380, 55.5979, 50.1495

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.9338, 55.6002, 75.7058



87.1945, 92.3149, 107.8307



54.5516, 64.9179, 63.9940



18.4872, 19.5857, 23.0560



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

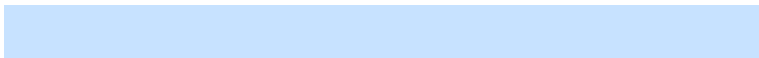


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.9338, 55.6002, 75.7058



68.8463, 73.8878, 105.2409



47.6299, 46.9924, 74.2711



12.8605, 13.6607, 16.6111



10.7984, 9.4662, 40.9964



0.7857, 0.7854, 2.6846



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.9454, 51.5806, 61.0429



75.4049, 67.5666, 81.2128



63.2460, 69.6577, 52.7608



13.3194, 13.1569, 14.9434



18.9459, 9.5794, 9.3609

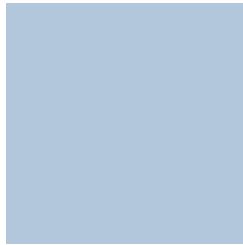


1.2709, 0.6380, 0.8352



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

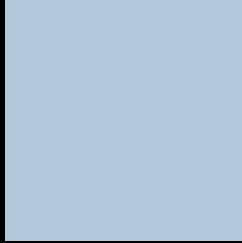
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

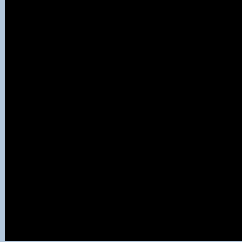
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

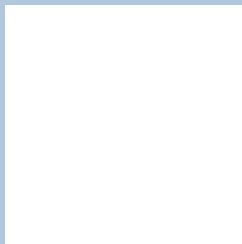
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.9321, 55.5979,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045

### Protanopia

54.2876, 55.5093, 73.4987

### Deuteranopia

56.7175, 55.3729, 76.8059



## Tritanopia

51.4090, 55.7314, 73.0134

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045

## Protanomaly

53.3811, 55.3606, 74.2019

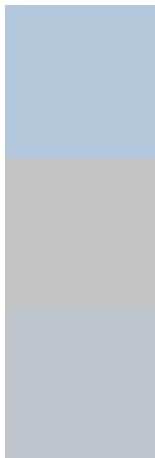
## Deuteranomaly

54.8486, 55.4061, 76.2102

## Tritanomaly

51.5388, 55.7833, 73.6965

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045

## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

## Achromatomaly

51.6253, 54.6583, 64.9559

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 199, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 199, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 199, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 199, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 199, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 199, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 199, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 199, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 199, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 199,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.9321, 55.5979, 75.7045 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 199, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
199, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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