

Converting Colors

XYZ(51.9333, 46.6059,
100.0246)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246)
contains.

XYZ(51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(51.9333, 46.6059,
100.0246)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6ACFE
RGB	182, 172, 254
RGB Percent	71%, 67%, 100%
CMY	0.2863, 0.3255, 0.0039
CMYK	0.28, 0.32, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	247°, 98%, 84%
HSV	247°, 32%, 100%
XYZ	51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246
YIQ	184.3380, -20.3620, 27.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

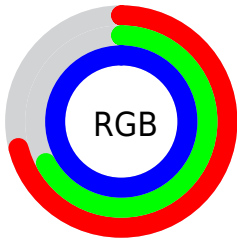
Format	Color
R _Y B	182, 172, 254
Decimal	11971838
CIE Lab	73.94, 21.10, -39.36
CIE LCh	74, 44.660, 298.201
Yxy	46.6059, 0.2615, 0.2347
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290161918 (0xFFB6ACFE)
YUV	184.3380, 34.3434, -2.0504
Hunter-Lab	68.2685, 16.3188, -39.0816

Details

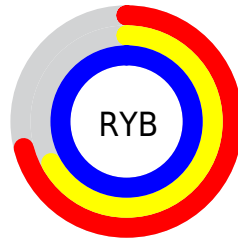
The XYZ color **51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **80.1976, 93.0963, 52.7741**, and the grayscale version is **45.5722, 47.9455, 52.2126**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.1157, 80.5089, 105.8723**, and **25.5469, 21.9762, 55.7187** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.6991, 35.3429, 98.3381**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.9333, 60.1525, 102.0604**.

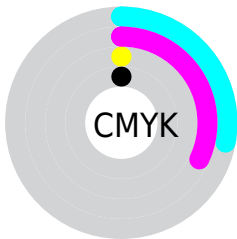
Distribution



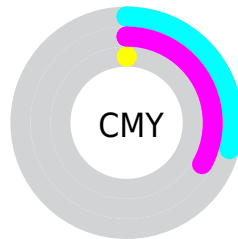
- Red (71%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.9333, 46.6059,
100.0246

■ 51.9333, 46.6059,
100.0246

384.5072,
373.2392, 581.5189

■ 37.1760, 32.7242,
75.7041

■ 92.2077, 85.1251,
163.2432

■ 25.5181, 21.9153,
55.6847

118.4554,
110.5313, 202.9783

■ 16.5942, 13.7946,
39.5479

149.2640,
140.5479, 248.6887

■ 10.0391, 7.9780,
26.8751

184.9988,
175.5592, 300.7929

■ 5.4874, 4.0809,
17.2478

226.0252,
215.9495, 359.7095

■ 2.5736, 1.7189,
10.2475

272.7085,

■ 0.9325, 0.4358,

262.1034, 425.8570

5.4556

325.4141,
314.4052, 499.6540

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.4536

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8154

■ 51.9333, 46.6059,
100.0246

■ 51.9333, 46.6059,
100.0246

■ 42.6991, 35.3429,
98.3381

■ 62.9333, 60.1525,
102.0604

■ 35.1336, 26.2321,
96.9783

■ 75.7800, 76.0937,
104.4603

■ 29.1373, 19.1370,
95.9249

■ 90.5548, 94.5395,
107.2419

■ 24.5983, 13.9031,
95.1539

■ 94.8896, 99.9358,
108.0551

■ 21.3894, 10.3532,
94.6378

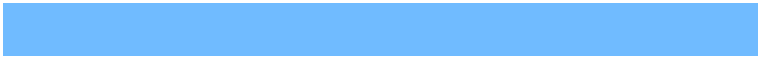
■ 19.3606, 8.2752,
94.3436

■ 18.4539, 7.4467,
94.2315

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.8186, 46.6059, 108.3959



51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246



58.6247, 46.6059, 77.5338

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246



52.8645, 46.6059, 21.8587



30.6898, 46.6059, 49.3817

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246



80.1976, 93.0963, 52.7741

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.5183, 46.6059, 30.9707



51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246



44.7799, 46.6059, 18.3268

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



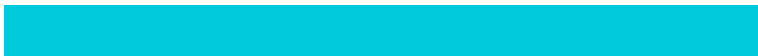
51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246



59.2060, 46.6059, 32.7181



37.4495, 46.6059, 21.0829



32.1287, 46.6059, 74.4137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246



61.0372, 46.6059, 60.2499



37.4495, 46.6059, 21.0829



30.9378, 46.6059, 42.2979

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.9349, 46.6077, 100.0257



79.6849, 80.7937, 106.0027



67.3852, 80.8901, 105.8285



16.6277, 16.7597, 22.6085



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.9349, 46.6077, 100.0257



45.9430, 39.1357, 99.7402



62.9415, 52.2818, 100.5408



17.2088, 17.4838, 22.7177



9.7923, 3.9586, 49.6826



1.0156, 0.4175, 4.8403

Inverse Universe

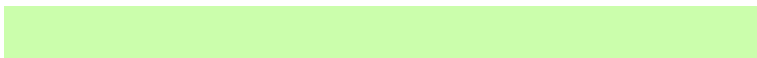
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.9560, 57.1092, 92.8198



69.2114, 51.3495, 90.9564



67.6364, 86.6208, 52.1862



18.6917, 18.2600, 22.2595



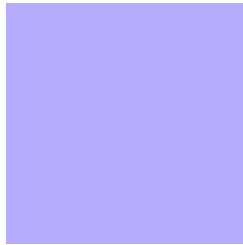
28.6099, 13.9332, 38.1917



2.8113, 1.3669, 3.8539

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

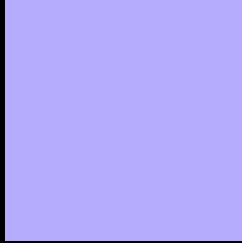
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.9333, 46.6059,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246

Protanopia

48.2707, 46.7293, 101.0833

Deuteranopia

47.7913, 46.5376, 98.5592



Tritanopia

43.9211, 46.6021, 60.1063

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246

Protanomaly

49.5117, 46.4862, 100.9709

Deuteranomaly

49.1913, 46.3580, 99.2838

Tritanomaly

46.4542, 46.4161, 72.8405

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246

Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

Achromatomaly

47.3583, 47.3132, 66.9579

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 172, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 172, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 172, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 172, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 172, 254) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 172, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 172, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 172, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 172, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 172,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.9333, 46.6059, 100.0246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 172, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
172, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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