

Converting Colors

XYZ(51.9423, 48.0580,
101.1462)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(51.9423, 48.0580, 101.1462)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(51.9036, 48.0114,
101.1393)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1B1FF
RGB	177, 177, 255
RGB Percent	69%, 69%, 100%
CMY	0.3059, 0.3059, 0.0000
CMYK	0.31, 0.31, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	240°, 100%, 85%
HSV	240°, 31%, 100%
XYZ	51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393
YIQ	185.8920, -25.0380, 24.2580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

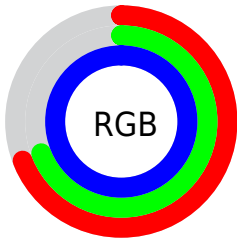
Format	Color
RYB	177, 177, 255
Decimal	11645439
CIELab	74.83, 17.17, -38.53
CIELCh	75, 42.186, 294.014
Yxy	48.0114, 0.2582, 0.2388
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289835519 (0xFFB1B1FF)
YUV	185.8920, 34.0702, -7.7983
Hunter-Lab	69.2903, 12.4519, -38.0393

Details

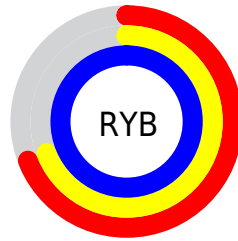
The XYZ color **51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **84.9361, 95.9544, 55.6412**, and the grayscale version is **46.4384, 48.8568, 53.2051**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.1206, 82.9903, 106.3509**, and **25.5527, 22.8820, 56.4960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.0540, 36.1432, 99.3676**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.7824, 62.3246, 103.2759**.

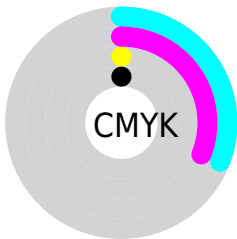
Distribution



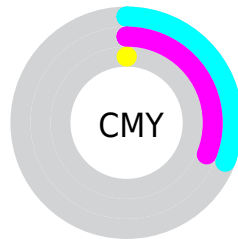
- Red (69%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.9036, 48.0114,
101.1393

■ 51.9036, 48.0114,
101.1393

384.3944,
378.8373, 585.1171

■ 37.1522, 33.8359,
76.6302

■ 92.1641, 87.2214,
164.7875

■ 25.4996, 22.7676,
56.4396

118.4040,
113.0247, 204.7636

■ 16.5804, 14.4220,
40.1492

149.2040,
143.4727, 250.7325

■ 10.0292, 8.4147,
27.3402

184.9296,
178.9498, 303.1127

■ 5.4807, 4.3615,
17.5942

225.9460,
219.8404, 362.3227

■ 2.5696, 1.8777,
10.4926

272.6188,

■ 0.9305, 0.5349,

266.5289, 428.7810

5.6169

325.3131,
319.3998, 502.9063

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.5486

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8657

■ 51.9036, 48.0114,
101.1393

■ 51.9036, 48.0114,
101.1393

■ 42.0540, 36.1432,
99.3676

■ 63.7824, 62.3246,
103.2759

■ 34.1160, 26.5785,
97.9398

■ 77.7904, 79.2033,
105.7955

■ 27.9670, 19.1694,
96.8338

■ 94.0260, 98.7661,
108.7158

■ 23.4682, 13.7486,
96.0246

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 20.4605, 10.1245,
95.4836

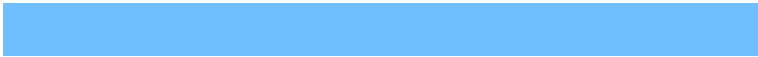
■ 18.7535, 8.0677,
95.1765

■ 18.0500, 7.2200,
95.0500

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.1124, 48.0114, 106.5530



51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393



58.6403, 48.0114, 81.2354

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393



54.8612, 48.0114, 25.0022



32.4788, 48.0114, 47.9934

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393



84.9361, 95.9544, 55.6412

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.7079, 48.0114, 31.1750



51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393



47.1890, 48.0114, 20.5119

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393



60.4773, 48.0114, 36.8996



39.8897, 48.0114, 22.4036



33.4419, 48.0114, 71.4223

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393



61.3335, 48.0114, 64.7951



39.8897, 48.0114, 22.4036



32.8710, 48.0114, 41.4836

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.9051, 48.0132, 101.1395



80.2156, 82.1256, 106.2317



71.7336, 88.0041, 106.7200



16.6930, 17.0042, 22.6523



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.9051, 48.0132, 101.1395



45.3613, 40.1284, 99.9625



61.7097, 53.0676, 101.5984



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657



0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358

Inverse Universe

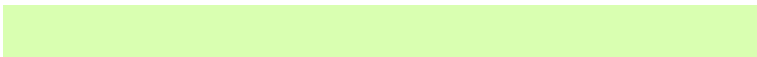
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.8990, 55.8801, 48.9622



60.3260, 49.1885, 39.8715



72.4012, 89.4924, 55.0546



18.0095, 17.9871, 18.6670



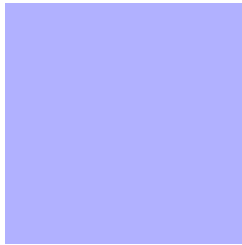
21.5488, 11.1088, 1.0085



2.0981, 1.0816, 0.0982

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

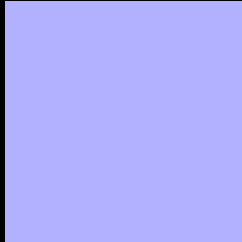
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

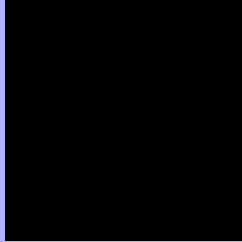
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 51.9036, 48.0114,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393

Protanopia

49.6782, 48.3573, 101.3233

Deuteranopia

49.3153, 48.1887, 100.4681



Tritanopia

44.1569, 47.9119, 62.7977

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393

Protanomaly

50.3076, 48.0780, 101.2362

Deuteranomaly

50.1470, 48.0138, 100.3905

Tritanomaly

46.5622, 47.6335, 75.1467

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393

Achromatopsia

46.6715, 49.1021, 53.4722

Achromatomaly

48.2198, 48.6374, 68.4745

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 177, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 177, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 177, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 177, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 177, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 177, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 177, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 177, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 177, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 177,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 51.9036, 48.0114, 101.1393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 177, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
177, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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