

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.0274, 53.4818, 49.6556)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.0274, 53.4818, 49.6556)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.1203, 53.5978,  
49.7178)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEBFB2
RGB	206, 191, 178
RGB Percent	81%, 75%, 70%
CMY	0.1922, 0.2510, 0.3020
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.14, 0.19
HSL	28°, 22%, 75%
HSV	28°, 14%, 81%
XYZ	52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178
YIQ	194.0030, 13.1130, -0.8630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

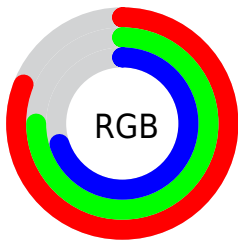
Format	Color
RYB	206, 202, 178
Decimal	13549490
CIELab	78.23, 3.10, 8.45
CIELCh	78, 9.003, 69.827
Yxy	53.5978, 0.3353, 0.3448
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291739570 (0xFFCEBFB2)
YUV	194.0030, -7.8895, 10.5214
Hunter-Lab	73.2105, -1.0400, 10.9831

# Details

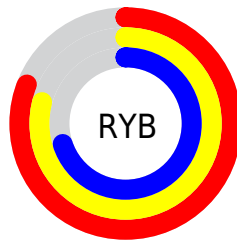
The XYZ color **52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **48.5704, 52.0600, 65.8817**, and the grayscale version is **51.3210, 53.9937, 58.7991**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.3520, 93.7220, 91.2227**, and **25.7390, 26.3330, 23.1282** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.8896, 48.2013, 38.8579**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.8458, 59.4858, 62.2763**.

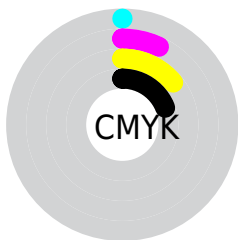
# Distribution



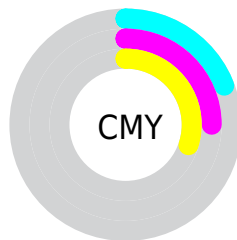
- Red (81%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.1203, 53.5978,  
49.7178

 52.1203, 53.5978,  
49.7178


385.2172,  
400.5744, 402.2647

 37.3256, 38.2802,  
34.8196


 92.4818, 95.4834,  
91.1486

 25.6345, 26.2002,  
23.2415


118.7794,  
122.8203, 118.5183

 16.6817, 16.9735,  
14.5650


149.6419,  
154.9323, 150.8823

 10.1017, 10.2156,  
8.3714

185.4348,  
192.2040, 188.6590

 5.5292, 5.5421,  
4.2424

226.5235,  
235.0196, 232.2671

 2.5989, 2.5687,  
1.7592

273.2732,

 0.9454, 0.9110,

283.7636, 282.1251

0.4009

326.0493,  
338.8205, 338.6514

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.1203, 53.5978,  
49.7178

■ 52.1203, 53.5978,  
49.7178

■ 47.8896, 48.2013,  
38.8579

■ 56.8458, 59.4858,  
62.2763

■ 44.1317, 43.2758,  
29.6193

■ 62.0786, 65.8711,  
76.5995

■ 40.8289, 38.8095,  
21.9235

■ 67.8360, 72.7684,  
92.7540

■ 37.9609, 34.7874,  
15.6841

■ 73.2512, 79.8367,  
106.1570

■ 35.5057, 31.1935,  
10.8064

■ 76.5111, 86.3564,  
107.2436

■ 33.4385, 28.0108,  
7.1838

■ 79.2638, 91.8619,  
108.1612

■ 31.7317, 25.2203,  
4.6939

■ 30.3525, 22.8009,  
3.1889

■ 29.6069, 21.4281,  
2.5756

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.5892, 53.5978, 52.3632



52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178



50.3671, 53.5978, 49.3120

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178



47.6776, 53.5978, 60.0304



53.1437, 53.5978, 66.1313

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178



48.5704, 52.0600, 65.8817

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.5234, 53.5978, 68.4497



52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178



48.3855, 53.5978, 64.7957

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178



47.8291, 53.5978, 55.0767



49.7838, 53.5978, 67.9473



54.1895, 53.5978, 61.7690



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178



49.2767, 53.5978, 50.3404



49.7838, 53.5978, 67.9473



52.6466, 53.5978, 67.1866

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.1218, 53.6002, 49.7189



91.7329, 95.9243, 99.9066



51.0449, 48.8314, 57.4220



19.5043, 20.3709, 21.0334



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

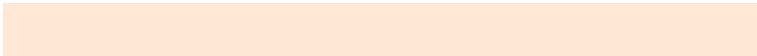


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.1218, 53.6002, 49.7189



82.5842, 84.4873, 75.7074



55.2258, 59.8083, 50.7536



11.6346, 12.0581, 11.7937



18.3259, 13.3848, 1.6176



1.0211, 0.8419, 0.1087

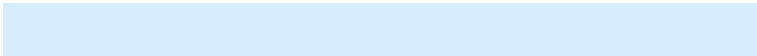


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.5704, 52.0600, 65.8817



75.8502, 81.5667, 106.3540



45.7017, 46.3227, 64.9255



11.0910, 11.8224, 14.2678



10.4134, 9.8507, 37.3088



0.6127, 0.6592, 1.9499



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

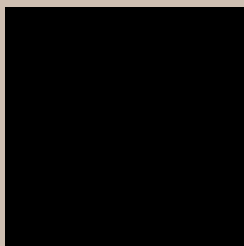
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

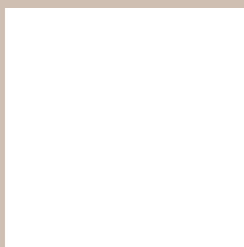
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.1203, 53.5978,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178

### Protanopia

51.0261, 53.6740, 50.3186

### Deuteranopia

54.8204, 53.7007, 50.1238



## Tritanopia

54.7255, 53.3602, 63.2923

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178

## Protanomaly

51.3434, 53.5105, 50.2703

## Deuteranomaly

53.8515, 53.5173, 50.1394

## Tritanomaly

53.6213, 53.2266, 57.8997

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178

## Achromatopsia

51.2775, 53.9479, 58.7493

## Achromatomaly

51.4358, 53.7765, 55.2459

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(206, 191, 178) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 191, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 191, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 191, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 191, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 191, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 191, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 191, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 191, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 191,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.1203, 53.5978, 49.7178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 191, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
191, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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