

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.0402, 51.4828,  
57.0635)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CDB9C0
RGB	205, 185, 192
RGB Percent	80%, 73%, 75%
CMY	0.1961, 0.2745, 0.2471
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.06, 0.20
HSL	339°, 17%, 76%
HSV	339°, 10%, 80%
XYZ	52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635
YIQ	191.7780, 9.6730, 6.4170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

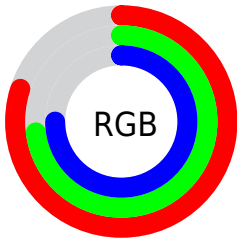
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	205, 185, 192
Decimal	13482432
CIE Lab	76.97, 8.31, -0.95
CIE LCh	77, 8.364, 353.446
Yxy	51.4828, 0.3241, 0.3206
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291672512 (0xFFCDB9C0)
YUV	191.7780, 0.1094, 11.5957
Hunter-Lab	71.7515, 3.8980, 3.0731

# Details

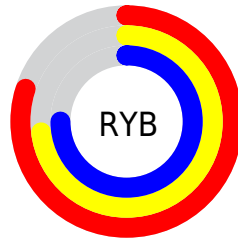
The XYZ color **52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **52.0339, 58.0555, 61.8922**, and the grayscale version is **49.9701, 52.5724, 57.2514**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.6386, 90.9479, 101.6372**, and **25.6740, 24.9459, 27.8880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.6468, 42.9527, 48.3072**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.1886, 61.3076, 66.7325**.

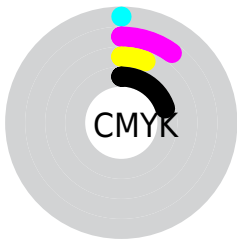
# Distribution



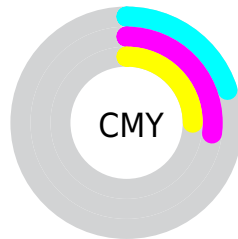
- Red (80%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.0402, 51.4828,  
57.0635

 52.0402, 51.4828,  
57.0635


384.9132,  
392.4367, 431.1876

 37.2615, 36.5930,  
40.6465

 92.3644, 92.3680,  
102.0591

 25.5846, 24.8925,  
27.7254


118.6406,  
119.1322, 131.4748

 16.6442, 15.9970,  
17.8815


149.4801,  
150.6234, 166.0605

 10.0749, 9.5220,  
10.6964

185.2481,  
187.2258, 206.2347

 5.5113, 5.0832,  
5.7515

226.3101,  
229.3240, 252.4160

 2.5881, 2.2962,  
2.6282

273.0314,

 0.9399, 0.7717,

277.3022, 305.0229

0.9070

325.7773,  
331.5450, 364.4739

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.0402, 51.4828,  
57.0635

■ 52.0402, 51.4828,  
57.0635

■ 46.6468, 42.9527,  
48.3072

■ 58.1886, 61.3076,  
66.7325

■ 41.9742, 35.6564,  
40.4330

■ 65.1158, 72.4711,  
77.3370

■ 37.9919, 29.5383,  
33.4130

■ 72.8499, 85.0238,  
88.9032

■ 34.6655, 24.5357,  
27.2169

■ 77.4661, 91.1109,  
100.1385

■ 31.9576, 20.5802,  
21.8123

■ 78.9871, 91.7193,  
108.1483

■ 29.8267, 17.5957,  
17.1643

■ 28.2259, 15.4956,  
13.2350

■ 27.1003, 14.1777,  
9.9824

■ 26.3541, 13.4588,  
7.3490

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.4355, 51.4828, 61.4460



52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635



51.7979, 51.4828, 52.6367

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635



47.7239, 51.4828, 48.3851



47.1307, 51.4828, 63.4041

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635



52.0339, 58.0555, 61.8922

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.1755, 51.4828, 59.6203



52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635



46.5127, 51.4828, 50.9908

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635



49.2834, 51.4828, 47.7829



45.9517, 51.4828, 55.0605



48.5840, 51.4828, 65.2329



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635



51.1911, 51.4828, 50.2359



45.9517, 51.4828, 55.0605



46.7420, 51.4828, 62.3091

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.0417, 51.4851, 57.0646



91.8674, 94.8996, 103.9399



51.6589, 51.1139, 64.9015



19.4856, 20.0279, 21.9688



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.0417, 51.4851, 57.0646



83.0141, 80.7909, 89.8969



51.9187, 52.4505, 53.2892



11.3717, 11.2774, 12.4920



16.4371, 8.3854, 4.7544



0.8837, 0.4469, 0.4335



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.0417, 51.4851, 57.0646



83.0141, 80.7909, 89.8969



52.1492, 56.9645, 66.0050



11.3717, 11.2774, 12.4920



16.4371, 8.3854, 4.7544



0.8837, 0.4469, 0.4335



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

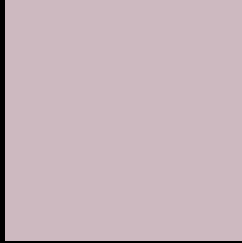
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

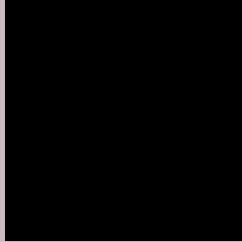
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.0402, 51.4828,

57.0635.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635

### Protanopia

49.6734, 51.4967, 58.3607

### Deuteranopia

52.3870, 51.3521, 57.0200



## Tritanopia

52.7871, 51.4800, 60.5805

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635

## Protanomaly

50.6348, 51.6870, 57.7599

## Deuteranomaly

52.1085, 51.2086, 57.0070

## Tritanomaly

52.5579, 51.3883, 59.3734

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

50.7380, 52.0713, 57.2458

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(205, 185, 192) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 185, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 185, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 185, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 185, 192) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 185, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 185, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 185, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 185, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 185,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.0402, 51.4828, 57.0635 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 185, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
185, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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