

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.1028, 36.3655,  
75.5073)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E17EE1
RGB	225, 126, 225
RGB Percent	88%, 49%, 88%
CMY	0.1176, 0.5059, 0.1176
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	300°, 62%, 69%
HSV	300°, 44%, 88%
XYZ	52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073
YIQ	166.8870, 27.2250, 51.7770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

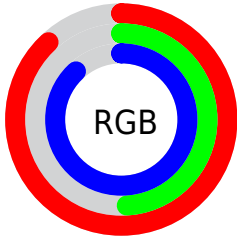
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">225, 126, 225</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14778081</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.80, 52.32, -34.27</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">67, 62.545, 326.773</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.3655, 0.3177, 0.2218</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292968161 (0xFFE17EE1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">166.8870, 28.6497, 50.9651</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.3038, 48.6932, -32.0252</a>

# Details

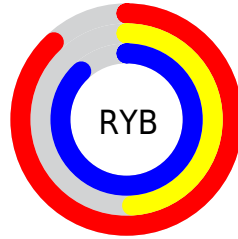
The XYZ color **52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **39.2969, 59.7938, 29.2109**, and the grayscale version is **36.5325, 38.4351, 41.8558**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.8139, 61.5277, 102.4880**, and **25.6272, 15.8241, 39.2398** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.5431, 31.2453, 74.6543**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.3119, 42.7828, 76.5775**.

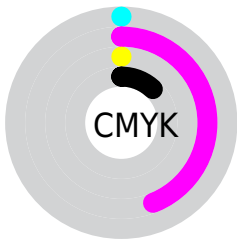
# Distribution



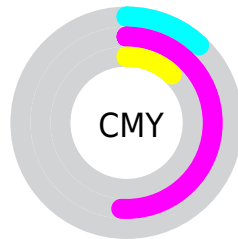
- Red (88%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (12%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 52.1028, 36.3655,  
75.5073

 52.1028, 36.3655,  
75.5073

385.1508,  
330.5553, 498.9613


 37.3116, 24.7166,  
55.5244

 92.4562, 69.5958,  
128.7839

 25.6236, 15.8660,  
39.4203


 118.7491, 91.9461,  
162.9146

 16.6735, 9.4294,  
26.7765

 149.6066,  
118.6322, 202.5984

 10.0958, 5.0223,  
17.1745

185.3940,  
150.0386, 248.2537

 5.5253, 2.2604,  
10.1957

226.4768,  
186.5498, 300.2991

 2.5965, 0.7526,  
5.4216

273.2203,

 0.9442, 0.0000,

228.5500, 359.1531

2.4337

325.9899,  
276.4237, 425.2344

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8047

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.1028, 36.3655,  
75.5073

■ 52.1028, 36.3655,  
75.5073

■ 49.5431, 31.2453,  
74.6543

■ 55.3119, 42.7828,  
76.5775

■ 47.5853, 27.3296,  
74.0016


■ 59.2065, 50.5720,  
77.8758


■ 46.1811, 24.5213,  
73.5334


■ 63.8245, 59.8080,  
79.4152


■ 45.2734, 22.7061,  
73.2307


■ 69.2000, 70.5588,  
81.2072


 44.7928, 21.7449,  
73.0704


 75.3647, 82.8882,  
83.2622

 44.6424, 21.4440,  
73.0202

 80.4026, 92.9641,  
84.9416

 80.4027, 92.9641,  
84.9417

 80.4027, 92.9641,  
84.9419

 80.4027, 92.9642,  
84.9420

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.4134, 36.3655, 106.6045



52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073



56.0673, 36.3655, 42.5980

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073



35.5973, 36.3655, 7.0499



20.7464, 36.3655, 67.9707

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073



39.2969, 59.7938, 29.2109

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.4104, 36.3655, 36.7382



52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073



27.0077, 36.3655, 8.9366

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073



45.5086, 36.3655, 10.0670



21.4827, 36.3655, 17.3768



25.5325, 36.3655, 101.0352



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073



55.0460, 36.3655, 26.3957



21.4827, 36.3655, 17.3768



19.9215, 36.3655, 56.5939

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.1040, 36.3671, 75.5081



85.3714, 80.6429, 105.6736



29.6573, 24.7954, 74.4581



17.9586, 16.6321, 22.5137



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.1040, 36.3671, 75.5081



65.9883, 41.8768, 99.2119



46.3007, 34.0458, 44.9483



14.2951, 13.9357, 17.3241



25.7246, 12.3568, 42.0769



1.7831, 0.8565, 2.9165



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.1040, 36.3671, 75.5081



65.9883, 41.8768, 99.2119



43.3180, 61.4022, 50.3858



14.2951, 13.9357, 17.3241



25.7246, 12.3568, 42.0769

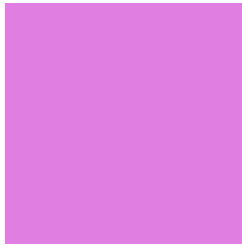


1.7831, 0.8565, 2.9165



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

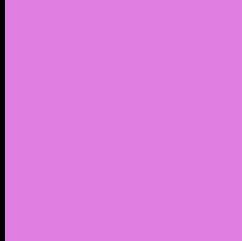
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

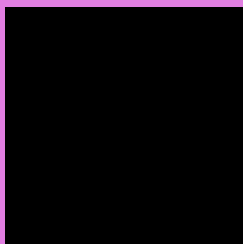
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.1028, 36.3655,

75.5073.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073

### Protanopia

39.3537, 36.9006, 97.9769

### Deuteranopia

37.3896, 36.4591, 72.0845



## Tritanopia

43.7417, 36.2448, 34.8275

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073



## Protanomaly

42.0774, 35.5434, 89.4369



## Deuteranomaly

41.3202, 35.5142, 73.0837



## Tritanomaly

46.1543, 35.9231, 47.1491

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073



## Achromatopsia

36.7301, 38.6429, 42.0822



## Achromatomaly

41.0444, 36.7787, 52.5127

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 126, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 126, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 126, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 126, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 126, 225) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 126, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 126, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 126, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 126, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 126,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.1028, 36.3655, 75.5073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 126, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
126, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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