

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.1213, 55.0520, 63.7545)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.1213, 55.0520, 63.7545)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.1388, 54.9506,  
63.7356)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C0C4CA
RGB	192, 196, 202
RGB Percent	75%, 77%, 79%
CMY	0.2471, 0.2314, 0.2078
CMYK	0.05, 0.03, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	216°, 9%, 77%
HSV	216°, 5%, 79%
XYZ	52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356
YIQ	195.4880, -4.3100, 1.0180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

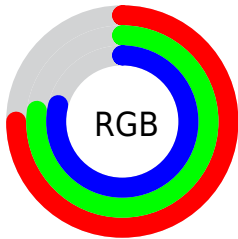
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	192, 195, 202
Decimal	12633290
CIE Lab	79.01, -0.24, -3.49
CIE LCh	79, 3.496, 266.135
Yxy	54.9506, 0.3052, 0.3217
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290823370 (0xFFC0C4CA)
YUV	195.4880, 3.2104, -3.0590
Hunter-Lab	74.1287, -4.1762, 0.9127

# Details

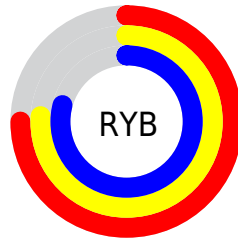
The XYZ color **52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.0657, 56.7498, 57.9742**, and the grayscale version is **52.1475, 54.8632, 59.7460**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.8867, 97.4270, 108.5701**, and **25.6658, 26.9731, 31.8706** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.7484, 47.2483, 62.6393**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.4550, 63.4607, 64.9407**.

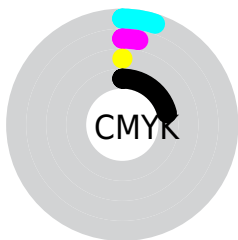
# Distribution



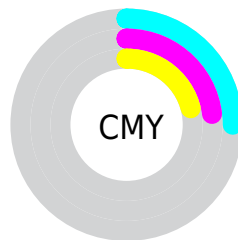
- Red (75%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 52.1388, 54.9506,  
63.7356

■ 52.1388, 54.9506,  
63.7356

385.2874,  
405.7246, 456.4154

■ 37.3404, 39.3622,  
45.9917

■ 92.5089, 97.4686,  
111.8259

■ 25.6461, 27.0416,  
31.8907

118.8114,  
125.1669, 143.0094

■ 16.6903, 17.6045,  
21.0139

149.6793,  
157.6707, 179.5098

■ 10.1079, 10.6664,  
12.9428

185.4779,  
195.3642, 221.7458

■ 5.5334, 5.8430,  
7.2589

226.5727,  
238.6320, 270.1358

■ 2.6014, 2.7498,  
3.5437

273.3290,

■ 0.9467, 1.0026,

287.8584, 325.0984

1.3785

326.1121,  
343.4278, 387.0521

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1249

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.1388, 54.9506,  
63.7356

■ 52.1388, 54.9506,  
63.7356

■ 44.7484, 47.2483,  
62.6393

■ 60.4550, 63.4607,  
64.9407

■ 38.2455, 40.3219,  
61.6451

■ 69.7241, 72.7954,  
66.2540

■ 32.5958, 34.1471,  
60.7510

■ 79.9778, 82.9799,  
67.6794

■ 27.7613, 28.6961,  
59.9537

■ 84.3896, 90.5018,  
68.8987

■ 23.7004, 23.9389,  
59.2494

■ 87.6608, 97.0443,  
69.9891

■ 20.3680, 19.8429,  
58.6345

■ 17.7135, 16.3728,  
58.1046

■ 15.6791, 13.4886,  
57.6551

■ 14.1954, 11.1440,  
57.2807

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.4871, 54.9506, 63.0692



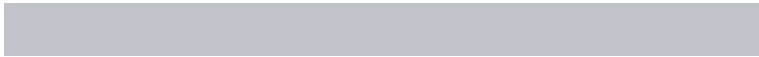
52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356



52.8203, 54.9506, 63.3370

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356



53.4389, 54.9506, 58.1604



51.1261, 54.9506, 57.7227

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356



54.0657, 56.7498, 57.9742

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.6420, 54.9506, 56.4585



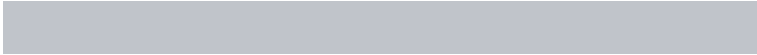
52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356



52.9777, 54.9506, 56.7072

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356



53.5748, 54.9506, 60.0904



52.3191, 54.9506, 56.0909



50.9058, 54.9506, 59.5741



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356



53.1992, 54.9506, 62.5257



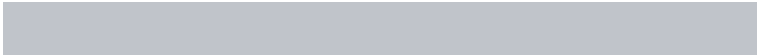
52.3191, 54.9506, 56.0909



51.2705, 54.9506, 57.2165

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.1404, 54.9529, 63.7368



93.6322, 98.5478, 108.6944



53.0334, 57.5179, 61.6331



20.0561, 21.1086, 23.2672



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

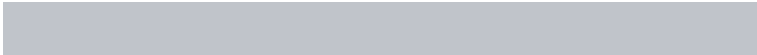


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

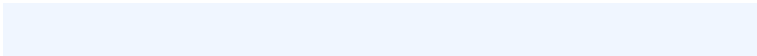


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.1404, 54.9529, 63.7368



86.7860, 91.4980, 107.6945



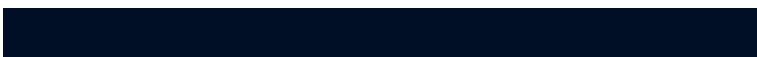
51.4610, 53.2800, 63.4497



11.4444, 12.0675, 14.2964



8.8290, 6.6820, 36.7807



0.5292, 0.4921, 1.9220



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.1718, 54.2424, 59.8947



88.9195, 90.0468, 99.7423



54.7680, 58.4883, 58.2728



11.7504, 11.8605, 13.1557



16.6674, 8.4775, 5.9671



0.8970, 0.4522, 0.5037



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

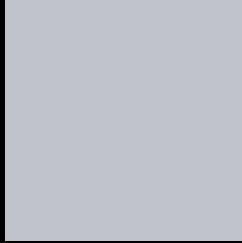
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

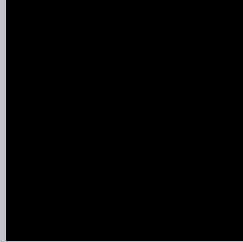
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

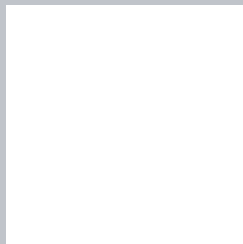
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356.



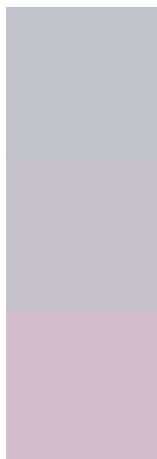
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.1388, 54.9506,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356

### Protanopia

52.8604, 54.6709, 63.0248

### Deuteranopia

56.0569, 54.9876, 64.1591



## Tritanopia

53.1403, 55.0208, 68.7921

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356

## Protanomaly

52.5634, 54.8494, 63.0749

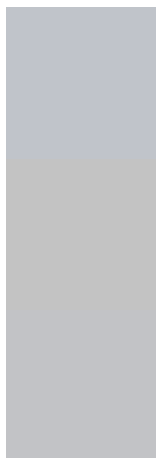
## Deuteranomaly

54.5310, 54.8484, 64.2126

## Tritanomaly

52.7699, 54.8727, 66.8417

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356

## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294

## Achromatomaly

51.9563, 54.5768, 61.2221

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 196, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 196, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 196, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 196, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 196, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 196, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 196, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 196, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 196, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 196,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.1388, 54.9506, 63.7356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 196, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
196, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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