

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.1424, 53.2158, 28.8219)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.1424, 53.2158, 28.8219)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(52.2042, 53.1347,  
28.9773)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEBC83
RGB	222, 188, 131
RGB Percent	87%, 74%, 51%
CMY	0.1294, 0.2627, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.41, 0.13
HSL	38°, 58%, 69%
HSV	38°, 41%, 87%
XYZ	52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773
YIQ	191.6680, 38.5610, -10.5190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

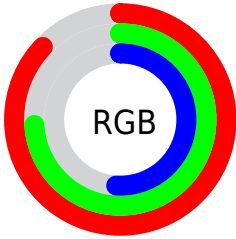
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	185, 222, 131
Decimal	14597251
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	77.95, 4.50, 33.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	78, 33.646, 82.319
Yxy	53.1347, 0.3887, 0.3956
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292787331 (0xFFDEBC83)
YUV	191.6680, -29.9093, 26.6012
Hunter-Lab	72.8936, 0.2727, 27.4560

# Details

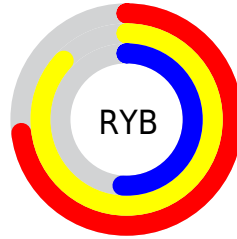
The XYZ color **52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **35.9997, 37.0084, 74.3533**, and the grayscale version is **50.0635, 52.6707, 57.3584**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.3476, 89.4641, 58.8271**, and **25.6662, 25.9214, 11.4351** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.1371, 49.1559, 21.3104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.6981, 57.4511, 38.3781**.

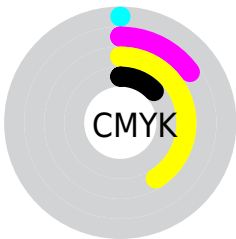
# Distribution



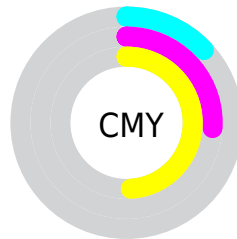
- Red (87%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 52.2042, 53.1347,  
28.9773

■ 52.2042, 53.1347,  
28.9773

385.5355,  
398.8017, 311.1654

■ 37.3928, 37.9103,  
18.8182

■ 92.6048, 94.8025,  
59.0828

■ 25.6868, 25.9131,  
11.3635

■ 118.9246,  
122.0148, 79.8662

■ 16.7209, 16.7586,  
6.1947

■ 149.8114,  
153.9918, 105.0283

■ 10.1298, 10.0626,  
2.8931

185.6303,  
191.1179, 134.9874

■ 5.5480, 5.4405,  
1.0403

226.7469,  
233.7776, 170.1621

■ 2.6103, 2.5079,  
0.0000

273.5263,

■ 0.9512, 0.8806,

282.3552, 210.9710

0.0000

326.3341,  
337.2351, 257.8326

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.2042, 53.1347,  
28.9773

■ 52.2042, 53.1347,  
28.9773

■ 49.1371, 49.1559,  
21.3104

■ 55.6981, 57.4511,  
38.3781

■ 46.4705, 45.4956,  
15.2640

■ 59.6356, 62.1084,  
49.6097

■ 44.1806, 42.1434,  
10.7166


■ 64.0369, 67.1195,  
62.7659


■ 42.2392, 39.0851,  
7.5274


■ 68.9200, 72.4939,  
77.9330


■ 40.6127, 36.3044,  
5.5288

■ 74.3017, 78.2409,  
95.1918

 39.3665, 34.0142,  
4.4906

 78.6806, 83.7623,  
106.6286

 81.1480, 88.6971,  
107.4510

 83.7280, 93.8571,  
108.3110

 83.9342, 94.2696,  
108.3798

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.5948, 53.1347, 33.7566



52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773



45.8719, 53.1347, 30.5026

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773



39.7303, 53.1347, 72.6534



61.1346, 53.1347, 82.8074

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773



35.9997, 37.0084, 74.3533

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.4357, 53.1347, 98.0228



52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773



43.1926, 53.1347, 91.3328

# Square

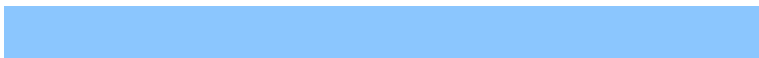
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773



39.0271, 53.1347, 53.1686



48.8390, 53.1347, 101.4402



64.0331, 53.1347, 62.8082



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773



42.4934, 53.1347, 35.0829



48.8390, 53.1347, 101.4402



59.4606, 53.1347, 88.8141

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.2055, 53.1372, 28.9784



86.9699, 91.1056, 83.8071



45.1131, 34.5117, 40.3046



18.4394, 19.3026, 17.4060



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.2055, 53.1372, 28.9784



67.9071, 68.1419, 30.7103



57.1922, 67.7870, 31.5433



14.4190, 15.1240, 14.4660



23.4929, 20.4236, 2.7039



1.7134, 1.5858, 0.2158

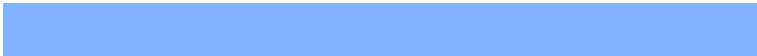


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.9997, 37.0084, 74.3533



42.9321, 43.3067, 100.7040



32.3913, 27.2241, 72.6549



13.3694, 14.0780, 17.4004



9.7640, 6.9976, 41.8844



0.7608, 0.6530, 2.9312



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

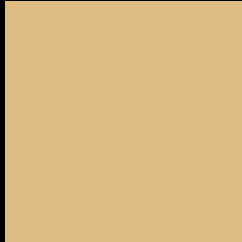
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.2042, 53.1347,

28.9773.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773

### Protanopia

49.5981, 53.3887, 29.8812

### Deuteranopia

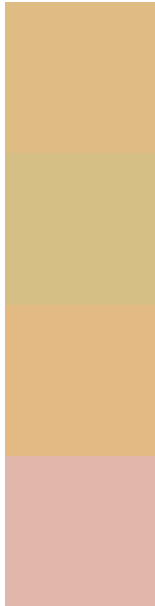
54.4688, 53.3528, 29.2571



## Tritanopia

58.0538, 53.0315, 58.2153

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773

## Protanomaly

50.5272, 53.2237, 29.4399

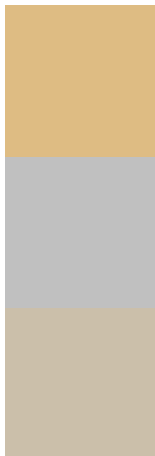
## Deuteranomaly

53.7187, 53.2777, 29.2821

## Tritanomaly

55.6482, 52.9760, 45.8205

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773

## Achromatopsia

50.1023, 52.7115, 57.4028

## Achromatomaly

50.5151, 52.8604, 45.5709

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 188, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 188, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 188, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 188, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 188, 131) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 188, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 188, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 188, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 188, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 188,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.2042, 53.1347, 28.9773 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 188, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
188, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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