

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.3375, 45.2830, 26.6976)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.3375, 45.2830, 26.6976)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.1299, 45.0773,  
26.7221)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EFA081
RGB	239, 160, 129
RGB Percent	94%, 63%, 51%
CMY	0.0627, 0.3725, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.46, 0.06
HSL	17°, 77%, 72%
HSV	17°, 46%, 94%
XYZ	52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221
YIQ	180.0870, 57.0350, 7.1070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

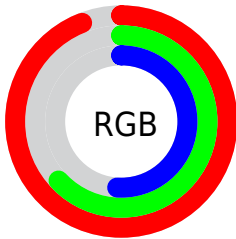
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	239, 172, 129
Decimal	15704193
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	72.94, 25.91, 28.13
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	73, 38.242, 47.359
Yxy	45.0773, 0.4206, 0.3637
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293894273 (0xFFEFA081)
YUV	180.0870, -25.1859, 51.6667
Hunter-Lab	67.1396, 21.1002, 23.3999

# Details

The XYZ color **52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **47.1881, 56.0086, 89.9850**, and the grayscale version is **43.5397, 45.8072, 49.8840**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.9839, 73.2383, 54.4930**, and **25.5962, 20.9929, 10.1001** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.9505, 38.9705, 18.3867**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.0939, 52.1587, 37.1528**.

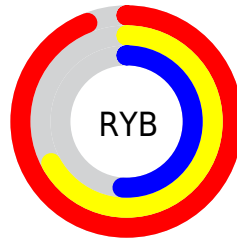
# Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (63%)

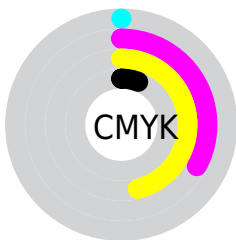
Blue (51%)



Red (94%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (51%)

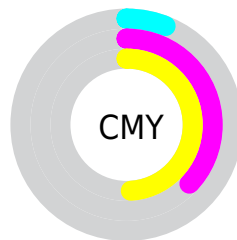


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (37%)


Yellow (49%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52.1299, 45.0773,  
26.7221


 52.1299, 45.0773,  
26.7221


385.2536,  
367.0865, 300.0265

 37.3333, 31.5183,  
17.1340


 92.4959, 82.8364,  
55.4359

 25.6405, 20.9939,  
10.1671

 118.7960,  
107.8053, 75.3987

 16.6862, 13.1195,  
5.4029

 149.6613,  
137.3463, 99.6569

 10.1049, 7.5109,  
2.4227

185.4572,  
171.8438, 128.6289

 5.5314, 3.7836,  
0.7988

226.5490,  
211.6822, 162.7333

 2.6002, 1.5533,  
0.0000

273.3021,

 0.9461, 0.3258,

257.2458, 202.3887

0.0000

326.0819,  
308.9191, 248.0136

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.1299, 45.0773,  
26.7221

■ 52.1299, 45.0773,  
26.7221

■ 47.9505, 38.9705,  
18.3867

■ 57.0939, 52.1587,  
37.1528

■ 44.5093, 33.7877,  
12.0000

■ 62.8786, 60.2491,  
49.8064

■ 41.7598, 29.4835,  
7.4003

■ 69.5219, 69.3893,  
64.8036

■ 39.6481, 26.0054,  
4.3984

■ 77.0581, 79.6158,  
82.2554

■ 38.1101, 23.2944,  
2.7605

■ 85.5198, 90.9632,  
102.2656

■ 37.6256, 22.4087,  
2.3422

■ 89.4066, 97.0907,  
108.6359

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.2841, 45.0773, 38.9206



52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221



45.7121, 45.0773, 21.2633

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221



31.5122, 45.0773, 41.4766



46.7851, 45.0773, 93.1324

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221



47.1881, 56.0086, 89.9850

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.0997, 45.0773, 94.3369



52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221



31.7353, 45.0773, 60.8728

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221



34.0881, 45.0773, 28.1730



34.7331, 45.0773, 81.3514



52.9853, 45.0773, 78.3937



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221



41.2232, 45.0773, 20.9287



34.7331, 45.0773, 81.3514



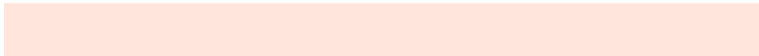
44.5080, 45.0773, 95.2480

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.1310, 45.0795, 26.7230



82.1855, 82.6298, 78.8426



55.0384, 38.6882, 65.3222



17.2064, 17.1614, 15.9936



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.1310, 45.0795, 26.7230



55.9223, 45.6964, 22.0172



63.4374, 67.6922, 30.4918



16.1355, 16.4842, 16.4811



20.8884, 12.5748, 1.3262



1.8190, 1.2087, 0.1374

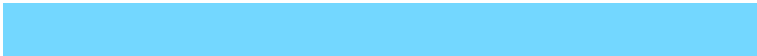


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.1881, 56.0086, 89.9850



49.5072, 59.6876, 103.5193



36.2996, 34.2315, 86.3555



15.8489, 17.1320, 20.1931



16.8407, 19.9056, 48.0824



1.4848, 1.8235, 4.0279



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

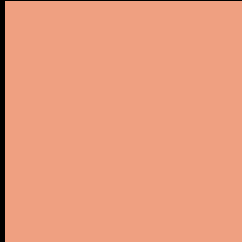
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

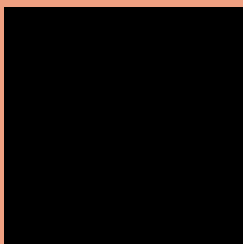
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.1299, 45.0773,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221

### Protanopia

42.3737, 45.2528, 30.1682

### Deuteranopia

46.0239, 45.1835, 26.3742



## Tritanopia

55.2222, 45.0731, 41.8658

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221

## Protanomaly

45.3501, 44.7816, 28.8078

## Deuteranomaly

48.0231, 45.0934, 26.5949

## Tritanomaly

54.0824, 45.1146, 35.9945

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221

## Achromatopsia

43.3819, 45.6411, 49.7032

## Achromatomaly

45.4640, 44.8779, 39.9843

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 160, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 160, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 160, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 160, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 160, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 160, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 160, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 160, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 160, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 160,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.1299, 45.0773, 26.7221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 160, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
160, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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