

# Converting Colors

XYZ(52.3599, 26.7343, 60.0904)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(52.3599, 26.7343, 60.0904)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(52.2206, 26.6767,  
60.1544)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FD26CD
RGB	253, 38, 205
RGB Percent	99%, 15%, 80%
CMY	0.0078, 0.8509, 0.1961
CMYK	0.00, 0.85, 0.19, 0.01
HSL	313°, 98%, 57%
HSV	313°, 85%, 99%
XYZ	52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544
YIQ	121.3230, 74.5330, 97.5170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

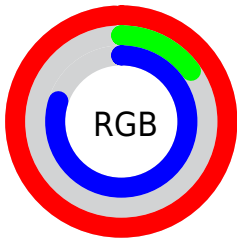
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	253, 38, 205
Decimal	16590541
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.67, 87.65, -35.36
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 94.511, 338.028
Yxy	26.6767, 0.3755, 0.1918
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294780621 (0xFFFD26CD)
YUV	121.3230, 41.2528, 115.4807
Hunter-Lab	51.6495, 90.0871, -32.8984

# Details

The XYZ color **52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **37.6061, 71.3357, 20.5955**, and the grayscale version is **18.1356, 19.0801, 20.7782**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.1951, 40.2903, 98.9484**, and **26.9909, 13.2784, 29.9946** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.9983, 25.3034, 56.4432**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.0175, 29.1589, 64.1790**.

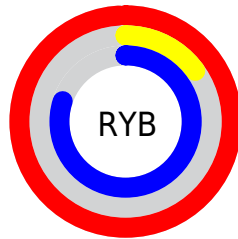
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (15%)

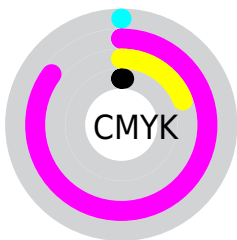
Blue (80%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (80%)

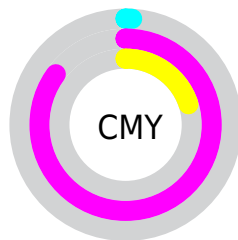


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (85%)


Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 52.2206, 26.6767,  
60.1544


 52.2206, 26.6767,  
60.1544

385.5976,  
286.0883, 442.9871

 37.4059, 17.3306,  
43.1170


 92.6288, 54.3646,  
106.5992


 25.6970, 10.4705,  
29.6448

 118.9530, 73.4752,  
136.8436


 16.7286, 5.7120,  
19.3194


 149.8445, 96.6094,  
172.3275

 10.1353, 2.6707,  
11.7222

 185.6685,  
124.1516, 213.4693

 5.5517, 0.9624,  
6.4345

 226.7905,  
156.4862, 260.6876

 2.6125, 0.0000,  
3.0380

273.5758,

 0.9523, 0.0000,

193.9976, 314.4010

1.1141

326.3897,  
237.0702, 375.0280

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.2206, 26.6767,  
60.1544

■ 52.2206, 26.6767,  
60.1544

■ 50.9983, 25.3034,  
56.4432

■ 54.0175, 29.1589,  
64.1790

■ 50.5304, 24.8916,  
54.6716

■ 56.4824, 32.9378,  
68.5488

■ 59.6943, 38.1705,  
73.2916

■ 63.7204, 44.9909,  
78.4309

■ 68.6201, 53.5175,  
83.9877

74.4472, 63.8577,  
89.9812

81.2511, 76.1097,  
96.4290

89.0777, 90.3650,  
103.3476

94.3183, 99.6228,  
108.8658

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.7541, 26.6767, 114.1843



52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544



54.5253, 26.6767, 20.9973

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544



22.3622, 26.6767, 0.5298



11.5173, 26.6767, 88.9601

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544



37.6061, 71.3357, 20.5955

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.0462, 26.6767, 38.9273



52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544



13.9347, 26.6767, 2.1792

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544



34.6638, 26.6767, 0.9449



9.7706, 26.6767, 11.0849



17.8832, 26.6767, 137.9135



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544



50.6227, 26.6767, 8.1644



9.7706, 26.6767, 11.0849



10.3083, 26.6767, 70.6655

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.2215, 26.6781, 60.1549



75.7676, 64.9676, 91.5826



22.1335, 10.3920, 93.7684



15.7476, 13.0679, 19.1324



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.2215, 26.6781, 60.1549



51.4405, 25.3402, 55.6449



43.4509, 23.1698, 13.9692



18.6089, 18.2269, 21.8234



26.9376, 13.2643, 29.3855



2.6635, 1.3078, 3.0752



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.2215, 26.6781, 60.1549



51.4405, 25.3402, 55.6449



45.4499, 74.4732, 61.9005



18.6089, 18.2269, 21.8234



26.9376, 13.2643, 29.3855



2.6635, 1.3078, 3.0752



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

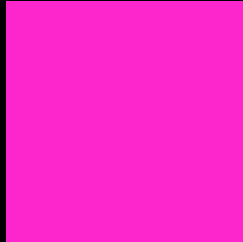
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

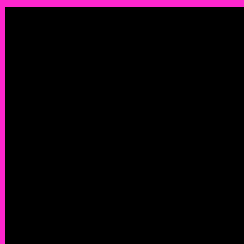
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 52.2206, 26.6767,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544

### Protanopia

30.7946, 27.2818, 98.2506

### Deuteranopia

27.6079, 27.0420, 54.2166



## Tritanopia

42.1783, 26.4656, 12.7829

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544



## Protanomaly

31.7145, 21.6369, 82.6256



## Deuteranomaly

31.9415, 22.5024, 55.4832



## Tritanomaly

44.6508, 25.6963, 24.4363

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544



## Achromatopsia

18.1737, 19.1202, 20.8219



## Achromatomaly

25.7708, 18.1842, 31.8574

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 38, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 38, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 38, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 38, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 38, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 38, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 38, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 38, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 38, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 38,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 52.2206, 26.6767, 60.1544 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 38, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253, 38,  
205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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